Etc., of Company. VTA. GA.

ANTED-Male. oy to do general office own handwriting, P. O. re good men to han-

cy work at home; 35 to no canvassing; send leedlework Co., Delray, Feb2 7t

WANTED-Male. or without partner, \$700 ying business in city at

German girl as chamber-ddress German Girl, this feb-6-3t

LIN has moved from 9. reet to rooms 717 and 718, feb 8-fri su. want to save money give ur plumbing work to do. ny tools and vise in o general repair work to running back to the Hunter street. Phone 521.

WANTED of Daniel Her-native of Lexington, Ky. rs. When last heard of Ga. Any information thankfully received by othy Dinneen, 207 South agton, Ky. Southern and please copy.

G and morphine habits, or \$10. "No cure, no pay." confidential. Acme Optum P. A. Stewart, Ph. G. anager, 207 Norcross build-feb-ft.

-Miscellaneour. LEASE—A blacksmith a street. Apply to W. A. as office Constitution.

with three to five thou-buy with me one of the commission businesses Craig, No. 4 South Broad feb-6-3t

EASANT ARRANGE rders for large pleasant room, excellent table. orth side, private family-ble, this paper.

D LARGE ROOM with TED-Handsomest home will give elegant front ard; references required.

D-\$7,000 for a good party loan. J. Henly Smith. FOR RENT.

RENT

odside, the Renting North Broad.

reet, West End., orsyth... unter.. .. ..

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1895.

## CONGRESS IS MAD.

VOL. XXVII.

cieveland's Message Is Taken as an Intentional and Malicious Insult.

HE SEADS A DEFIANCE AND CHALLENGE While the House Was Considering

His Bill He Made a Deal.

WALL STREET HAS HIM IN ITS GRIP

Administration Stands Alone, With-out a Majority in Either Branch of Congress.

Washington, February 8 .- (Special.)-President Cleveland sent a message of defance and distrust to congress today. In its own eyes and in the eyes of the country the adverse vote in the house yesterday on the administration gold bond bill was regarded as settling the gold bond question for this session. In defiance of this feeling, Cleveland hastens to challenge congress, which he distrusts, to another contest on

never sanction a gold bond measure, that while the former body was considering the question he had been engaged in private negotiations with New York goldbug banknegotiations with New York goldbug bank-ers for the sale of 4 per cent coin bonds. He had succeeded in selling \$50,000,000 of bonds at a slight premium and would receive \$5,000,000 in gold, half of which is to be shipped back from Europe to the treasury from which it was taken for this very pur-pose. Cleveland goes on to tell congress with the ponderous sagacity that marks all his mancial measures, that he has induced these generous, self-sacrifloing, cent per cent Wall street sharks to agree to allow the government to replace the 4 per cent bonds with 3 per cent gold bonds.

Amazement and Indignation.

qual parts of confession, appeal and defiance, was listened to in the house with eve it was sent in for the purpose of blame attaches to them from the pres ent to congress. There is in the house, ac sainst Cleveland. One of Mr. Cleveland's site difficulties during this congress has been his utter inabilities. his utter inability or refusal to recogthe fact that others beside himse tion at this session. Had he looked the enacted into law with congress consti-

and means committee, thus enabling Mr. Wilson, the floor leader of the democrats, to try his hand as a financial Moses. This the ways and means committee having jubers of the house were usually couche explosive language not intended for pubion, and which, if uttered on the floor, be decidedly unparliamentary. In he senate but few would say anything at all. The only really significant outgiving tas by Mr. Teller. He declared emphatically, and he possesses great power of emthe silver men would not be moved by

one thing that has struck close obers with the most force is the intimation in the message that the bonds were neted privately and on the terms named by the bankers who have agreed to take em. When the matter first came under eration Mr. Cleveland took ouns that bids for the bonds should be sed for, and when the Morgan-Belmont syndicate refused to bid Mr. Cleveland is understood to have said very cidedly that the New York bankers could before he would bother go plumb to hades before he would bother with them again; that the United States hat winter resort. But ne soon came down off that high horse and humbly did the biding of his Wall street masters. The briedy, ravenous money changers of that locality have no more faithful ally, no more devoted friend than Grover Cleveland. This dispels whatever of doubt lingered in any man's mind on that point. All the same he can't get congressional authority for gold bonds either now or hereafter. then he has the fifty-fourth congress on his hands he will have a senate with twelve to fifteen majority in favor of free and united coinage of silver, so that, no matter

how the house stands, there will be no gold

he stone to be used in the Kansas public building are in favor of the fla Stone Mountain Company, but the fla Stone Mountain Company, but the carilsie acts. If he approves that it. He is expected to take the matup tomorrow.

E. W. B.

CLEVELAND TO CONGRESS.

President Announces That He Has Made a Private Deal.

gress, calling attention to our financial condition and suggesting legislation which I deemed essential to our national welfare and credit the anxiety and apprehension then existing in business circles have con tinued. As a precaution, therefore, against the failure of timely legislative aid, through congressional action, cautious preparations have been pending to employ to the best possible advantage, in default of better means, such executive authority as may, without additional legislation be exercised for the purpose of reinforcing and maintaining in our treasury an adequate and safe gold reserve. In the judgment of those especially charged with this responsibility, the business situation is so critical and the legislative situation is so unpromising, with the omision thus far on the part of the congress to beneficially enlarge the powers of the secretary of the treasury in the premises, as to enjoin immediate executive action of the facilities now at hand, The Deal Made.
"Therefore, in pursuance of section 3700

Since my recent communication to the con-

of the Revised Statutes, the details of an arrangement have this day been con with parties abundantly able to fulfill their undertaking, whereby bonds of the United States, authorized under the act of July 14, 1875, payable in coin, thirty years after their date with interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum to the amount of little less than \$62,400,000, are to be issued for the purchase of gold coin amounting to a sum slightly in excess of \$55,000,000, to be deliver-ed to the treasury of the United States, which sum, added to the gold now in our reserve, will so restore such reserve as to make it amount to something more than \$100,000,000. Such premium is to be allowed to the government upon the bonds as to fix the rate of interest upon the amount of gold realized at the rate of 3% per cent per annum. At least one-half of the gold to be obtained is to be supplied from abroad, which is a very important and favorable feature of the transaction. The privilege is especially reserved to the government to substitute at par within ten days from this date, in lieu of the 4 per cent coin bonds, other bonds in terms payable in gold and bearing only 3 per cent of the issue of the same should, in the meantime, be author-

Coin or Gold. "The arrangements thus completed which, after careful inquiry appears in present cirumstances, and considering all the objects desired, to be the best attainable, develops such a difference in the estimation of inves-tors between bonds made and payable in coin and those specifically made payable in gold in favor of the latter as is represented by three-fourths of a cent in annual interest. In the agreement just concluded the annual saving to the government of 3 per cent gold bonds should be substituted for 4 per cent coin bonds under the privilege re-served, would be \$539,159, amounting in thiry years, or at maturity of the coin bonds, o \$16,174,770.
"Of course, there never should be a doubt

in any quarter as to redemption in gold of the bonds of the government which are made payable in coin. Therefore the dis-crimination in the judgment of Investors between our bond obligations payable in coin and those especially made payable in gold, is very significant. It is hardly neces-sary to suggest that whatever may be our views on the subject the sentiments or preferences of those with whom we must egotiate in disposing of our bonds for gold, are not subject to our dictation.

"I have only to add that in my opinion the transaction here intimated for the information of congress promises better re-sults than the efforts previously made in the direction of effectively adding to our gold reserve through the sale of bonds; and believe it will tend as far as such action can in present circumstances, to meet the determination expressed in the law repeal-ing the silver purchase clause of the act of July 14, 1890, and that in the language of such repealing act the arrangement made will aid our efforts to secure a maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts.

"GROVER CLEVELAND.
"Executive Mansion, February 8, 1895."

AGAIN THE SOUTHERN WINS. Gets the Alien Stockholders'

Through the Legislature. Montgomery, Ala., February 8 .- (Special.) The bill seeking to require the stockholders of foreign corporations owning stock in Alabama railroads to hold their meetings in this state passed the house today with the two senate amendments. It now only awaits the governor's signature to become a law. No measure that has been before the Alabama legislature for years has attracted as much widespread interest as has the Alabama Great Southern railroad, running from Chattanooga, Tenn., to Meridian, Miss, from the control of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and into the hands of the Southern system.

Some great lobbying has been done. The bill passed the senate before the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton people caught on. They went diligently to work, but a twin bill passed the house, the populists and more than half of the democrats voting for it. When the house bill went to the senate that hely although it had passed an ate that body, although it had passed an identical bill a few days before, put on a significant amendment. The bill then went to the house for concurrence in the amendment and by a masterly effort on the part of the opposition and a combination with the populists, the bill and amendments were tabled last Saturday. Since then both sides have been hard at work. Both rail-road systems have had a horde of lobbyists here. It was known that the populists would vote almostwas a unit and their vote would decide. Their leaders have all been here and the most active wire working has been going on all along the line. Commit-tees from the commercial organizations of Cincinnati, Louisville, Birmingham, Chat-

tanooga and other cities have been here looking after the measure. Today Mr. Davis, of Marion, called up the bill and moved that the senate amendments be concurred in. After some wrangling a vote was taken which resulted—ayes, 47; nays, 37. A motion to reconsider the vote was laid on the table and the bill was entirely beyond the reach of both houses. The fight will now be renewed before the governor.

governor.

An attempt was made in the house today to reconsider the vote by which the bill An attempt, was made in the house today to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed prohibiting the sale of liquor everywhere in the state excepting in incorporated towns, but the effort was fruitless. It is believed now that the measure will pass the senate. The senate passed the bill creating the thirteenth judicial circuit, composed of the counties of Mobile, Washington and Baldwin, this afternoon and Governor Cates will probably sup it townerow. ernor Oates will probably sign it tomorrow

Suing Her Husband's Slayer. Chattanooga, Tenn., February 8.—(Special.) The suit of Mrs. J. B. Wert against Bank-Henson for \$50,000 damages, was taken

up for trial in the circuit court yesteric; afternoon and was continued today. Mrs. Wert sues for the killing of her husband, J. B. Wert, by Henson. Failure at Winston.

AN IRON CLAD DEAL Rothschilds and Morgan & Co. Agree to

Take All the Bonds. NO POPULAR LOAN ABOUT THIS

Washington, February 8 .- Unless congress terent, running thirty years, or otherwise relieves the treasury in the replenishment Arrangements whereby this can be done and \$65,000,000 in gold be received for the bonds have been perfected, and the contin gent contract was signed today. This offi-cial memorandum of the transaction was made public at the treasury today. It is as follows:

"The contract was made with August Belmont & Co., of New York, on behalf of Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons, of Lon-don, and J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, on behalf of J. S. Morgan & Co., of London, and themselves, and provides for the delivery to the United States of 3,500,000 ounces of standard gold coin of the United States to be paid for in United States 4 per cent bonds.

per cent bonds.
"A large number of other banks and financial institutions are interested in the transaction, but their names are not mentioned in the contract itself. The department does not know in what proportion the various parties are to furnish the gold coin or receive the bonds, as this is a matter for

day by Attorney General Olney and Secretary Carlisle, and submitted to J. Lynde

o'clock drawing up the contract and when it was finished they joined the cabinet which had assembled at 11 o'clock. The contract met the approval of the president and his advisers and the memoran tial details of the contract."

together at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

One on Bonds-The Other a Protest Washington, Febuary 8 .- The house lay entered upon the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill for the year ending June 3 1896, but made little progress. An amend ment to the paragraph providing for the payment of clerks to members, offered by Mr. Bartlett, of New York, and to make them annual instead of session employes led to an animated debate upon the econ

adopion of Mr. Bartlett's proposition a quorum did not vote. All efforts to secure a quorum proved futile, and finally they were abandoned and the further considera-

of this government against the execution of the court martial sentences upon ci zens of the United States who engaged in recent revolt in Hawaii, were re ceived and referred, the former to the committee on ways and means, the latter to the committee on foreign relations. Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, endeavored to secure a reference of the Hawaiian correspondence to the committee of the whole on the state of the union, but the speaker held that a motion to that effect would

not be in order.

A senate bill was passed appropriating \$10,000 for the relief of the poor of the District of Columbia; also fourteen private The usual Friday night session for the

con ideration of private pension bills was

Tw very important communications from that as a precaution against its failure to that as a precation against handre give legislative aid to the treasury, arrangements had been made for a 4 per cent "coin" bond, to run thirty years, at a premium which would make the actual interest 3% per cent, but coupled with the condition that if a 3 per cent "gold" bond the congress within ten were authorized by congress within ter days, they would be substituted for the days, they would be substituted for the 4 per cent bonds, thus saving \$39,159 in actual interest and saving \$16,174,770 in interest for the full term of thirty years. Without any comment, but with an apparent sense of the importance of the president's representations, the message was referred to the committee on finance.

The other message of the president attented equal attention and gave rise to

tracted equal attention and gave rise to considerable discussion, after which it was referred to the committee on foreign relations. It had reference to the death sentence imposed on the persons convictor engaging in a revolutionary movem in Hawaii. The general tone of the ate indicated the depth of feeling which bate indicated the depth of feeling which existed against such a sanguinary measure, the only expression to the contrary coming from Mr. Morgan, of Alabams, who said that he had no advice to the Wawailan government, but that if it yielded to the remonstrances of any other govern-ment in such a matter, it might as well turn over its power again to Queen Liliuo-

The diplomatic appropriation bill, with the amendment as to the telegraph cable to Hawaii, went over without action and is to be voted on at 2 o'clock p. m. to-

Morrow.

At 5:45 o'clock p. m the senate adjourned. BAD EFFECT ON TRADE.

they have tended to stimulate purchass of

asonable goods.
"General trade at larger eastern centers

vannah the situation is unchanged, with

obbers cautious as to opening accounts.

A fair volume of business is doing at New Drieans, but collections are poor, because

of non-payment of sugar bounties. In mportant changes are reported from Men

phis Richmond Charleston or Galveston.

phis, Richmond, Charleston or Galveston.
"The damage by the Florida freeze was
exaggerated. A large portion of the orange
crop had already been marketed. The late
crop and that held for higher prices was
caught and destroyed. Some young trees

were hurt, but old groves were practical

minjured. Heavy losses fell on large grow

ers. A good but small crop is expected this year. Results of Florida naval stores and

phosphate industries, truck and berry farm ing are said to have been fairly satisfac

IN THE NORTHWEST.

Weather Moderating but It Is Severe-

ly Cold.

eral improvement in the weather condi-tions throughout the northwestern states

oday, Chicago this morning being colde

than the other suffering cities nearer the north pole. At 6 o'clock the official tem-perature was 16 degrees below zero, the

coldest here for several years. The ther

mometer, however, had a steady upward tendency during the day, and tonight the record is 3 below, with indications of a continuance at that figure for several days.

The rise in temperature improved the rail

road and mail situation at nearly all

points north and west of Chicago. The storm passed to the east and trains from that direction are now the victims. Some of them are nearly half a day late. Fif-

teen day trains from the east did not arrive until all hours tonight.

Reports from Wipconsin, Iowa, New Mexico, Nebraska and Colorado points

show a pleasant improvement in the weath-er, the high wind, snow and zero weather

STORM SWEPT.

Nova Scotla Station Wiped from

the Earth. Halifax, N. S. February 8.—The following eccived by mail at Englishtown, C. B.,

rom the station agent at South Engonish

buried in rocks from ferry to bankers, half a mile distant; poles broken and have dis-appeared; twenty-two houses and shops washed off the beach; nothing saved. At

Midland all fish stores were—swept—away. At New Haven fish stores and dry goods stores are all gone. The above is the result of Tuesday's storm."

LOST ON THE LAKE.

"Telegraph wires all down; wire

having ceased to afflict the people,

Chicago, February 8 .- There was a

Cold Weather Restricts Order-Reviews of the Week's Business. New York, February 8.-Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"Extremely low temperature, snow and high winds have visited the greater portion CONTRACT SIGNED AND SEALED of the country this week and exercised a marked influence by restricting orders re-

Lynde Stetson, Cleveland's Old Law Partner, Is Counsel for the Syndi-cate Which Gets the Whole Issue.

lies in their power, to exert their financial nfluence and make all legitimate efforts to protect the treasury against withdrawals of gold pending the complete performance of the contract. No bonds are to be deliver-ed except in payment for gold actually de-livered. In view of the possible failure of egislation in congress, negotiations have been pending for some time here and abroad and the terms of this contract are the best that could be procured with a coin bond. "The contract was drawn up during the

Stetson, counsel for the bankers, formerly Mr. Cleveland's law partner; Mr. J. Pierre-pont Morgan, the New York financier, ar-rived here early this morning and had a conference with Secretary Carlisle at the treasury at 10 o'clock when all unfinished details were perfected. Mr. Belmont, it is understood, started for Washington this morning but was snow bound en route.

"Messrs. Carlisle and Olney remained at

sequently made public, contains the essen

ess today. The gold reserve remains at \$41,000,000 in round numbers.

Representative Wilson, of West Virginia, the chairman of the ways and means committee to whom the president's bond mes sage was referred, will call the committee

Search for Three Men Proves Unsuccessful.

Milwaukee, Wis., February 8 .- Three men, employes of Inlake tunnel, were lost on Lake Michigan last night. The fireboat Fofortunates several hours, returned without having seen any trace of them, and there is scant hope that any of the men managed to reach a point of safety. The names of the men are Gus Stayner, Chicago; Tor Anderson, Milwaukee; John Brown, Port Huron, Mich. Although the fire boat cruis-ed about for a distance of twelve miles not a trace of the men was discovered, and there is not one chance in a thousand that they are living.

Mother and Child Fatally Burned. New Orleans, La., February 8.-Mrs. Ja-obs and her six-year-old child, Stella, were fatally burned this morning at their home on St. Thomas street. The child's dress was ignited by a grate fire, and the mother, in endeavoring to quench the flames, was The charred remains of Charles Sey-

mour, an aged stableman, were found this morning in the ruins of a fire that occur-red yesterday. He was not missed until the body was found. Boiled Alive.

LOST HER SUIT. Mrs. Hurst Jumped from a Window

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 8 .- (Spe The jury in the suit for damages of Mr. Rowena Hursh against D. B. Loveman returned a verdict this morning in favor of Mr. Loveman Mrs. Hurst was employed by Mr. Loveman in one of the departments of his store and was injured in the fire ges which was refused as stated. The court held that the tenant of any buildding is

Railways in Court.

plainant won the suit, its mortgage of \$350 900, holding good against the property of the defendant except as to one of the lines of the company. A decree was made which was not included in the first company's mortgage. The Thomson-Houston Com-pany's claim was not sustained. The sale

pany's claim was not sustained. In sale will occur within sixty days. Judge Clark, of the United States court, rendered a decision in the case of the Cen-tral Trust Company of New York against the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway. Judge Turton ordered the southern Railway Company to pay into the hands of Receivers Spencer \$175,000 for expenses stipulated in a former decree.

VICTORS ON WATER

with the Chinese Navy.

SINKING SHIPS IS MERE SPORT Four War Vessels Sunk in Two Night Attacks.

SHOTS WERE THROWN INTO CHU FOO

ceived by jobbers in all staple lines. But the Landing of Troops at Another Point-Admirals on the Run.

remain unchanged. Philadelphia reports continued free sales of dry goods. At Baltimore bills sent south and southwest have been paid more promptly than expected. "Among southern cities Chattanooga reports that the volume of trade there for London, February 8 .- A Shanghai dis January, in spite of the range of prices, is equal to that for 1894. In contrast is a decrease in all lines at Augusta, with commercial collections unsatisfactory. Business has fallen off at Atlanta, but at Santa and the statement of the statem rently with the object of showing what they could do.

Ting, through when efforts the ships wer

saved, has arrived there." A dispatch to Donds from Shanghal con firms the report that the Japanese have taken Liu-Kung-Tao and sunk the Chines

Firing on the Forts. Fco. Foreigners there were armed and the town gates were closed and barricaded eastern forts.

Torpedo Boats Sunk.

A dispatch to TheGlobe from Chee-Foo say: everal Japanese warships passed that place February 7th, pursuing two torpedo boats on board of which it is belived Admirals Ting and McLure are escaping from Wei-Hai-Wei. It is reported that the torpedo bosts were overtaken and sunk.

MEXICO BUYING GUNS.

United States for War Material. City of Mexico, February 8.-Despite many signs of peace Mexico continues her preparations for war, evidently distrusting Guatemala's professions. General Salamanca, chief artillery expert, left the city at the beginning of the week for Vera Cruz,

to test the new Krupp guns. On Tuesday the government telegraphed him to return at once. President Diaz's aide-de-camp met him at the station with orders to start the same night for the United States to purchase one million Rem ingon cattridges. The government has en-tered a contract for the purchase of one hundred maxim guns. It looks as if the government feared President Barrios's peaceful protestations were merely mean

and several large purchases of Mexican

SHIPS OVERDUE.

La Gascogne Out Five Days and the New York, February 8.—This morning the

French line steamer LaCascogne, from Havre, is five days overdue, and the White Star line Teutonic, from Liverpool and Queenstown, is two days overdue. No vessel has been reported by the Sandy Hook observer since last evening, when the Old Dominion, from Richmond, passed in Had the missing steamers approached the Had the missing steamers approached the coast during the night they would undoubtedly have anchored outside of sight and hearing, as is the custom in heavy snowstorms or foggy weather. At Sandy Hook the observer reports wind blowing off shore at the rate of fifty-eight miles per hour, and that the air is filled with snow, which makes it impossible to see any distance.

The life-saving stations report the cocclear from Sandy Hook to Long Bran. Telegraphic communication with the Fire island observatory is still interrupted, the only means of getting reports from that point being through the life-saving station s point being through the life-saving station is telephone, and these will be considerably delayed on account of the numerous relays necessary. Weather conditions at live island are the same as those of Sandy Hook, and it is doubtful if the observer will be able to sight anything unless it

ports having experienced very rough weather during the past four days. She saw nothing of the French steamer La Gascogne, overdue at New York.

Anxiety in Paris for the Steamer. Paris, February 8.-No news has been reeived, either in this city or Havre, regard ing the steamer La Gascogne, which is now more than five days overdue at New York, and the feeling and anxiety as to her safe-

Queenstown, February 8.—The British steamer Glenochil, Captain Harrison, from New Orleans, January 7, via Newport News, for London, arrived here today short of coal. She reports February 6th, 138 miles southwest of Kinsale, she spoke the British steamer Loch Marce, Captain Allison, from Charleston, January 15th, for Bremen, Loch Maree had run out of coal and had been obliged to burn all her available wood-work, including her spare booms and spars. She is still off the coast of Ireland proceed-

The Elbe's Passengers. London, February 8.—Fishing smacks brought two bodies to Lowestoft this morn-

A fishing smack, arriving at Lowestoft this morning, brought the Eibe's boat from which the survivors of that ship were rescued by the Widflower. A lug sail and rudder have been picked up at Clacton, which belonged to a boat which capsized while be

The Tentonic Safe: New York, February 9.—The tug R. J. Moran has just arrived at quarantine and reports that the overdue White Star liner Teutonic is anchored off the Sandy Hook lightship. The Teutonic was delayed by heavy weather. She saw nothing of the heavy weather. She saw nothing of the French liner LaGascogne during the voy

EVANS AND HIS CONTEST. Turney Has Five Days in Which to

Answer the Charges. Nashville, Tenn., February 8.—(Special.)— The attorneys for H. Clay Evans have about concluded their work on the answer which it is required that they shall file within five days to the petition of Covernor Turney. The first answers the charges of fraud set forth in Governor Turney's pe-tition. It is understood that these charges are set forth in a general way and that the counter charges of fraud in the counties objected to by Mr. Evans are thus set forth in extenso. The answer will not be filed with Speaker Pillow until next Mon

Governor Turney will have five days in which to file his answer to the counter charges. The present plan is to take a recess of forty days or more, beginning about next Thursday. The committee to investigate the charges will meet next Monday night for organization and will probably decide on the subdivision of the committee and the counties that each shall

investigate.

Representative King today introduced a resolution to stop all work on the new penitentiary until the legislature decides how large an appropriation is to be made. The commissioners were limited to \$600,000, but have made conditional contracts that would require an additional appropriation of \$600,000. The resolution was referred.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE. The Senate Recommends the Populist

Financial Plank to Congress. Raleigh, N. C., February 8.-(Special.)-Ir the legislature today a memorial was pre-sented from the western North Carolina Methodist conference asking that matters be so arranged with regard to higher ed-ucation by the state as to obviate the con-flict of work and interests of sectarian in-The most important new oills were to re-

lieve foreign corporations from taxation on industrial plants, to provide special treat-ment for the blind, with a view to restora-tion of sight, and for the treatment of the eyes of young children; also to take away from the governor the selection of state librarian and transfer it to the legislature The senate discussed at considerable length a resolution calling on North Caro-lina's senators and representatives in congress to vote for the free and unlimited colnage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Senator Mewborne, president of th State Farmers' Alliance, offered as a substitute for this the financial plank of the populist party, demanding an increase of the circulating medium to \$50 per capita, exclusive of the legal reserve. After more clusive of the legal reserve. After more debate the substitute was adopted, 26 to 15, and as thus amended the resolution was

Mrs. Lilly Devereux Blake, who is a native of this city, this afternoon addressed the legislature in favor of woman's suf-

FIRE AT ASHEVILLE.

Buildings Burned-Panic Among Hotel Guests. Asheville, N. C., February 8.—About mid-night fire broke out in the Alexander building, on Court square. The mercury was 4 degrees below zero and the yater supply was low. About twenty guests of the Western hotel, in the adjoining block, got out at the first alarm, saving nothing, and scurried to other hotels half-dressed. A fire, icy wind was blowing, but by desperate fighting the volunteer firemen and citizens kept the flames within the three buildings, though the business section of the town was threatened at one time, when the water was lowest. The two upper stories of the Johnston building, containing the Western hotel, were gutted, and John Rich, hardware, on the first floor, was badly damaged by fire and water. The adjoining block, belonging to Kelly F. Alexander, was gutted, nothing being left but the walls. ing, on Court square. The mercury was 4 was gutted, nothing being left but the walls. The Western Carolina bank building The Western Carolina bank building, on the north, also owned by Alexander, was flooded with water and the upper story of office rooms was burned entirely out. The fire gained foothold in the rear of the building gained toothold in the rear of the building facing on Patton avenue, but did not spread. Firemen fought the flames three hours before the fire yielded, the mercury all the time failing. Many citizens aided the firemen and many frost bitten ears and hands was the result.

A Courthouse Burned. Clarksville, Tenn., February 8.—During a trial in the circuit courtroom at the courthouse this morning the roof of the structure fell, causing a panic among the crowd in attendance at the trial. The building insatety, William Josiyn's leg was broken and a number of other persons sustained serious injuries. Judge (Wilson jumped from a window to the ground, a distance of thirty feet, and was slightly hurt. Owing to the intense cold weather the firemen had hard work fighting the flames. The loss is probably \$15,000.

Casby Won His Suit.

Casby Won His Suit.

Anniston, Ala, February 8.—(Special.)—Judge James W. Lapsley, of the Anniston city court, has rendered judgment in a case of more than usual interest. It was in the case of Sosby versus Maddox, in which the plaintiff sued to recover a fourth interest in a Choccolocco valley farm, claiming that he was the legitimatized heir of A. A. Cosby, who died eighteen years ago. Cosby based his claim on a statute which provides that when the reputed father of a child marries its mother after the birth of the cihld and recognizes it as his child it is thereby made legitimate, Half a dozen old gray-headed neighbors testified, some on one side and some on the other. The court decided in favor of the plaintiff.

Where He Should Be. Lafayette, Ala., February 8.—(Special.)—
Dr. Wyatt T. Hodges, formerly of Langdale, this county, was arrested in Columbus, Ga., yesterday and was brought here today and lodged in jail. He was practicing medicine at Langdale and ruined a young lady of a prominent family. The doctor is a young man. He was born and raised in this county and is a graduate of Mobile Medical college.

'A Poor Family's Good Fortune Anniston, Ala., February 8.—(Special.)— Mrs. Mol Dampman, an idiotic white widow woman, with several children, who lives near Piedmont, has come into who lives near Pledmont, has come into the possession of \$3,000, which was her de-ceased husband's share in an estate in Germany which belonged to his family. The citizens of Pledmont, knowing the poor woman was not able to take care of the money, had Probate Judge Crook to appoint Hon. W. J. Brock as her guar-dian. She and her children were objects of charity before the legacy came.

Anniston, Ala., February S.—(Special.)—
The Alabama State Mutual Assurance
Company has been organized here by the
election of John M. Caldwell, president;
Frank Nelson, Jr., vice President; E.
Locke, secretary and general manager; S.
D. Sawyer, treasurer, and a board of directors.

## WORST EVER KNOWN

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

New York Swept by a Blizzard Worse Than That of 1888.

BUSINESS ALMOST AT A STANDSTILL

Surface and "L" Cars Have a Hard Time Getting Along.

THE WHOLE COUNTRY FROZEN HARD

Palm Beach, Fla., the Only Point Where the Mercury Was Above Freezing Point-Ice in Galveston Bay.

New York, February 8.-The great snow storm that raged in this vicinity today was worse than that memorable blizzard of March 12-15, 1888, in three ways-in wind, temperature and area affected. Only in nowfall was the storm of 1888 greater than today's. The wind today averaged sixty miles an hour against fifty in the blizzard of 1888; the temperature today hovered about zero, while in 1888 it was 5 above; five and a half inches of snow fell today,

against two feet then. In the area of the storm, however, is the greatest difference noted. The blizzard today swept almost the entire country, instead of the mere radius of 400 miles

around New York then covered. The storm swept down on the city early last night and by this morning was in full possession. It did not settle down softly and quietly in nice, big flakes. On the contrary, it was driven along with blinding force by a furious northwest gale of bitter coldness, in minute particles that seemed to be covered with sharp points, like the end of a needle, and stung the faces of belated pedestrians as they toiled along through the drifts. It was so dry and light that it was night up in great and light that it was piled up in great heaps and ridges in every sheltered point, for wherever the gale had full play it swept the streets and sidewalks clean.

Under these conditions it was no wonder that this city was at sixes and sevens to day. Snow was drifted high in the streets traffic on surface and elevated lines was impeded, Annko and pipes were frozen, persons — from overcome by the cold and frost-bitten noses, cars and hands were

unning, and the elevated roads could not work as cell as usual. Outlying wards and neighboring Long island towns were completely cut off in many instances from communication with the outer world. There were large fields of ice in the bay and several which were another to the control of eral ships were caught in them. Other vessels were frozen fast at their docks.

The Narrows were gorged with lee, and it was impossible for any craft, big or little, to navigate there without taking big

Masses of Drifting Ice. Traffic on the different ferries was seriously impeded. Both the North and East rivers were filled with huge masses of drifting ice, and the utmost care had to be exercised in taking the boats across.

Late in the afternoon the Hamilton, South Wall street and Thirty-ninth street South Wall street and Thirty-ninth streetferries stopped running on account of the
ice. The only serious accident thus far
reported, and which was attended with
probable loss of life, occurred late last
night in the lower bay, where a fishing
schooner, the Emma, capsized. Four of
her crew took to a boat and attempted to
reach shore, but have not since been heard
rrom. Three others remained in the rigging four or five hours and then reached
shore, nearly frozen, in a small boat. shore, nearly frozen, in a small boat.

All of the railroads entering this city were practically tied up. A few trains got through, but they were mostly local. The through train service on the New York Central was resumed with the departure of the North Shore Limited at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, and every effort will be made to get the trains through to Chicago without delay. Local trains on the Hud-son River division are running regularly, and it is expected that tomorrow all through trains on this line will be running as usual.

All Mails Late.

All the mails due here today were delayed. Some are reported stalled along the routes. The mails from New England states due here at 6:42 o'clock this morning are reported stalled in Connecticut. The western mails from Washington and Maryand are also behind time. The trans-con-tinental mail due here at 8:35 a. m. from the trans-con-San Francisco is reported eight hours late. The mails from the north and Can-ada are scheduled as two hours late. The storm on Long Island was unusually

severe. Travel is blocked nearly every-where. Much suffering is reported. Re-ports from Rockaway Beach, Coney Is-land, Sag Harbor, East Hampton, Green-port, Northport, Freeport and many other points say the storm is the worst known points say the storm is the storm in many years. Fire island reports two schooners ashore near there—one at Point of Woods, the other at Lone Hill. The of Woods, the other at Lone Hill. The crew of the schooner ashore at the first named place were safely landed, but at last advices the crew of the other schooner had not yet been saved. They are lashed to the rigging and must suffer intensely. Far Rockaway also reports a seriousr railroad accident near that place. An engine on the Long Island railroad was derailed and overturned. and overturned. The fireman was killed outright. The engineer was caught under the wreck and badly scaled and held fast until he died. The temperature at the spot

was 6 degrees below. INTENSE COLD AT WASHINGTON. The Potomac Frozen from Shore to

Shore. Washington, February 8.-A day of in-tense cold and discomfort, heightened by driving gale, has been followed by a night quite as frigid and windy. The Poomac, from the Maryland to the Virginia shores, is for a considerable distance down the river a strong and compact field of ice.

Trains from all directions still fail to arrive on schedule time, and as a consequence all mails are delayed. The street railways are making their regular trips, but the conductors and drivers have, notwithstanding a generous bundling and pad-ding of garments, suffered as never before. The streets have been deserted by all except those who were absolutely forced to be in the open air, and the prospect for a temperature that will be more agreeable is yet some hours distant. A driving west-erly wind that "cuts like a razor" piles higher tonight the drifts of last night's storm and drives promptly to cover all who are not obliged to submit to its chilly

winter day in Washington. The first train from the south since yesterday rolled into the Pennsylvania depot at 10:40 o'clock to-night, and her passengers related a stormy

With cool effrontery he informs the house hich has just rejected and which would

Generous goldbugs! Confident Cleveland

amszement, which soon gave way to indig-nation. No one has the remotest idea that congress will pass a bill authorizing the issue of bonds payable by their terms in gold. It is believed that this fact has penetrated even Mr. Cleveland's mind. Therefore all loon on this message as a theatrical trick, rather than an honest act. They believe it was sent in for the purpose of more high rate bonds and to shift whatevhave views on public questions and that they can be quite as stubborn in adhering to and supporting them as he himself. It is this unfortunate mental characteristic that has prevented any financial legislastuation squarely in the face he would have seen that no bill such as he dictated to the perennially hopeful Springer, could

med as it is. Even had he forced his gold book bill through the house, it could not have been carried through the senate, while the republican silver senators might have accepted Reed's substitute, but they would not have gone a hair's breadth beread that proposition.

the rules, and has no special significance, risdiction of all matters pertaining simply to bonds. Reference to the message by

sident's appeal for gold bonds.

It was learned positively today that the eport of the commission and the award

Washington, February 8.—The president day sent the following message to con-Raleigh, N. C., February 8.—(Special.)— Jones, Cox & Co., tobacco manufacturers at Winston, have assigned with liabilities of at Winston, have assigned with liabilities of over \$20,000. The preferred debts aggregate \$15,000. "To the Congress of the United States:

Foreign Bankers Furnish the Gold and Take Our 4 Per Cents.

in ten days passes a law authorizing the issue of gold bonds bearing 3 per cent inof the gold reserve, Secretary Carlisle will, by direction of the president, sell 4 per cent bonds to the amount of \$62,400,000 for gold.

arrangement between themselves. "By the terms of the contract the parties are to bear all the expenses of bringing gold from abroad and they are, so far as it

the treasury department until nearly 1

TWO MESSAGES SENT IN.

omy and wisdom of giving members the ussistance of clerks.

Considerable bitterness was displayed, and various propositions were made to amend or to substitute Mr. Bartlett's me tion. These were all rejected, but upon the

ion of the bill postponed.

The messages from the president an ounced the sale of bonds and the protes

itted by unanimous consent. Morgan on the Hawaiian Message the president were presented to the senate today and were referred to their appropri-ate committees. The first notified congress Omaha, Neb., February 8.—Charles Forman was boiled alive by the explosion of a steam heater in his father's residence this

and Sued for Damages. that consumed the building on December 26th, three years ago, by leaping from a window on the fhird floor of the building to a ladder erected for the purpose of he escape. Mrs. Hurst has since been an invalid and sued Mr. Loveman for \$10,000 dama.

Knoxville, Tenn., February 8.—(Special.)— In the case of the Union Trust company of Philadelphia against the Knoxville Electric Street Railway Company, et al., the com-

Japanese Torpedo Boats Play Havoc

A Bombardment Begun Possibly to Cover

patch to the Central News Company says: "The Shanghai Mercury publishes a special ispatch, which says that on the night of February 4th Japanese cleared the torpedoes at the entrance to Wei-Hai-Wei harbor and their torpedo boats made a dash for the Chinese warship Ting-Yuen, which they succeeded in sinking. The next night the torpedo boats made another rush and sunk the Wei-Yuen, Yi-Yuen and Rao-Hua. There was great excitement in Chee-Foo upon learning that the forts on the island of Lin-Kung-Tao had been taken, Chee-Foo s in no danger as yet, but the place has been given a reminder of what may happen. When the Japanese fleet passed the city they fired a few shots at the forts, appa-

"The Japanese forces advancing towards Chee-Foo. Part of the Chinese fleet sailed from Wei-Hai-Wei has arrived at Chee-Foo. Telegrams from thet place say Admiral

warships Chen-Yuen and Ting-Yuen. A dispatch from Chee-Foo says the ship Ninghai commenced at noon on February 7th to bombard the western forts at Chee-The attack is regarded as a feint to cover the landing of additional Japanese troops, which landed last evening ten miles east of Chee-Fco and are now attacking the

General Salamanca Coming to the

to gain time. The general impression here is that war is not improbable, and the government is only taking precautions.

The hotels are full of American visitors and have been made recently.

should be dangerously near the shore. In this howling blizzard it would be difficult r the observer at Fire island to hear the histles of a passing steamer. No News of the Overdue Vessels. Halifax, N. S., February & The steamer Alpha arrived here this morning. She re-

ty is rapidly increasing.

Had to Burn the Woodwork.

. They are those of J. C. Dittrich and Kleinschmidt, saloon passengers on the

Secretary Smith Snowbound. A special from Alexandria says that Alexandria is completely cut off from the rest of the world today except by telegraph. All trains which arrived here from the south since last night over the Chesapeake and Ohio, Richmond and Danville and Seaboard Air-Line cannot get to Washington because of the drifts. Passengers are being taken care of here. All trains is suspended on the Manasas branch of the suspended on the Manasas branch of the Washington and Ohlo division of the Southern railway. Potomac river traffic is completely suspended. The river is frozen to the Maryland shore.

Secretary Hoke Smith is snowbound on an Atlantic Coast Line train at Alexandria.

At Southern Points. For the second time in the history of Galveston the bay froze over. The first time was in January, 1886, and since then the thermometer never fell so low as it did today, when it stood 15 degrees above zero, which was 1 point lower than yesterday. Millions of fish were frozen and the jetties and reefs along the water's edge are lined with them. Thousands of the fish were gathered up by the poor. The bay did not freeze as completely as in 1886. The thermometer at Montgomery reached

degrees above zero at 6 o'clock a. m. This is the lowest since January, 1886, when the mercury recorded 5 degrees above. Today has been sunny, but the cold has continued and the thermometer now registers 20 degrees. No report of injury to

human beings or stock in this section. Business has been practically suspended. The mercury at Knoxville registered 7 degrees below zero this morning, the lowest on record, with one exception, in twenty-five years. The mean temperature for the last twenty-four hours is 1 degree above, marking the coldest day since the weather bureau was established there in 1874. Several cases of frost bites are re-

ing reached 22-20 below zero. The river is full of heavy ice and navigation is stopped. All trains are on time. The unprecedented cold spell at Birming-

ham, Ala., continued almost unabated du ing the past twenty-four hours. At midnight last night the thermometer registered 11; at 1 a. m., 10; at 2 a. m. 8, and at 3:39 5½, the lowest recorded. At 8 a. m. today it stood at 8 and continued to rise until 3 p. m., when it reached 22¼, after which it began falling and at 9 p. m. registered 18½. The sky is clear and the wind light in the early hours, a light snow fell, but the wind scattered it. There are reports of fatalities today, but stock and the poor people have had a bitter experience. ing the past twenty-four hours. At midnight have bad a bitter experience.

At Charleston, S. C., the thermometer reached 12 degrees this morning, the lowest on record for February. Everything in the

way of vegetables is destroyed. Farmers around Savannah report that the English pea crop was the only large crop planted here and it was killed by the cold. Some potatoes were in the ground but being planted deep are rot damaged. Cabbage and a small lot of other vegetables which were were killed outright. As the large pro portion of the spring vegetable crop had not been planted the loss will not be serious. At Columbus, Ga., the thermometer regis-tered 11 above zero this morning. The weather has moderated some. No damage

done in this section.

Frost at Mobile was the severest on record save in January, 1886. The mercury dropped to 11.8 degress at daylight, this morning. The day was calm and sunshiny and very cold for this latitude. It moderated some by nightfall. There was no chance for truck to escape the effects of the severe freeze and farmers are much discouraged. In yes terday's blow the steamer, Pioneer, in the lower bay dragged until the cables parted and she lost two anchors. She went ashore on the beach at Fort Morgan, but she was later pulled off by the tug Nimrod and towed to a safe anchorage. Ice formed on the shores of the bay extending out fifty

Today has been the coldest day ever mown in Columbia, S. C., the mean tempera-ture for the twenty-four hours being only 14 degrees, far below any previous record. The thermometer is now 16 degrees, one lower than at the same time last night. Trains from the north are about nine hours behind schedule time. Business has been practically suspended all day hereabouts,

Business at Charlotte, N. C., has been hung up since yesterday afternoon when the ground was covered with snow and ice. The mercury this morning was I degree above zero. At midnight it was 9 above, 4 higher than at the same hour last night.

Palm Beach the Only Place Where It Did Not Freeze.

Jacksonville, Fla., February 8 .- (Special.) The only place on the main land of the United States where the mercury was above freezing point at sun rise today was Palm Beach, on Lake Worth. There it was 25 degrees above zero. At Key West it was 64 degrees, but that city is nearly two hundred miles from the main land. Tampa showed a temperature of 22 degrees above icled an unprecedented event:

"Snow is falling steadily and has been ever since daylight. The ground is partly covered in places and drifts are to be seen nearly one inch thick against walls and ever since daylight. obstructions. The snow fell until 9:30 o'clock when the sun shown out clear and melted what had fallen."

In this city the temperature fell to 14 above zero, the same as recorded during the freeze of December last.
"It will go lower tonight," said Sergeant

source alone, and the inconvenience much greater, for all the plumbers in the city are out on a strike. Nine men out of every ten agree that the trees are ruined beyond hope and that the vegetable and strauberry crops are a total loss. The aggregate loss is variously estimated from five to ten milion dollars. The only man who takes a in the idea that the orange trees are gone by the board. I know that in some localithey had begun to put out buds and

Old Time Methods

of treating Colds and Coughs were based on the idea of suppression. We now know that "feeding a cold" is good doctrine.

**Scott's Emulsion** 

of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites, a rich fat-food, cures the most stubborn cough when ordinary medicines have failed. Pleasant to take; easy to digest.

growth, but these are by no means general. At Tampa the trees were putting out when I was there, but in most places they are dormant, and you will find when the scare has blown itself away that there was too little sap in the trees to make the freeze fatal."

HARD ON WILD ANIMALS. Panthers and Bears Come Out of the Mountains.

Mountains.

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 8.—(Special.)—This morning, by weather bureau reading, the thermometer registered 2 degrees below zero. This is the coldest February day ever known in Chattanooga and the coldest day of any month since January 1886, when the mercury dropped to 7 below. Poor people suffered sever-ly last night for want of sufficient fuel and clothing. Three hundred calls for aid were made upon the

associated charities today. Business is seriously affected as no one goes out unless compelled to. While the cold wave has meant a loss in many ways it will mean thousands of dollars to the fruit growers of this section. It is claimed that the budding leaves and blossoms have been set back so far that a successful fruit crop is certain. In the East Tennessee mountains, wild animals from cold and hunger are making the nights hideous for isolated settlers. Henry Williams, a farmer living near Walden's ridge, killed some hogs Thursday and hung the bodies in the smoke-house. At midnight he was awakened by unearthly howls and on looking out saw by the pale rays of the winter moon a pack of panthers surrounding the smokehouse, accompanied by a big black bear, all drawn to the place by the smell of the blood. When several of the animals were shot the rest skulked away.

hundred calls for aid were made upon the

#### CHARLESTON FROZEN HARD.

The Mercury Goes Down to 8 Which Is Severe There.

Charleston, S. C., February 8.—(Special.) The freeze in and around this city is the most severe that has ever been known. At 8 o'clock this morning the mercury in exposed places indicated 8 degrees and in the suburbs and among the truck farms it went as low as 5 above zero. The freeze was accompanied by a fierce northwest gale, which still continues and which makes life hardly worth living in doors. The houses in this city not being built for such freezing weather, afford the inmates comparatively little shelter, and the distress, especially among the poor, is very great. At no time during the day has the mercury gone above 22 degrees, and the indications are that a still lower point will be reached tomorrow morning. Absolutely everything in the shape of vegetables is killed on the truck farms and in the city gardens. This city, noted for the profusion of its flowers, will be absolutely without spring flowers this year."

Oystermen at Brunswick Are Over-

come by the Bitter Weather. Brunswick, Ga., February 8 .- (Special.)-The blizzard struck Brunswick yesterday afternoon and has not abated any today The cold and wind being felt is worse than in the December freeze. Only two deaths have been reported as being caused directly by it up to the present writing. They were two negro oystermen, who were in an oper boat and failed to reach town. There were four men in two boats, when the blow first started and only two reached the docks, the others giving out in mid stream, being unable to pull farther.

Huntsville, Ala., February 8.—(Special.)— This has been the coldest day feit here for a long time. The mercury began with zero at daylight, marked up to 20 at 2 o'clock, and at 10 o'clock is back to 8 above Robert McClure, machinist at the Hunts-ville oil mills, while repairing a boiler this morning was badly frozen. Dr. Lewis reports him in a distressing condition, but

thinks the frozen limbs may be saved. Hephzibah, Ga., Feoruary 8.—(Special.)his is the coldest weather known here in ten years. The ice is two inches thick. The mercury registered at 8 degrees at 7 o'clock

mercury registers.

this morning.

Knoxville, Tenn., February 8.—(Special.)

The Southern railway vestibuled train, No.
5, west-bound, is delayed for eight hours
beyond Roanoke. The cause is not known, but, no doubt, it is snow-bound. The train was made up at Bristol. The Southern is experiencing considerable trouble in operating trains on account of the water tanks freezang. The tnermometer was 7 degrees below zero here this morning at 6 o'cicek. Cheraw, S. C., February 8.—(Special.)— Snow commenced falling here yesterday afternoon and continued until after dark, when the wind began blowing at a fearful rate. This morning the thermometer registered 5 above zero, with the probabi

Beaver Falls, Pa., February 8.-Christian Staub, for twenty years an employe of Hall, Spear & Co., plow manufacturers, was found dead on the floor of his room this morning. He had evidently fallen out of bed during the night and was frozen to death. He was in well-to-do circum;

Anniston, Ala., February 8 .- (Special.)-At 5 o'clock this morning the temperature was 2 degrees below zero, and is near zero tonight, though it was several degrees warmer during the day. Oxford lake is frozen over for the first time in its history, and is covered with ice five inches thick. Gallipolis, O., February 8 .- Lewis Henry,

a four-year-old boy living in Huntington township, wandered away from home last night while his parents were absent. He was overcome by the cold and perished being found dead in a ravine at 1 o'clock this morning covered with snow.

Cartersville, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)— The weather today at this place was so cold that business was practically sus-pended and the public schools were dis-missed. The thermometer registered 2 de-grees above zero at 6 o'clock this morning. It is the coldest spell known here in years. Auburn, Ala. February 8.—(Special)—It snowed here yesterday from 8 to 1 o'clock. The coldest weather of the season was last night. The thermometer was 3 degrees above on December 28th at this place.

above zero. It was 8 degrees above on December 28th at this place.

Griffin, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—The thermometer registered zero here this morning for the first time in many years. Wrights pond is frozen over and early in the day skaters were on the ice but it is hardly thick enough to be saie.

Forsyth, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—The thermometer dropped to 6 degrees above zero here last night. A strong, bitter cold wind has been blowing for two days. The superior court has adjourned until the cold wave passes and all business is almost at a standstill. Fruit farmers think this cold weather augers a good fruit crop this year. Some in this section who have interests in Florida are beginning to think that Monroe county, with cotton at 5 cents, is a better investment than an orange grove.

Athens, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—The thermometer here went to 1 degree below zero this morning about 4 o'clock. Down at Gerger's steam laundry the escaping steam froze before it reached the ceiling of the room and fell back in a regular snowstorm. This weather is the severest known here in twenty years.

Professor Erastus G. Smith, of Beloit

Perhaps the Missing Man. Villa Rica, Ga., February 8 .- (Special.)-

Villa Rica, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—
A man answering the description given by
W. O. Jones of the man who stole his
horse passed through Villa Rica and spent
Monday night here, putting up at the Vernon house. He put his horse up at Hembry's stables. When he left he told Mr.
Hembry he was going to Bremen and would
be back and probably spend the night with
him.

Augusta, Me., February 8.—Hon. John Stevens, ex-minister to Hawali, died at is home in this city at 4 o'clock this

WITH GLOVES OFF.

Acts of the Past Commissioners of Pulton County Severely Criticised.

A SENSATION AT THE BOARD MEETING

Mr. Forrest Adair Charges That a Certain Trade Is Illegal-An Overdrait of \$12,000 Is Mentioned.

The county commissioners were in ses sion yesterday for nearly five hours, and during that time there were some decidedly sensational developments through resolutions introduced by ommissioner Forrest

Commissioner Adair, in fact, assume with the utmost ease the role of a bombtosser, and was careful that all three of those he threw were well fired. The result was that action was taken regarding the manner in keeping the county's ac counts, and a special meeting was called for Friday, February 22d, to hear a report from County Attorney Rosser as to whether the purchase of the 279 acres from Dr. R. L. Hope was legal.

The third sensation created by Commis sioner Adair was the introduction of a reso lution in which it stated that there has been an apparent overdraft made by the Venable Bros. on the county, and an overcharge made by the Georgia railroad on over 300 cars of stone. The amount of this vercharge is put down at \$2.50 per car, making a total of nearly \$1,000 overcharge. Commissioner Adair referred to the manner of keeping the county's books, and charged that it was the lack of system which had caused the county to lose money. He stated at the same time that he did not make any reflection as to the integrity or honesty of the clerk, Tyler Cooper.



MR. FORREST ADAIR

pocket. Upon one occasion he made the statement that Chairman Collier had signed checks for \$8,000, and when he signed them did not know what the money was for. Commissioner Brown intimated that this was, perhaps, a little too strong, but Chairman Collier stated that he did not know what the money was for, and if it had been brought up in meeting would have voted against it. He gave as his reason for signing the checks that the matter had

been approved by three of the commis-sioners on the outside, this number con-stituting a majority of the board. Commissioner Adair had all the facts and figures ready, and defended every

Reports of the Committees. The minutes of the previous meeting were signed by the commissioners, and Chairman Collier called for the reports of the vari-ous committees. The first was the commit-

tee on public works. "It has been a rocky month," said Commissioner Spaiding, chairman of this com-mittee. "I don't believe that we have done

Mr. Spaiding referred to the purchasing of convicts, and County Attorney Rosse was instructed to communicate with the various solicitors general and find out at what price they could be bought. The com-mittee on roads and bridges reported sev-eral roads in bad condition and severa bridges that needed repairing. The committee on public buildings reported that furwas desired in the matter of se-

This Report Created Discussion. The report of the finance committee was

called for next, and was handed in by Chairman Thompson. The manner of keep-ing the county's books was declared unsatisfactory. The report was as follows:

The report was as follows:
"To the Board of Commissioners: Your finance committee being charged with the duty to report the amount of indebtedness the county from the best information your committée have been able to obtain, to-wit:
"For the Heinz lot, on Pryor street, adjoining the court-house, \$10,000. Addition to almshouse land recently purchased, \$18,000.

"Temporary loans from Atlanta National bank, 75,000. bank, \$5,000.
"Temporary loan from Lowry Panking
Company, \$1,500.
"Capital City bank, \$20,000.
"Total, \$86,000.
"Your committee has not undertaken to

"Total, \$86,000.

"1our committee has not undertaken to report upon the rock contracts, if any are in existence, for the reason that the information in the office was not of sufficient character upon which they could base a satisfactory report.

"The manner of keeping the accounts is not satisfactory to the committee. The few books and system at present carried on as to the finances of the county is unsatisfactory to the members of the board and unfair to the clerk of the board. Your committee have experienced difficulty in arriving at the indebtedness of the county. Since beginning our examination the loan of \$20,000 to the Capital City bank has been paid, thereby reducing the amount of indebtedness to \$66,000.

"WALTER BROWN,
"FORREST ADAIR."

Explanations by Chairman Collier.

This report was somewhat warmer than the reports from the commission commit-ted usually are, and it began to look a little squally. No one said anything until Chairman Collier broke the silence.

"I wish to say something in reference to that report," said the chairman, "on ac-count of a sensational report published in an afternoon paper. The report was one calculated to lead the people to believe that the old board had saddled a large and un-usual indebtedness upon the county. The indebtedness laps over several fiscal years, and we have always thought it best to make temporary loans and tide over without in-creasing the tax levy. The amount brought creasing the tax levy. The amount brought orward this year is not any greater that

that of last year, except for the amount of the almshouse property purchase. "There may be a difference of opinion as to the purchase of this almshouse property, It was bought with the intention of selling some of the other property. The present property is too poor to cultivate, but on the Hope property we can raise enough to feed all the inmates.

"Something was said in the report of the house property. I do not think that the recommendation of the grand jury is to be regarded in the light of a criticism. The board, in purchasing that property, acted for the best interest of the county, as it conceived them. I thought the purchase a good one, and I am prepared to take my share of the responsibility."

Spaiding Asks Questions.

The reports of the various county officers were read. In that of Dr. Hope, piention was made of the county asylum. Commissioner Spaiding was quite sure that this was something new to him, and vanted to know about it. He asked who had the authority to send insome people to the county asylum.

county asylum.

Clerk Cooper explained that according to the law only the violently insare could be sent to the state asylum, and, therefore, Fulton county had an asylum of its own Commissioner Spalding thereupon said that he thought that the county commissioners should say who should and who should not should say who should and who should not be allowed to be sent to the county asylum. He was certain that the insane of other counties might be put upon Fulton if a close watch was not kept up. The question was referred to a commit-

In this connection Commissioner Brown spoke of the fact that there were several children at the poorhouse. He said that he thought they should be removed, as it was a crime to raise hem in pauperism. The dissition of the children was left to the alms

Still Poplar Street. The county commissioners held a special session about two weeks ago for the pur-pose of granting the right of way to a street railway company. At that meeting the mat-ter of changing the names of several streets was brought up. It was suggested that the streets crossing Peachtree out towards the exposition grounds be changed to numbers third, fourth and so on.

Among the streets changed was Poplar,

and yesterday the commissioners heard from this. Captain Burke was present with a diagram. He explained that Poplar street was a private street and did not belong to the county. He petitioned to be permitted to have the street retain the name of Pop lar. The former action of the commiss Streets and Street Railways.

Councilman Campbell and Mr. L. B. Nel-son were present at the meeting and asked the commissioners to condemn a certain the commissioners to condemn a certain strip of property on the Boulevard near Ponce de Leon avenue in order to make the Boulevard an uniform length. The commis-sioners declined to do this. President Joel Hurt, of the Atlanta Con-

idated Street Railway Company, was present and asked permission to extend the Peachtree line, the West Peachtree line, the Piedmont avenue line and the Jackson street and Boulevard line to the exposition grounds. He also requested permission to extend the Peachtree line a mile or more beared. yond its present terminus and to extend the West Peachtree line two miles out Peachtre

A Chapter on Expert Testimony County Attorney Rosser announced that he was ready to report on the matter of

he was ready to report on the matter of the charges made by Drs. Baird and Jar-nigan for attending the trial of the Carr case as expert witnesses. Attorney Rosser thought that the amount was reasonable and that it should be left with Judge Clark or Judge Lumpkin as to whether it was to be paid. He thought that the money would have to come out of the contingent fund. Attorney Rosser explained in his report that it was absolutely necesin his report that it was absolutely neces sary, in cases such as Carr to summon ex pert testimony for the state.
An application of J. D. Ga An application of J. D. Garrison for the appointment as chaplain of the jail was re

rred to the county attorney. Mr. Brown Intimates a Policy. Commissioner Brown said that he wanted to make a motion which he thought was an important one. He said that he wanted to move that the superintendent of public works be required to furnish a list of all the men on his payroll, their duties, how they were paid and where they fived. Su perintendent Donaldson, who was in the room, stated that there were one or two men who had families in other counties. "I hadn't heard of that," said Mr. Brown,

his tone, however, suggesting that he wasn't at all surprised to hear of it. He explained that it was a good thing to have a list of Where a Surprise Was Sprung. "I have a resolution here," said Commis-sioner Adair, rising, "that I would like to

offer.' Commissioner Adair then read the following resolution:
"Whereas, from an inspection of the min-

utes of the board of county commissioners it appears that the law was not complied of the people of the county the contemplated indebtedness for the purchase of the almshouse property, therefore, be it

"Ordered, That the chairman of this board be instructed to make a quit claim deed to R. L. Hope and demand from him a surrender of the two notes given by the county for the purchase of said land and that said sale be declared void and that the almshouse committee be instructed to with-draw the hands from the property at once if any have been placed there.

Calls Them Startling Facts.

The resolution, while decidedly sensational, was not wholly a surprise. It was known that Commissioner Adair has been earrying on a rigid investigation of the county's affairs for a month or more, and that he had in his possession some interesting facts and

"I do not want the board to take any ac "I do not want the board to take any ac-tion that will reflect on any one," said Com-missioner Adair, "I do not intend it as a reflection upon any member of this board or upon any member of any past board. "As a member of the finance committee I

"As a member of the mance committee; came into the possession of some startling figures while looking over the records. I discovered that the tax levy from September, 1894, to September, 1895, was \$233,990 and that of this amount there was expended in the last four months of 1884 nearly \$100,000, the exact amount being \$95,074.50. This left an available balance of \$138,905.50. the estimated expenses of this board are \$20,000 per month for the next eight months. making a total of \$160,000; the estimate per month for the four first months was \$23,000. The outstanding indebtedness is \$86,000, thus making a total of \$246,000. We have an available balance of \$138,905.50, leaving a deficit of \$107,094.50."

deficit of \$107,094.50."

"That loan of \$20,000 has been paid this month," said Commissioner Thompson, "and should not be counted in."

"It has been paid, as I have since found out," replied Commissioner Adair, "but the amount simply reduced the total available balance. And a word just here on those notes. The constitution of Georgia says distinctly that the board shall not incur any indebtedness except for casual reason any indebtedness except for casual reason and as a temporary loan. These notes have been renewed and renewed until they are almost permanent loans, and now they are sought to be carried over.

"I am against this method, for I do not

want to fall into a certain way just because some one else before me has done the same." Some Real Estate Figures Given.

"I hardly believe that it is necessary for ne to say anything except on the score of legal grounds in reference to my resolution," continued Commissioner Adair,
"I might mention, however, that in 1890,
when property was selling at from 23 1-3
per cent to 50 per cent higher than it is
now, this same porperty sold for only \$8,250.
I might say that property ab ertised for
thirty days to be sold—property adjoining
this and nearer to town, property through
which the same creek runs, brought only
\$10 and \$36 an acre, where this sold for \$65.
"I do not believe that it
was a wise purchase, and do not
think that it was made at the proper time.
The time to correct an error is at once." legal grounds in reference to my resolu-tion," continued Commissioner Adair,

son, warmly. The time to correct an error is at once.

Chairman Collier Has a Word.

ago and every summer since many disressing eruptions and sores have broken

out all over my body. Sometimes I have not been able to see for a week or two and

frequently have been unfit for work for six or seven weeks. I have now taken

four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it

has done me more good than all the other

medicine together. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla for all those who are afflicted

With Blood Poisoning

or any disease of the blood. I can honest-

ly say that I have received more than my

money's worth from Hood's Sarsaparilla.

I shall always praise Hood's Sarsaparilla and recommend it to my friends." ELI

WORTHY, 10 Tower St., Fall River, Mass.

Be sure to get Hood's and only

Is absolutely necessary in order to have good health. The greatest affliction of good health. The greatest amicus the human race is impure blood.

There are about 2400 disorders incident to the human frame, the large majority arising from the impure or poisonous condition of the blood.

The best remedy for all blood diseases is found in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Its remarkable cures are its loudest praise. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. No remedy has ever had so marked

success, or won such enormous sales.
Scrofula in its severest forms yields its potent powers, blood poisoning and salt rheum and many other diseases are permanently cured by it. Nervous-

weak, thin blood, is cured by Hood's Sar-

## glad to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to saparilla, because it makes pure, rich red blood. It also overcomes That Tired Feeling and gives strength. all as a safe, sure remeter taking Hood's, became healthy and flesh and has the bloom of girlhood." REV. J. M. PATE, Brookline Sta. M. ARSAPARILLA

with his resolution. The resolution pre-sumes that the manner of making the pur-chase was illegal. If it was the resolution should pass. The purchase of the property was made under the advice of our then county attorney, Colonel Thomson. He is a nan who stands very high at the bar and is a man of integrity and discretion as well is a man of integrity and discretion as well as a good lawyer. We maye have made a bad trade, but that is no reason for rescinding our action. We must regard the matter in its legal aspect. It is possible that it was a bad trade, but just for that we should not put Fulton county in the attitude of repudiating her obligations."
"I have searched the records thoroughly," said Commissioner Adair, warmly, "and I cannot find that Colonel Thomson is re-

corded as having recommended that pur-chase, and I am loathe to believe that he did. I will say, however, that I did find something on the minutes geterring to that property. I find an entry made first in which is made the statement that Dr. R. L. Hope offers the county commissioners a tract of land containing 300 acres for \$18,000 and the next entry is the entry of purchase and the acreage appears as 280 acres, more or less, and the price per acre is changed from that war it was mentioned as 300 acres, for \$18,000 is the amount paid."

Another Transaction Questioned. "If we are to attack the actions of the old board, Air. Adair," said Chairman Col-her, "and are to begin with the almshouse property, why don't you bring in the Heinz property? That was purchased in just the same way. Why didn't you bring that in? The principle is the same in

"One thing at the time," replied Commissioner Adair.
"If one is wrong, the other is wrong,' said the chairman, vehemently.

Necessitated a Special Meeting. "I am not prepared to vote except as to a reference to the county attorney," said Mr. Spalding. Chairman Collier said the same thing.

"Then I am to understand that there is a motion to refer it to the county attor-ney?" asked Commissioner Adair. "No," answered both Chairman Collier

and Commissioner Spaiding.
"All in favor of the motion vote aye," called the chairman.

It was very evident that the vote would be a tie and that Chairman Collier vote against the resolution

"I move to refer the matter to the county attorney," said Commissioner Brown.
"I second the motion," said Mr. Spald-

"I will accept that if the county attorney is required to report at an early day, and provided there be a special meeting sioner Adair. The date of receiving the report was made February 22d. "Anything more, Mr. Adair?" asked

Chairman Collier. An Apparant Over-Draft Charged. "Yes," replied Mr. Adair, looking among some papers which lay before him, "I have a little resolution I would like to intro

The resolution read by Mr. Adair was as "Whereas, It appears from the report of the finance committee that it will require further investigation to arrive at the lia-bility of the county to Venable Bros. for material furnished, it is ordered that the entire matter and adjustment of the ac count be referred to the committee on pub lic works and the county attorney, with power to employ such help as they deem necessary, and that they make report to the next regular meeting of the board."

the next regular meeting of the board."
"I looked up this matter of paving and the rock contract," said Mr. Adair, "and I find that there is an alleged contract by which Venable Bros. are to pave roads for the county at a cost of 60 cents per cubic yard. It is one of the terms of this contract, as I understand it, that the county is to pay for the paving only after it is completed. Now, I have not found this contract, but I have stated what I think the substance of it is. They have been furnishing the county stone since 1888, and there is an apparent overdraft of \$12,000. Charges Against the Georgia Road.

"I doubt the legality of the last purchase of stones. It was ordered purchased but the committee was instructed to have due egard for the law calling for bids. was instructed not to buy for committee was instructed not to buy for more than 35 cents."
"Yes," interpolated Commissioner Thomp-son "and they paid only 32 cents."
"The minutes do not show that," said

"The minutes do not show that," said Mr. Adair, smiling. "This stone is on the Marietta and North Georgia road ready to be used. Then there were about 307 cars of stone on the Georgia road. "Venable Brothers were advanced \$2,000 by the county," continued Mr. Adair, earnestly; "\$1,228 was paid for trackage and the county," the same paid \$2,000 by the county."

R. H. Clark has been paid 28 cents per load for hauling the stone. This is not all. There was \$5,006 paid the Georgia road on the 300 cars. I have looked up these bills and find that there was an overcharge of \$2.50 per The System, or Lack of It.

The System, or Lack of It.

Mr. Adair continued:
"Another thing is the system, or lack of system, in keeping the county's books. It mean no reflection upon the honesty or integrity of any of the officials, but there should be a system of boooks when we deal with a firm as large as that of Venable Brothers; yet in two weeks I was unable to get within \$18,000 of the amount we owe them, to say nothing of finding out the amount forwarded for the various things."

The payment of the trackage and freight is authorized," said Commissioner Thompson, warmly.

son, warmly.

"The minutes do not show it," replied
Mr. Adair. "I am against carrying on Susineas in this way."

Mr. Adair then moved the adoption of

# Clearance Sale.

beautiful boy born to us. At the age of a months he breathed his last, a victim is

impure blood. On Aug. 4, 1891, another

boy was born, who at the age of tw

months became afflicted with the same disease. We believed the trouble was con-

stitutional, and not common sore month

I procured a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparin

both mother and baby. Improvement be

gan at once. We succeeded in eradic-ting the scrofulous blood from the system

and today we are blessed with a nice, to

all life and full of mischief-thanks

Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am a minister is

the Methodist Protestant church, and an

Picture of Health,

baby boy, 18 menths old - the very

and commenced to give it regularly to

be a wonderful success, and we shall continue until March 1st to our entire stock of WINTER SHOES AT ACTUAL BOSTON COST.

## This Is a Bona Fide Sale.

The class of Shoes we include in this sale will be in great demi during the heavy weather of February and March. You can thereby secure SHOES THAT YOU NEED AT ACTUAL COST PRICE at



It Was Received in Atlanta with &

Harrison, of Columbus, the eminent some ern Methodist divine, was received a li-

lanta with genuine sorrow by hundred

people.

The funeral will occur at Lynwood on the afternoon at I

o'clock and will be largely attended prominent Methodists from all parts of

For many years Dr. Harrison

tion.

For a long term of years he was of the First Methodist church. E charge of it when the present edited in the charge of it when the present edited in the charge of it when the present edited in the charge of the charge o

sided over the exercises that attended laying. He served the church long

was sixty-five years old. He led as as life and the burden of his years wall creased by his great personal becare He adopted Columbus as his home server.

years ago and was greatly beloved to Cancer was the direct cause of his dail Dr. Harrison was book editor for Southern Methodist publishing hear Nashville until a short while before

Professor Latz, city chemist of Indian recommends Price's Cream Baking

Brilliant Success of the Concert Sie

From The Baltimore Herald, Octob Elien Beach Yaw, the

der as absolutely pure.

at Baltimore.

stone of that building.

built and his name was in

devotedly here and no man love of his congregation to a gree than did he.

At the time of his death Dr. 1

tery in Columbus this after

uine Sorrow by His Many Fri

Footcoverers to All Mankind. 27 Whitehall Street.

"Anything further, Mr. Adair?" asked 'I have another little matter to discuss, replied Commissioner Adair. "I am informed that Fulton county pays 7 per cent for its loans. I also understand that the city pays only about one-half that ame

his resolution, and his motion prevailed.

It appears to me that a large affair like Fulton county should be able to borrow money for less than 7 per cent." Chairman Collier and Commissioner Thompson both stated that it was a difficult matter to secure money at 8 per cent at times. Commissioner Adair introduced the following resolution, which was For many years Dr. Harrison has home in this city and numbered his sonal friends here by the hundred was known as an able, thoughtful mand a strong and forcible writer. He among the very first men in the Med denomination in the entire southtongue and his pen were regardamong the ablest factors in the denotion.

Ordered, That the finance committee be requested to ascertain and report as to the lowest rate of interest and best terms upon which they can make such temporary loans as may be necessary." Commissioner Brown Has a Reform

"I move," said Commissioner Brown, "that the finance committee report at the next regular meeting the number of books to be kept and the method of keeping The motion was adopted. move," said

"that the county treasurer be not allowed to pay more bills until they come through the board. Now, there was that note of \$20,000 which Treasurer Payne paid. Mr Cooper knew nothing about it. We should look after these matters." "Well," said Chairman Collier, "we take it for granted that the county treasurer pays them when they fail due unless we renew them.

"That's it," exclaimed Mr. Adair. 'Too

much is taken for granted by the boar Chairman Collier Simply Signed. Commissioner Adair spoke in a very decided way. He went on: "Now, for instance, there was \$8,000 paid without the knowledge of the chairman, hie didn't know anything about it or what it was for until I told him.

This was evidently a surprise. Commissioner Brown exclaimed: "Surely you are mistaken, Mr. Adair, The chairman signed the check and knew

bers," answered Mr. Adair, "and the chair-man knew nothing about it. It should have been brought up before the board." A Startling Declaration. "If it had," said Chairman Collier, would have voted against it. The member should not approve bills on the outside." The matter of insolvent taxpayers and fi.

The matter of insolvent taxpayers and fifas, was taken up and thoroughly discussed. The insolvent list was referred to County Attorney Rosser.

Tax Collector Stewart was before the board, and said that the comptroller general threatened to issue a fi. fa. against his bondsmen for the delinquent taxes. The pay roll for the month was taken up for an hour and the members listened to the tond. ing of the bills, many of which were dis-

claimed.

Chairman Collier objected to remaining, saying that it was the duty of the finance committee. He also stated that before he would go through it again he would resign. It was decided to make all county officiels make requisitions for whatever they want-stated distance of buying it and then presenting the bills for approval.

The commissioners adjourned at 2:45 commissioners adjourned at 2:45 ve minutes No News of the Ships.

New York, February 9, 2 a. m.—No news as yet from the LaGascogne, nor the Teuturic. The fatter is now three and a half

large and decidedly one of the artists re-

Police Cannot Find a

STILL A N

REVENGE SUGGESTED Bobbery Could Hardly pose of the Slayer-Is to Be Brou

Macon, Ga., Februar

murder of Tung Hi, th man, at his place of bu ains wrapt in myst to determine who commis not known whether t black or white man reason for the crime. The dead Chinaman I of Macon quite a numb and his brother or cour successfully conducted to the Hotel Lanier. about forty-five years wife and several childraight, on account of the proprietors closed the land went to bed. In land Tung Hi was a dead the rear of the laur

o'clock some one know door of the laundry op

street. Hi went to the maining in bed. Lee sam testified befo did not know who it wa into the laundry, but pro and the stranger in dis-in change. Then there loud talking as if the loud talking as if the pute and presently two fired. Lee Sam rushed just in time to see Tun the floor, dying. Hi ha left side near his hip, out and struck against entered into a package floor. Another ball is breast and passed through the fatal work and the floor in the put of the floor. all did the fatal work Tung Hi did not live in who shot him. The muthe front door, Gown turned the corner of D continued in his flight to the river and esca to the river and esca Ricks was on the opp-street and his attention wards the laundry. He scuffling and heard them and angry tone. Presen-step back a foot and made another step ba-again and then ran or down Mulberry street at-street. Policemen also h street. Policemen also h hurried to the scene, but ascertained as to the ma Near the door of the la a cravat, which may be

the murderer, and whi dropped in the tussel. Undertaker Keating to remains. In a pocket of found \$51.95. The body and sent to Atlanta to burial. There is no satis to the cause of the mu dently an act of revenge that robbery could have The affair happened on prominent streets of the was late and the night The moon was shining lights were burning. Tw near and several person away. Some time ago Tung H man in Atlanta several hi he could not get it back Hi sued for it and won to

pression exists with som was killed by a Chinal think that a negro man think that a negro man jealous rage over a ne cousin of Tung Hi array Columbus and it is the able to furnish the officer. The highbinder theory The Constitution this me as very plausible. Lee morning that he was a brout tonight he says he is axhibits no serrow or co Hi's death and slent le Hi's death and slept lo laundry several hours alor body while waiting for

the report that Judge Ha the general law of the s not be sold for less than There are quite a samble in the state which have co in the state which have contain fifteen exemptions, a secured by special legislit is apprehended that J will hold that these special lilegal because they were special laws and special law and special to which are in conflict with The average. The average number of by the Macon companies company has 100 exemption price of the exemptions is These exemptions by to the treasury of the collargely in supporting them tions are withdrawn from it will entail considerable



restore the blood to a nor tion, leave you free from pains, and prevent any after effects. That's

PERRY DAVIS & SON Pro

man's Morder.

Bobbery Could Hardly Have Been the Pur-

pose of the Slayer-Tung Hi's Body
Is to Be Brought Here.

Macon, Ga., February 8 .- (Special.)-The

murder of Tung Hi, the Chinese laundry-

man, at his place of business on Mulberry

street this morning about 12:30 o'clock.

remains wrapt in mystery. The coroner's

jury held an inquest but have been unable

is not known whether the murderer was a

black or white man or what was his

The dead Chinaman had been a resident

The dead Chinaman had been a resident of Macon quite a number of years and he and his brother or cousin, Lee Sam, have successfully conducted their laundry next to the Hotel Launer. The deceased was about forty-five years old and leaves a wife and several children in China. Last might, on account of the cold weather, the proprietors closed the laundry at 11 o'clock the sent to bed. In less than two bourses.

and went to bed. In less than two hours

rung. HI was a dead man. Sam slept in the rear, of the laundry. About 12:30 o'clock some one knocked on the front door of the laundry opening on Mulberry street. Hi went to the door, Lee Sam re-maining in bed.

ato the laundry, but presently he heard Hi into the launary, but presently he heard Hi and the stranger in dispute about 25 cents in change. Then there was scuffling and loud talking as if the men were in dispute and presently two pisted shots were fired. Lee Sam rushed into the laundry

just in time to see Tung hi fall down on the floor, dying. Hi had been shot in the left side near his hip. The ball passed

ant and struck against a shelf and then

entered into a package of clothing on the floor. Another ball struck in the left breast and passed through the heart. This

Tung Hi did not live long enough to tell

who shot him. The murderer ran out of the front door, Gown Mulberry street,

turned the corner of Davis's stables and continued in his flight down Third street

continued in its high above. Third street to the river and escaped. Mr. Clifford Ricks was on the opposite side of the street and his attention was attracted to-

wards the laundry. He saw two men scutting and heard them talking in a loud and angry tone. Presently he saw a man step back a foot and fire a pistol. He

made another step backward and fired again and then ran out of the laundry

down Mulberry street and turn into Third street. Policemen also heard the shots and hurried to the scene, but nothing could be ascertained as to the man's identity.

Near the door of the laundry was found a cravat, which may be the only clue to the murderes, and which was evidently

dropped in the tussel.

Undertaker Keating took charge of the remains. In a pocket of the dead man was found \$31.95. The body will be embalmed and sent to Atlanta tomorrow night for

burial. There is no satisfactory theory as to the cause of the murder. It was evi-dently an act of revenge. It does not seem

that robbery could have been the motive.

The affair happened on one of the most prominent streets of the city. The hour was late and the night was bitterly cold.

The moon was shining and the electric lights were burning. Two policemen were

Some time ago Tung Hi loaned a China-

man in Atlanta several hundred dollars and

he could not get it back and finally Tung Hi sued for it and won the suit. The im-pression exists with some that Tung Hi was killed by a Chinaman, but others

think that a negro man did the deed in a jealous rage over a negro woman. A cousin of Tung Hi arrived tonight from

Columbus and it is thought he may be

as very plausible. Lee Sam said this morning that he was a brother of Tung Hi,

but tonight he says he is cousin. Lee Sam thibits no sorrow or concern over Tung H's death and slept locked up in the

laundry several hours along with the dead

body while waiting for the coroner's in-

The soldiers of Macon are disturbed over

the report that Judge Hardeman, of Bibb

superior court, may declare illegal all mili-tary jury exemptions held by companies in excess of the number fifteen allowed by

the roll of the company as "pay members." The law says an exemption must not be sold for less than \$25 per annum.

There are quite a number of companies

in the state which have considerably more than fifteen exemptions, which have been secured by special legislative enactment.

general law of the state, and which re sold to citizens whom names appear on

The Soldiers Disturbed.

able to furnish the officers some clue. The highbinder theory as advanced in The Constitution this morning is regarded

and several persons were not far

hall did the fatal work.

esufied before the jury that he

determine who committed the crime. It

at 5 years ago we had a to us. At the age of it ed his last, a victim to a Aug. 4, 1891, another ho at the age of two ed the trouble was cont common sore mouth.
of Hood's Sarsaparille o give it regularly to
aby. Improvement be
succeeded in eradicablood from the system
blessed with a nice, to
hs-old—the very
of Mealth

of Health, mischief -thanks t . I am a minister in stant church, and an lad to recommend ood's Sarsaparilla to ll as a safe, sure re ly. Even my wife, atne healthy and flesh nd has the

irlhood." REV. J.

ATE, Brookline Sta., Me

ale. COST has proved il March 1st to sell

e Sale. e in great der

BOSTON COST.

You can therefo



inkind.

Elkin Watson Drug Co.

in Atlanta with Ge death of Rev. W. P. nbus, the eminent south-ine, was received in At-sorrow by hundreds of

cur at Lynwood cemethis afternoon at the be largely attended by ists from all parts of the

of years he was pastor odist church. He had the present edifice was inscribed on hat building. He closes that attended in the church long and no man ever held the attent to a greater de-

is death Dr. Harrison old. He led an active of his years was personal bereaveness as his home several greatly beloved these ct cause of his death, book editor for the publishing house a hort while before his

will appear

PAIN-KILLER

No other remedy so effective, none so certain of results. Teaspoonful doses in hot milk or water, every 2 hours, will break it up in a single day if taken when first attacked. PERRY DAVIS & SON Providence, R. I.

them, in view of the illiveral financial spirit manifested towards them by the state, and some of the compan'es would have to disband for the lack of funds to support them. In the event the exemptions by special laws are declared flegal a well-known milks. STILL A MYSTERY. of special laws are declared illegal a well-known military man says the general law of the state should be changed so as to increase the number of exemptions from fifteen to twenty-five, and he thinks that no exemption should be sold for less than \$100. This would give each company \$2,500 per annum if the entire twer'y-fire exemptions are sold. Police Cannot Find a Clue to the China-REVENGE SUGGESTED AS THE MOTIVE

Grand Jury Committee.

Grand Jury Committee.

Messrs. W. A Doody, George B. Jewett and C. C. Calkcom, the committee from the grand jury appointed to examine the books of Mr. W. G. Smith, the clerk of the county commissioners and ex-officio county treasurer, have finished their lebors and report that the books are correct in every respect. Mr. Smith is a very efficient and faithful officer.

Mr. A. L. Zettler, proprietor of the Zettler house, died last eventur. The remains will be interned either in Savannah or Baxley. He was about fifty-six years old and leaves a wife and several children.

The death of Mrs. Fannie Bryant is announced. Sne was a most alghy esteemed and well known lady. She was the mother-in-law of Messrs, Walter Clarke, Henry Faulk and Don McNabb.

Judge J. W. Haygood, of Montezuma, is in the city.

Mr. T. F. Stubbs, a wall-known conton. Newsy Notes.

Judge J. W. Haygood, of Montezuma, is in the city.

Mr. T. F. Stubbs, a well-known cetton factor of Savannah, is a gurst of the Brown house.

Mrs. A. O. Bacon is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Manly B. Curra, in Atlanta,

The opera, "Queen Estber," may be presented at the Academy of Muric just before Lent by leading amateurs.

Mrs. Proudit, of Men,phia is visiting her uncle, Mr. A. Proudit.

Miss Annie Gaines has reterned to Atlanta. The mandamus case of C. B. Masseaburg against the county commissioners, relative to the treasurership matter, was not heard today because of the attendance of the at-

EVERY CITIZEN INDICTED.

torneys on the supreme court.

Floyd's Grand Jury Investigates the

Liquor Selling at Haynie. Rome, Ga., February 8 .- (Special.)-The Rome, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—The Constitution a few days ago told of a queer village in this county called Haynie. This place was incorporated in 1833 and immediately thereafter it was decided to sell iliquor there. Since then some high old times have been noticed in the neighborhood and the attention of some county officials was attracted. It has been alleged that the town was illegally incorporated and the grand jury now in session has investigated the matter. As a result true bills have been found against two Sims and two Whartons for selling liquor without license.

cause of this is the charge that there are nearly five voters in the place, not enough to make the corporation legal. All this will be aired in the courts and the trial promises to be interesting.

Street Car Improvement. Mr. Seymour Cunningham, of Washington city, and Mr. John M. Bonham, of the same place, are here looking over the electric street railway and the electric light plant, of which companies both, are large stockholders. Mr. Cunningham is president. They express themselves as well pleased with the plants and the management of Mr. Marvin. ment of Mr. Marvin.

THE RIVAL EDITORS.

A Card from The Courier Man to the

A Card from The Courier Ann to the Editor of The Sentinal.

Ellipay, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—On Thursday of last week the editor of The Courier had Editor Ellington served with an injunction, not to enjoin his paper, but to enjoin the payment of a small debt due on The Courier outfit until the suit is settled as the suit also contains a damage on The Courier outfit until the suit is set-tled, as the suit also contains a damage clause. In this connection the current issue of The Courier contains the following from Editor Hutchinson:
"We care ro more for Editor Ellington's personal harangue than we do for the warts on the moon, but we do not propose to have him violate his agreement with us without at least an attempt to recover. In some future issue we intend laying the mat-

without at least an attempt to recover. In some future issue we intend laying the matter—in a business way—before the people of Gilmer and ask them to suspend judgment until they are familiar with the same.

"In conclusion we wish to say we have published nothing intended to reflect on Mr. Ellington's ancestors, and what we have said was meant directly for him. And we reiterate every word we have said about him. Shame on the man that is so mean as to reflect littleness on a man that makes his living by as hard work as horse-shoeing! Shame on him! Shame! And we

makes his living by as hard work as horse-shoeing! Shame on him! Shame! And we learn that the Hon. Coke A. was a horse-shoein, and used to represent this county when twenty-five votes would elect him. I have lived in oid Gilmer fifteen years and have never known an Ellington called by the people to fill any sistion of trust. I am living in the present! I know nothing about things when the red man roamed over the forests of our county.

"We are always ready to protect ourselves from misrepresentations—through the paper or otherwise—but we have no space nor inclination to be shooting at an imaginary something—nothing.

"It is well enough to say in this connection that The Courier is the official organ of Gilmer county. Take it and keep posted."

Perfect results in cookery confirm the

anaylsis that Price's Baking Powder is absolutely pure.

NO ONE INDICTED.

Brooks County's Grand Jury Could

Not Find a Single Rioter. Quitman, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—After a hard week's work the November term of Brooks superior court adjourned today. Jerry Jeffreths and Sherman Jeffreths were arraigned before the court and sentence was passed on them. Jerry was selicited to hang on Friday, April 5th. He looked the court straight in the face and took the sentence without even as much as a quiver.

Thomas Ramsey, white, was tried yesterday for the murder of Sam Arnold, colored, last December. Ramsey proved an allbl, and the jury brought in a verdict of acquit-

The grand jury has spent almost the entire week in the investigation of the Brooks county race riot, and made a complete fail-ure. Witnesses by the wholesale were examined but no one was found who was in the riot or who knew of any one else who

The jury, in its general presentments, recommended that the county commissioners offer a reward of \$200, and that the governor be urged to offer the same reward for the arrest, with proof to convict, of any person connected with the killing of any of the negroes who were the victims of the

TO ADVERTISE COLUMBUS.

A Pamphlet to Be Prepared and Cir-

culated-Suffragists Depart. Columbus, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—Plans have been formulated by which the advantages of Columbus as a manufacturing center are to be made known to northern and eastern capitalists. The committee of ten appointed by the city council for that purpose met today, appointed a subcommit-tee, consisting of Mayor J. J. Slade, Meysrs, G. Gunby Jordan, G. M. Williams and L. C. Levy, who will proceed at once to prepare a pamphlet containing information concerning the city, which will be distribut-

ed throughout the north and east.

The case of the state against Will Miles, colored, occupied the entire day in the su-perior court. Miles is accused of assaulting Mrs. Ed Albright, a highly respected lady of this city. He was tried, convicted and sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary about a year ago. His case was appealed to the supreme court, which grant-ed him a new trial. The appeal was made on the grounds of an error in some of the judge's rulings in the former trial. The evidence of his guilt is quite positive. There is but little doubt of his second convic-

tion.

Miss Mary Anthony, Miss Lucy Anthony, Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw, Mrs, Harriet Taylor Upton and Miss Bessie Gilmer, prominent women suffragists who have since their convention in Atlanta been the guests of Mrs. Anne J. Howard, in this city, left today for Washington, D. C. Miss Susan Anthony, who came down with the party, will leave tomorrow for Alken, B. C.

STOOD AT ZERO.

He Proposes That All the Commissioners Causes Great Suffering. Resign Their Offices.

TWO MEMBERS HESITATE TO ACCEPT

They Will Meet Again and Talk It Over. There Is '100 Much Friction in the Board.

MR. CARSON'S BLUFF.

Savannah, Ga., February 8.-(Special.)-There is a probability that Chatham county's five commissioners will tender their resignations to Governor Atkinson and ask that a new election be held. They met today and about came to this conclusion after a warm controversy. Two factions have existed in the board for some time, work ing against each other. Today they met to liscuss the matter of Chairman J. J. Dale, giving the proxy of the county to Dr. W. F. Brunner to vote in the election for a board of managers for the Savannah los-pital. Mr. Dale obtained the content of Commissioners Kehoe and Chaplin to take his step but did not consult Comen's Carson and Charlton. Commissioner Castleton stated that he thought the action not justified and very discourteous, though here was no doubt about the chai. man's right, with the consent of two memorrs of the board, to act as he did. Commission-er Chariton made a motion that the chair-man's action be declared null and void. The motion was voted for by Comm sciences Carson and Charlton, and the other three voted against it.

ner Carson then suggested as remedy for the differences between the nembers of the board which had caused so much friction and had greatly delayed much of the work, that they all tender their resignations to Governor Atkinson and ask that a new election be held. This was assented to by Chairman Dale and In. Charlton, but Commissioners Kehoe and Chaplin thought it unadvisable. The com-missioners decided to take this matter up for discussion at a meeting to be beld some time next week.

The Brunswick Rifles, twenty-four strong, in command of Captain Dart, came to Sa-vannah tonight to visit the Savanah Volunteer Guards' fair. The fair has been in progress three days and promises to be

A WILD BARK.

In Floating Around She Damaged Other Vessels.

Savannah, Ga., February 8.—The bark Larfald, moored on the opposite side of this city in the Savannah river, broke adrift last night and floated from one side of the river to the other, doing considerable damage to the shipping in port. The ves-sel first struck the schooner Viking, starting her chain bolts and tearing her rigging and then went across the river again, col-liding with the German bark Marie, stav-ing in her side. Crossing back again she struck the steamship Katie, carrying away a part of her upper deck and knocking her wheel shaft out of gear. She then drifted down the river, colliding with the steam-ship Bellevue, Danish bark adolphine, Italian bark Navigator and Italian bark Italian bark Navigator and Italian bark Guiseppe, doing considerable damage to each. She then swung off, just missing the schooner Carrie E. Look, German bark Edward Waenurlund and several other vessels and drifted to the opposite side of the river, where she went aground and remained a short time, afterwards floating away about five miles below the city, where she again went aground.

No one was on board the bark, she having been recently condemned and sold at auchen

RICHLAND'S "PEEPING TOM."

Are After Him. Are After Him.

Richland, Ga. February 8.—(Special.)—
Richland's "peeping Tom" has been recognized by a young lady here, and it is safe to say he will soon be brought to justice. Last Friday night he made his appearance, and while peeping through the blinds of a young lady's room she thought she recognized him by his cuff buttons, and the identification is weld to be almost comidentification is said to be almost com-plete. He will be severely dealt with if he can be definitely located.

Professor Walter S. Haines, of Rush

Baking Powder absolutely pure. Gwinnett's Registrars.

Judge Hutchins has appointed as registrars for the county of Gwinnett Thomas E. Winn, populist, and F. F. Juhan and S. C. Martin, democrats. Burglary at Norcross

Norcross, Ga., February 5.—(Special.)— The store of Mr. E. G. McDaniel, of this place, was broken into last night and robbed of dry goods jewelry and \$9 in cash.

Fire in Cincinnati. Cincinnati, O., February 8—The Ameri-can Oak Leather tannery at Dalton ave-nue and Kenner treet burned this after-noon. The loss is estimated at \$10,000.

Shot Himself Through the Head.

Carroliton, Mo., February 8.—C. Rea, cashler of the Carroll Exchange bank, and a prominent business man of this place, committed suicide this morning at 7:30 c'clck by shooting himself through the head. There is no known reason for the



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health or the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the

remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleas ant to the taste, the refreshing an beneficial properties of a perfect lax-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical met with the approval of the Middle of the fession, because it acts on the Kid neys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-50c and \$1 bottles, but it is man ufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not scrept any substitute if offered.

The Temperature Smashes Records and

WILL BE MUCH WARMER TODAY

A Day of Shivering Among All Classes of People-The Poor Are Having a Hard Time of It.

It will be much warmer today. The temerature yesterday was anything but mild. At 6 o'clock the mercury was at zero and throughout the day the cold was very severe. It was a day for fires and overcoats, and it has been a long time since Atlanta has seen anything more bitter.

The indications from the weather bureau last night were that the mercury would

take a decided rise today.

The suffering caused by the cold wave has been very great among the poor people of the city, and the appeals for help on the part of those who have no work to do are distressing. A number of amplications. distressing. A number of applications were made for fuel and clothing at the headquarters of the Atlanta Charitable Association

yesterday aftercon.

"One good thing about this spell of weather," said a well known clizen, who believes in looking on the bright side of everything, "is the good health and good crops it will bring us this summer. I am willing to put up with a little inconvenience now for the sake of better health later on." The cold snap is about the worst that has put up in Atlanta this year. A number of parties went skating yesterday afternoon, the lake at Ponce de Leon spring being covered with a thick crust of ice.

The Weather Man's View of It. The cyclone of greatest energy as shown on last night's chart, is the same storm that has been moving up and hovering near the Atlantic coast for the past thirty-six hours. At 7 o'clock this morning it was central inland, but was again off the coast by 7 p. m. The lowest pressure was 29.42 inches, the reading of New York city. The anti-cyclone was central in the lower Mississippi valley, the highest isobar being that of 30.4 inches. The barometric gradient was very steep in the northeast section, and high winds prevailed as a result. A second area of low pressure is coming in from the west, and last night was central southwest of Denver. Temperature has isen along its front.

en along its front.

Freezing temperatures prevailed over the entire portion of the United States east of the Rockies and south as far as Tampa, Fla. The range as shown by the reports over this large tract was from 2 degrees be low to 32 degrees above zero. Clear weather prevailed over the entire south and general cloudiness over the north portion of the country. Snow was falling at Euffalo, N. Y., with nearly two and a half inches on Forecast for Georgia for today: Fair,

slightly warmer. GEORGE E. HUNT,
Local Forecast Official. Local Report for February 8, 1895.

Mean daily temperature.

Normal temperature.

Highest in twenty-four hours.

Lowest in twenty-four hours

Rainfall twenty-four hours to 7 p. m...

Deficiency of rainfall since January

1.33 inches.

Weather Bulletin. Observations taken at 7 o'clock, p. m.

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.

		1.		1
SOUTHEAST-				
Atlenta, Ga.,	clear	30.3	6 12 14	.00 14
Augusta, Ga.,	clear	30.2	8 18 12	.00 20
Charlotte, N. (	clear .	30.10	0 12 12	.00 14
Augusta, Ga., Charlotte, N. G Jacksonville, I	Fla., clear	30.3	2 26 6	.00 30
Knoxville, Ten	n. clear	30.3	8 4 12	.00 10
Mobile, Ala.,	clear	30.4	6 26 8	.00 28
Montgomery, A	la clear	30.4	4 22 10	.00 26
Pensacola, Fla	clear	- 130 4	1 26 6	.00.30
Eavannah Ga.,	clear .	(30.2)	8 22 14	.00:26
Tampa, Fla.,	closr	120.3	6 29 T	T 36
Wilmington, N	C clear	20.0	4118118	.00 20
SOUTHWEST-	. C., cicai	00.0	1/10/19	1 .00 20
Abilene Tex	oloow:	190 9	0100110	.00130
Abilene, Tex., Corpus Christi,	Tex olon	A 20 4	20 10	.00 33
Fort Smith, Ar	als oloop	20.4	0 10 0	.00 33
Columnton Ton	K., Clear .	30.4	5 18 0	.00 20
Galveston, Tex	., cloudy	30.4	6 26 L	.00 26
Memphis, Tenn Meridian, Miss	i., clear	30.4	5 10 C	.00 18
Meridian, Miss	., clear	30,4	6 10 6	.00 21
New Orleans, 1	La., clear	30.4	4 28 L	.00 28
Palestine, Tex.	clear	30.4	6 26 L	.00 32
San Antonio, T	ex., cloudy	30.4	2 26 6	.00 30
Vicksburg, Mis	s. clear	30.4	6 30 L	.00 30
NORTHEAST-				
Baltimore, Md.	, cloudy	29.6	2 6 30	.00 10
Buffalo, N. Y.,	snow	29.56	2 36	.24 2
Cincinnati, O.,	clear	130 9:	1100114	001 2
Detroit, Mich.,	cloudy	29.8	21 6:24	T 6
Detroit, Mich., Lynchburg, Va. New York, N.	clear	29.9	0 6 10	.00 12
New York, N.	Y. cloudy	29,42	6 36	.02 6
Nerfolk, Va., e	lear	29.8	12 22	.00 16
NORTHWEST-	none:			
Chicago, Ill., c	lear	130.16	192126	.00:00
Chicago, Ill., c Denver, Col., I	t. cloudy	30.10	134 8	00/40
To the City of	a cioudy	*** (00.11	sieral G	.00 10

Denver, Col., Pt. cloudy ... [39,10] 34 8 ... [0] 40 Lodge City, Kas., clear ... [30,26] 812 ... [20] 20 24 Kansas City, Mo., cloudy ... [30,40] 8 L. ... [20] 10 Ncrth Platte, Neb. cloudy ... [30,28] 12 [6] T. 13 Omaha, Neb. cloudy ... [30,44] 6 L. ... [20] 6 Rapid City, S. D., cloudy ... [30,32] 612 [22] 20 6 St. Louis, Mo., clear ... [30,32] 2 8 ... [20] 4 Below zero. Below zero.

Professor Barker, of the University of Pennsylvania, declares Dr. Price's Baking Powder absolutely pure.

LUMBERMEN COMING.

Over a Hundred Michigan Lumbermer Will Be Here This Morning. About 125 members of the Michigan State

Lumbermen's Association will arrive in Atlanta this morning and remain in the city for about five hours. The party will come in over the Western

and Atlantic railroad from Chattanooga on special train and will leave at about o'clock for Savannah, to which place they are bound. The lumbermen have been in regular annual convention at Detroit and custom they have in visiting some southern point after each convention, presumably to scape the northern blizzards for a time, This year the lumbermen decided to spend their vacation in Savannah and they will near the sea and in the forest, for three

The lumbermen will be met at the union depot this morning by a committee of Atlanta lumbermen and during their short stay in the city will be shown a hearty welcome by their brothers in business and citizens generally.

The party on arrival will be escorted to the Kimball house where they will break-fast, after which they, in company with the local committee and officials of the exposition, will be driven to the grounds shown the progress that has been made with The Michigan Lumbermen's Association

has among its membership some of the most influential and wealthy lumber men in the United States, and it is the intention of the local lumbermen to show the visitors every attention and courtesy possible.

No formal program of entertainment has been arranged by the local committee on account of the short and indefinite stay of

the visitors, the exact time of their arrival the visitors, the exact time of their arrival and departure not yet being known.

The Atlanta lumber men were anxious to have an opportunity to entertain their visiting brothers in a formal and elegant manner, but by reason of the itinerary of the visitors having already been decided upon, the plans could not be changed se as to allow them to remain in the city longer.

The directors of the exposition have ex-

BANKANANA ANANANANA

The Learned Professor Causes a Decided Sensation.

His New Discoveries Take the Place of Dangerous Methods.

John Heberly, of No. 489 Washington street, Buffalo, says: "For over six years I have been a sufferer from rheumatism in my arms. The pain at times was terrible. I tried several remedies, but without successful result, until I began taking Munyon's Rheumatism cure. I obtained relief very shortly, and was entirely cured before half the contents of the bottle was consumed."

very shortly, and was entirely cared before half the contents of the bottle was consumed."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure never falis to relieve in one to three hours and cure in a few days. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure is guaranteed to cure all forms of digestion and stomach troubles. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Catarrh Cure soothes and heals the afflicted parts and restores them to health. No failure; a cure guaranteed. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Liver Cure corrects headache, billiousness, jaundice, constipation and all liver diseases. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedily cures pains in the back, loins or groins and all forms of kidney disease.

Munyon's Ridout Cure eradicates all impurities of the blood. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Cathartic insures a free and natural movement of the bowels without the least pain or discomfort.

Munyon's Cathartic insures a free and natural movement of the bowels without the least pain or discomfort.

Munyon's Pile Ointment positively cures all forms of piles.

Munyon's Asthma Herbs are guaranteed to relieve asthma in two minutes.

Munyon's Asthma Herbs are guaranteed to relieve asthma in two minutes.

Munyon's Cold Cure prevents pneumonia and breaks up a cold in a few hours. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Nerve Cure restores overworked and overstrained nerves to a healthy condition. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in three minutes. Price 25 cents.

Munyon's Vitalizer imparts new life, restores lost powers to weak and debilitated men. Price 31.

Munyon's Homeopathic Remedy Company put up specifics for nearly every disease, which are sold by all druggists, mostly for 25 cents a bottle.

With Munyon's Remedles every one can doctor themselves.

doctor themselves. tended the lumbermen a formal invitation to visit the grounds and a committee w probably be appointed by President Collithis morning to co-operate with the Atlan umbermen in entertaining the visitors while

in the city.

The party stopped in Chattanooga yester The party stopped in Chartanoga yeard day afternoon and last night, having left Nashville yesterday morning. Their special will go to Savannah via the Central railroad and officials of that road are making preparations to give them a fast trip; the schedule probably will equal that of the famous "Nancy Hanks," former-ly operated between Atlanta and Savannah

on that road. In Savannah the party will be quartered at the DeSoto hotel and will be royally entertained by the Savannah lumbermen and

Members of the party will take short excursions to points in the great forest regions near Savannah and in south Georgia and that section may profit materially by the visit of the northerners, they being capi-talists and lumbermen of good judgment and wide experience.

The great advantages of southern Georgia in the timber industry will be demonstrated to the visitors by the Savannahians and by

observation of the field. Professor John H. Long, of Northwestern university, pronounces Price's Cre ing Powder absolutely pure. ces Price's Cream Bak-

CRANE AS "BROTHER JOHN."

W. H. Crane, with his strong company of players, presented Margaret Morton's new comedy, "Brother John," to a large audience at the Grand last night. The play is a new one, having been first presented in Washington two weeks ago. It pleased the Atlanta audience very much and hids fair to be added to the list of successful American comedies. The company vas adequat and the scenery was good.

Robert Mantell Tonight.

Tonight Mr. Robert Mantell will present It has been several years since Mr. Mantell's last appearance here, but his production of "Monbars" lives in the memories of theatergoers and the audience

which will be present tonight is a proof of the fact.

"Monbars" is a five-act romantic drama adapted from the French of D'Ennery by Mr. Louis Nathal. It is of extremely clever construction and its plot is arranged on somewhat pleasingly original lines. Incidental to the play the costumes are gorgeous and exact reproductions of the period in which the events depicted occurred. The scenery is beautiful, and without being strained to produce too much realism, is quietly excellent. For the seatisfactory presentation of these and other accompaniments to the main feature of the drama, Mr. Mantell's careful personal supervision is to be credited. His details are the results of conscientious study, but these perfect details are almost St sight of in the intense interest which he commands for the central figure in the play—"Monbars." In all the many situations he is simply superb. of the fact. he is simply superb.

Rhea Coming. That charming artiste, Mile. Rhea, come to the Grand Monday and Tuesday for three performances. The opening bill Monday night will be "The Parisians." The same play will be repeated at the matinee Tuesday and for Tuesday night

matinee Tuesday and for Tuesday night Mile. Rhea will be seen in "Bonaparte at School" and the "New Magdalen."
Speaking of the "New Magdalen."
Speaking of the "New Magdalen."
The Richmond Dispatch says.
"In the evening Mile. Rhea appeared as Mercy Merrick in Wilkie Collins's 'The New Magdalen,' for the first time in Richmond. The play contains realism in its truest and best sense; it is intensely human and intensely dramatic; it deals with life as it is, and its influence is good without being didactic, morbid or insiple.
"Nothing could be more simple and natural than Rhea's work as Mercy Merrick, the picture enthralled by its literalness, its numerous cunning touches, its variseemblance."
Carrie Lamont for a Week at DeGive's

Carrie Lamont for a Week at DeGive's DeGive's opera house will be opened all next week, the Carrie Lamont stock comnext week, the Carrie Lamont stock com-pany holding the boards.

Carrie Lamont always plays at regular prices, but the management has decided to give a week at popular prices.

Miss Lamont and her stock company will

doubtless prove a drawing card. The opening bill for Monday night will be "Tre Buckeye." Matiness will be given Thursday and Saturday.

Rose Comedy Company. The Rose Comedy Company opened its engagement last night at the Marietta

BRESSESSES SERVESSESSES

Soothing Healing

**Pine Blossom** Soap

A Medicated Toilet Soap; made of the purest materials, and containing powerful curative properties, it is unsurpassed for softening, healing and beautifying the skin. IT CLEANSES and CURES.

AT ALL DRUGG FOSTER MEDICINE CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Price 25 cents,

A. K. HAWKES, Manufacturing Optician
12 WHITEHALL STREET,
ONE OF THE OLDEST HOUSES IN
THE UNITED STATES.
Established 1870.

# BELOW ZERO!

This blizzard breaks the record. We have sent a blizzard while zing through our Clothing and Underwear stock, and prices have dropped way below zero. This is a record breaker. Competition is frozen out. Why shiver when you can buy a heavy Overcoat for almost a song? Come let us warm you up.



street opera house to a very small austreet opera house to a very small audience, owing to the extreme coldness of the weather. The company presented the English drama, "Mabel Heath." The production was very well rendered and those who attended were greatly pleased.

The title role was filled by Miss Salled Minnie Williams a charming little access. Minnie Williams, a charming little actress, in a very satisfactory manner and she received much appliause. The specialties presented by Miss Viola Shannon and Mr. Edward Peel were well rendered.

There will be a matinee today and a performance tonight.

CHICAGO WANTS BETTER RATES. A Manufacturer Voices Chicago's Plea for Chenper Transportation.

Mr. E. S. Conway, of Chicago, manufact urer of pianos and organs, is in the city in consultation with the local representatives of his firm regarding a suitable exhibit of their goods at the exposition.

Mr. Conway has for the past ten years visited the southern states at least once a year, and each year, he states, he is more and more impressed with the advantages and natural resources of this section of country, and his prediction is that the increase in material wealth in the southern states will be more marked during the closing years than the north, east or west. His predictions are based on the fact of the excellent soil of the south, coupled with a climate second to none in the world. the world.

Touching the question of freight rates between the northwest and the south, he state that the Mississippi valley, namely, west of the Alleghanies and east of the Rocky mountains, is today the important factor in the commercial, agricultural and manufacturing interest of this country, and that it is absolutely necessary to the prosperity of each to have not only quicker mail and passenger service, but also freight rates to and from the north and west as advantageous as from the east. He states that ten years ago freight rates from his section to the south were simply a compilation of local rates on the vari-ous roads over which the freight was carried, making it in many instances cheaper to ship from Omaha or Chicago by way of Boston or New York to the southern states than be shipping direct. This condition, he asserted, has been materially changed during the last four or five years, but there is marked room for improvement in

Price's Cream Baking Powder will go farther than any other, because it's absolutely pure.

STUCKEY GETS TWENTY YEARS. Found Guilty of Voluntary Manslaughter for Killing Taylor.

Dublin, Ga., February 8 .- (Special.)-Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weath-er, the usual throng of spectators were present when court opened this morning. Stuckey, his faithful mother, Mrs. Gainey, Miss Ward, Mr. Nelson Stuckey, uncle of the prisoner, and five brothers sat sur-rounding the accused. Colonel Griner re-sumed his argument for the state, speaking a little over an hour. Colonel John M. Stubbs followed in behalf of the prisoner. In the midst of his address he scathingly rebuked a young member of the bar named Hollifild, saying that he justly deserved the condemnation of all right-thinking people, that he had made a bad beginning in his honorable profession of law and that it would stick to him so long as he lived. Stubbs accused Hollifield of questioning Stuckey and then make known his confes sion to the prosecution. Colonel Stubbs berated Hollifield for fifteen minutes. The remarks caused a flutter of excitement, bers of the bar commenting on

the members of the bar comments
the language used.
Hollifield was a state's witness on Thurs day and testified to a conversation he had with Stuckey recently.

Judge Hart's charge to the jury was concise and pointed. At 11 o'clock the jurors retired and discussed the case until o'clock, when they came down, desiring instructions connected with the latter part of the judge's charge. Judge Hart gave them the desired information and they re-

turned again to deliberate.

The jury in the Stuckey case reached a verdict a little before midnight. After considerable wrangling they brought in a verdict of voluntary manslaughter. Judge Hart, after asking the prisoner why sentence should not be impor why sentence should not be imposed, sen-tenced him to twenty years at hard labor in the penitentlary. Stuckey leaned on his cane, faltering at times, while sentence was being passed. His counsel asked for bond and it was granted in the sum of of the sheriff for the night. When his

AN EXECUTION IN SUMTER.

mother was informed of the sentence she

expressed deep grief. Stuckey, it is thought, will get a new trial. He will give

The Condemned Man Made His Hanging a Select Affair. Americus, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)— For eighteen years Sumter county has not

had a legal hanging until today, when Will Murray, a negro, paid the penalty in Will Murray, a negro, paid the penalty in the jail yard for the murder of Will Sims, a well known young farmer, who lived near DeSoto, in this county. Sims was overseeing a gang of road hands working a piantation road last July, and among the number was Murray, who was employed on the place that Sims controlled. Murray was noisy while at work and Sims reprimended him whereupon Murray. reprimanded him, whereupon Murray struck Sims on the head with a hoe, causstruck Sims on the head with a hoe, causing his death several days later. The exceution was private and was within a high fence erected back of the jail. Only ministers guards and persons invited by Murray were admitted. The representatives of the press even were excluded by order of the court. The representatives of The Times-Recorder and The Constitution were, however, admitted at the request of the condemned man, all other reporters as good. It's not true,

being excluded. Ed Westbrook, the other negro who was to have been hung todal with Murray, got an appeal to the supremate court a few days ago and escaped the gal-lows for the present.

WIGGINS SWINGS OFF.

He Declined to Make a Statement and Died Praying. Augusta, Ka., February 8.—(Special.)— Jabes Wiggins, the murderer of Policeman Murray and old man Davis, and who shot

dicemen Wrenn Stringer at the same me, was hanged today in the jail yard. He Wiggins was asked if he had anything to

say and began a kind of incoherent chant, running. "All of you come to God. Praise God. praise God." Further than this he said he wished to make no statement. When the drop fell he was chanting, "Save me Jesus; save me

God." His neck was broken

Birmingham, Ala., February 8.—Eugene Byars, who, on January 6, 1894, murdered and robbed his cousin, Eugene Walker, a sergeant in the United States army, while the latter was en route from Fort Nio-brara, Neb., to Eldridge, Ala., his home, with \$1,000 in his pocket, was hanged today in the jail yard in the presence of 100 peo-ple. Byars protested his innocence to the ple. Byars protested his last. The hanging passed off quietly.

Execution in Iowa. Fort Madison, Ia., February 8.-J. K. Cumberland was hanged here for murder at 11 o'clock this morning. He was unmoved and protested his innocence to the last.

Kept His Affairs to Himself. Athens, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—Mr. R. H. Day, of Indianapolis, arrived here tonight. He came to carry back with him the remains of his friend, Mr. R. L. Douglass, who died here Thursday evening. He said that Mr. Douglass was here simply to fill some orders for picture frames that to fill some orders for picture frames that he, Day, had taken last July. He said that Douglass was perfectly square in his dealing, but that he was quite peculiar in

regard to telling people anything about his family or himself.

Selma, Ala., February 8.—(Special.)— Lucius Williams, the negro who shot and killed Willie Lewis in front of Keipp's bar about a year ago, was convicted in the city court tonight and sentenced to twenty-

five years in the penitentiary.

The democratic primary election did not come off today, as M. L. Wood, the chairman of the executive committee, decided to postpone the election at a late hour last night to some future date so as to bring harmony in the democratic party, which was about to divide into two factions on account of the primary election

Poisons are not food. Therefore shun

dulterated baking powders. Dr. Price's is absolutely pure.

The Wrong Man Adjudged Insane. The Wrong Man Adjudged Insules.

From The Chicago Herald.

The danger of sending people to insule asylums on laic testimony was illustrated at Quincy, this state. The man really insule was not recognized by the officers of the court in which trial was to be had, while a witness called in support of the theory of mental unsoundness was himself. theory of mental unsoundness was himself put on the stand as the insane man and subjected to a number of questions. To these he gave coherent and proper answers, which served completely to prove his madness, and he was actually inside the county jail awaiting transportation to an asylum before he realized his own pre-dicament, and then in vain endeavored to convince the officers that they had made mistake. The more he protested the more they were convinced. When fiction presents like cases the imagination of the novelist is thought hyperbolic. The court

NEW UNION DEPOT. Jacksonville, Fla., Has a Fine New

that sentenced this man to impriso

as insane called in no medical adviser.

The big new union depot at Jacksonville, Fla., is now about completed and the Southern railway by its connections with the Florida Central and Peninsular railway, are right in it. All the through Florida passenger trains of the Southern railway enter the new station connecting closely with trains of diverging lines for all points in Florida. This gives the Southern railway a great advantage for Florida travel. feb-5-3t Depot.

William J. Meyers, a successful farmer, died near Windsor, N. C., Saturday. He was worth \$25,000, every cent of which he had made himself. What makes his success more remarkable, he could neither

#### A Bad State of Affairs. The people of the South are being

deceived in the purchase of imitation medicines. It's poor consola tion to a sick man to be told that the medicine offered him certainly wo n' do him any harm. This is the best reason why you should be sure to get the right medicine. Don't risk any of the many Liver Medicines which have sprung up in the Southto be sold in the place of Simmons Liver Regulator, put up by J. H. Zeilin& Co., with the Red Zon every pack age. Have nothing to do with any thing else, or any dealer who would persuade you that the many imita tions under different names are just



## THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, GA., February 9, 1895.

#### The Half Billion Bond Infamy De-

feated. In another place, we have taken occasion to congratulate the people of the state on the attitude of their congressmen toward the iniquitous bond issuing and currency contracting scheme formulated by the New York Chamber of Commerce at the dictation of the Wall street banks.

Congratulations of this kind ought not to be limited to Georgia. The victory gained by the people in the defeat of this measure belongs to all the states.

It was a measure involving the sacrifice of every interest of the people to the greed and avarice of the banking. bondholding and money lending classes. Although the scheme had behind it the earnest recommendations of a president elected by the democrats, there never was at any time any doubt as to the character of the legislation asked for nor any concealment of the intentions of those who had placed themselves behind the measure.

It was the purpose of those who concocted the infamy to make the British gold standard a permanency in our system by piling upon the shoulders of the producers of the country a gold debt of half a billion of dollars.

The defeat of the bill is in the nature of an emphatic victory for the people, but the victory would have been more to their taste and more substantial in its results if the democrats had accompanied their disapproval of the measure by constructive legislation on the line of the financial pledge of the Chicago platform. Such a measure, passed through the house, would receive a prompt approval in the senate, and while it might and probably would be vetoed by Mr. Cleveland, nevertheless congress and the party would be relieved of responsibility in the matter.

#### Another Bond Message.

Mr. Cleveland yesterday sent to congress another special message, announcing that he has completed a private dicker with certain native and foreign gold owners to dispose of sixty odd millions of coin bonds, running thirty years, at the rate of 3% per cent.

The main purpose of the message is to inform congress that Mr. Cleveland has entered into an arrangement with these gold owners, the arrangement to hold good for ten days, whereby he can sell gold bonds for 3 per cent providing congress will authorize gold bonds

The message is in all respects a very singular document to emanate from a man who is president of the United States, and who is supposed, by reason of the obligations he assumes, to have the interest of the people at heart. The message is simply an announcement that Mr. Cleveland has no regard whatever for the people of the country and that he has entered into an agreement with the gold interest to use his influence to bulldoze the people's congress into issuing gold bonds for the benefit of British bankers, and for the purpose of perpetuating the single gold standard, which, in the course of a few months, will rob the people of more than the whole sum of this sixty odd millions of bonds, principal and interest.

Mr. Cleveland is making more and more emphatic at each opportunity that offers his supreme contempt for the people and his enthusiastic devotion to the smallest interest of the money

#### The Law's Inhumanity.

Since New York and several other states have adopted the compulsory system of education, it will be of interest to read the story of a case under a similar law in England.

Henry Grainger, of Sunderland, had a large family and had been out of work for several months. He was in bad health and was utterly destitute. The unfortunate man was summoned before a magistrate for failing to send his children to school. He stated that he democrats, 57 republicans and 10 popuwas unable to feed and clothe them so that they could make a decent appear-

This did not satisfy the judge, who ordered him to pay a fine of five shillings. Grainger pleaded that he did not have a penny. Upon this showing he was sent to the county jail for three days. When his term expired he was turned out penniless and feeble into a terrible storm. He tried to walk to his home. fourteen miles away, and after making half the distance was picked up half frozen to death. The authorities then sent him to the workhouse, and soon after reaching it he died from ex-

to anybody, and in a week or two, if the orphans still fail to attend school. the orphans still fall to attend school, Nevada. New Hampshire, North Carothe law may take hold of Grainger's lina, North Dakota, Oregon, South Carothem a reasonable amount of aid. The

widow and lock her up, leaving her chil-

Such things are allowed to nose with out notice in a country which has or-ganized a crusade against the south on account of our alleged barbarism.

The Georgia Delegation.

With one single exception-that of Mr. Turner, of the eleventh district-the Georgia congressmen opposed the infamous bond bill and currency contraction scheme dictated by the Wall street banks.

The attitude of the Georgia delega tion at this hour of the day is an assurance to the people that those whom they selected to guard and protect their interests at Washington have proved faithful to their trust. Behind this infamous bond scheme were the power and influence of Mr. Cleveland, and the combined induence of the eastern banks, bondholders, and money sharks, as well as the force of that sort of public opinion that obsequiously waits on the desires of the capitalist classes.

While it is not at all surprising that these influences have been unable to reach Georgia's congressmen, nevertheless the fact that they were practically solid against the infamous scheme is something for the people to remember and be grateful for. The attitude of the members of the delegation toward the bond bill touches not only the obligations they were under to guard the interests of the people. but involves their fealty to their party. That, in the midst of the chaos and confusion that prevail in Washington, they were true to the people and to the democratic party is worthy of remark.

The unanimity of their opposition to the infamous scheme for the enrichment of the banks and bondholders, shows that the financial issue-representing the contest for supremacy that is now going on between the people and the money power-is the rallying point for all true democrats Fortunate. ly for the people and fortunately for the party, this issue, on which the party can harmonize and unite, is the most important, in all respects, that has arisen during the past thirty years.

When, therefore, The Constitution sees the Georgia congressmen, representatives of the democratic party, practically unanimous in opposing a scheme which is not the less infamous because it has the endorsement of Mr. Cleveland, it feels like congratulating the party in the south on the event. The only support the scheme received from Georgia was the vote of Mr. Turner, of the eleventh district.

What particular interest the people of his district have in maintaining the sin- given below: gle gold standard, or in increasing the public debt, or in retiring the greenbacks, or in placing the currency of the country in control of the banking corporations, we do not know. But we do know that the defeat of the scheme in a democratic house and by democratic votes is as significant and as hopeful a victory as the party has achieved in any quarter since the war. It is a victory for the people and the people's interests as opposed to the selfish greed of the money

Mr. Cleveland's Lucky Friend.

The announcement is made that Mr. E. C. Benedictt, the well-known Wall street banker and broker, whose intimacy with Mr. Cleveland has frequently caused comment, is about to retire from business. He has accumulated a large fortune, and now desires to devote his time to more congenial pursuits than speculation.

Possibly Mr. Benedict will enter politics. Of late years it has been a common thing for our rich men to go into public life. Mr. Cleveland's friend may be no exception to the rule.

It must be very gratifying to the president to note his friend's good fortune, especially as he himself has apparently kept pace with him in prosperity. Mr. Cleveland is said to be several times a milionaire, and common report has it that his rapid rise to fortune dates from his intimate friendship with the Wall street broker. Naturally, it would please him to see Mr. Benediet go into politics and rise to a high station. The good understanding between the two would probably continue, and they would aid each other just as they have done in their wide field of speculation. Somehow, we cannot resist the belief that the names of Cleveland and Benedict are destined to linked together in our history.

The Vote in Detail. sentatives on Thursday on the Cleve land-Springer bill to issue \$500,000,000 in gold bonds and retire all the greenbacks and coin notes was 297. Of those voting, 136, including Springer, who changed his vote to move a reconsideration, supported Mr. Cleveland, and 161 opposed him. The affirmative vote included 91 democrats and 45 republicans, while the opposition was made up of 94 lists, including Newlands, of Nevada, who is more of a silver man than a populist. As there were several general pairs out they would show, if included, a few more democrats against and a few more republicans for the bill than appear on the yea and nay vote. The populists were solid, and each of the other parties gave a majority in

the negative. The bill was supported by all those voting from Connecticut, Delawars, Maine, Maryland, New York, Rhode Island and Vermont, seven states; and by a majority from Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Wisconsin, five states. It was opposed by all those voting from Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Carolina, South Dakota, Washington and Wyoming, fifteen states; and by a ma-jority from Alabama, California, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia, thirteen states. Florida and Kentucky were equally divided, and the member from Idaho, who would have voted against the bill, was absent. The vote by states, there fore, was 13 aye, 28 no and 2 divided,

one negative state being unrepresented There were 185 democrats recorded. Of the 40 from states east of Ohio and north of the Potomac river, 39 voted for the bill and only one (Sibley, of Pennsylvania,) against it. Of the 62 west of Pennsylvania and north of the line of the Ohio river, 31 voted aye and 31 voted no. Of the 83 democrats south of the Potomac and Ohlo river lines, 21 voted for the bill and 62 voted against the bill. Of the 31 western democrats-in the affirmative-eight come from Wisconsin and Minnesota, where the democratic organization is gold standard through and through, and twelve come from Columbus, Toledo, Indianapolis, Chicago, Detroit, Milwhukee, Kansas City, St. Louis and San Francisco. Cuckoos like Springer, Outhwaite and Bynum are not without their influence in this expiring congress. Of these 31 only four will be in the next

Of the 21 southern democrats who voted for gold bonds and to retire greenbacks, the cities of Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, Richmond and New Orleans send six; the other 15 are scattered all about. Only Clarke and Harrison of Alabama, Cooper of Florida. Turner of Georgia, Berry of Kentucky, Meyer of Louisiana, Patterson and Washington of Tennessee, Crain of Texas, and Turner of Virginia, are re-elected.

An analysis of the republican vote shows a very serious division. All the epublicans from Connecticut, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, (except Wal ker, who was angry because he couldn't get his own bill), New York and Vermont and a majority from Pennsylvania and Wisconsin voted for the bill. The republican vote of California, Illi-(all but two), Indiana, Iowa (all but one), Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan. Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Ohio (all but one), Oregon. South Dakota, Tennessee and Washington was cast against the bill. Minnesota was equally divided. No southern republican voted for the bill, and only nine western republicans, Chicago, Cincinnati, Minneapolis and St. Paul furnishing four of the latter. On the other hand, 47 western republicans voted sgainst the bill. Of the 43 republicans north of the Potomac river and east of Ohio only seven voted against gold bonds and the retirement of the greenbacks, while 36 supported Mr. Cleveland. The split in both par ties is decided. The vote by states is

ontana. New Hamb New Jersey New York... North Care West Virginia ...

Wyoming.. .. .. Total.. .. .. .. 91 The Pacific Railway Companies.

It is to be regretted that the relations of the Pacific rallway companies to the government still remain without any satisfactory adjustment. The government advanced bonds

aid the construction of these railways at a time when we had many other pressing financial burdens. At that time capitalists were very slow to purchase the bonds. They knew that the government backed them, but they preferred other investments. So the Pacific railway bonds went begging, and Mr. C. P. Huntington and his associates, who constructed the first forty-mile section of the road at the California end, were so much discouraged that during the first few years of the enter-The total vote in the house of repres prise they would gladly have sold out at a big sacrifice. The Union and Central Pacific roads expended a large sum of money to complete their contract with the government in about half the time prescribed. The companies lost millions of dollars by this hurried policy, and the government gained. The bonds declined from their face value in gold to about 40 cents, while the public lands along the lines of the road rapidly increased in value. Since the opening of the through line the net saving to the treasury has been not less than \$150,000,000 by the creation of these transportation facilities.

Under the circumstances, when we consider the increased value of these roads in developing the country and saving money to the government, it would seem that the matured bonds should be extended for a reasonable time so that the roads will have a chance to pay their indebtedness. We advocate no special plan, but it strikes us that the projectors of a gigantic enter prise which has about doubled the wealth and power of this country should not be dealt with in a Shylock fashion They have done a great work in the face of tremendous obstacles. When their obligations are due it can do no

opposite policy would have left us with out these roads, and we would still have been going thousands of miles out of our way to reach the Pacific coast, and our overland government service would have cost us many extra millions of dollars.

More Cotton Mill Talk.

The Constitution's advices yesterday from Boston in regard to a legislative commission's pending inquiry into the status of the cotton mill industry in Massachusetts, made very interesting

Hon. William C. Levering admitted all the advantages of a southern loca-tion, but he claimed that the repeal of the restrictive labor legislation of Mass achusetts would counteract the danger of southern competition. He believed that southerners could not attend looms successfully, and predicted that labor legislation would come immediately in the south. Mr. Levering's views were dissented

from by some of the other witnesses before the commission. Mr. Nichols, of the Dwight company, said that his concern had already built a mill in the south. It could not waste time fighting restrictive legislation at home. One of the witnesses stated that southern white mill hands were more intelligent than those employed in the northern mills. Mr. Healy, of Fall River, said that he had contended for six years that the south had the advantage the north in manufacturing, and this fact had now been proved. Mr. Stanwood, a census special agent, said that in the southland, buildings, coal, cotton, labor and machinery all cost less than in the north.

Only one of the witnesses, Mr. Levering, attempted to make the point that outhern mill labor is inefficient. A similar statement was made a short time ago in The New York Dry Goods

Black labor is lazy and inefficient. Negroe cannot be trained to perfect skill nor steady industry. Where a high degree of skill is required they cannot compete with white men, nor can they produce as much in a given time, • • • therefore they cannot compete in the production of high-grade fabrics. That bars the south in fine goods, and as it can only make coarse cotton can only challenge New England in the

Of course, all this is the result of gross misinformation, and the Raleigh correspondent of The New York Evening Post makes this reply:

All this seems very amusing in view of the fact that there is not a negro cotton mill operative in either of the Carolinas, and, as far as I am informed, there is not one in the entire south. The operatives of the southern cottonmills are all white and nearly all of them natives of the southern states and the fact that white operatives will not work with negroes, even if the mill owners desired to employ the latter, is sufficient by white labor indefinitely. As to the efficiency of this native white

labor of the south—it is already acknowledged by Northern mill men, and much of it is already "skilled," and a great deal more of it is becoming skilled every year A number of mills for the manufacture o finer grades of goods have been built in the south during the last year, and many of those now projected and under way will not confine their operations to "the coarser grades of goods."

The best thing for us is to have the discussion proceed. With eastern mills moving south, legislative commissions of inquiry, and the people of the whol country talking about the south and her advantages, the facts are bound to come out, and the facts are all on our

#### The Herald as a Literary Factor.

The New York Herald now beats every previous literary prize offer by promi ing four prizes amounting in the aggre gate to \$16,000.

The first prize of \$10,000 will be given for the best serial novel of from 50,000 to 75,000 words by an American writer novelette of between 15,000 and 25,000 words, another prize of \$2,000 for the best short story of from 6,000 to 10,000 words, and \$1,000 for the best American historic epic poem.

The manuscripts will be examined by a committee of three appointed by The Herald, who will select three of the best of each kind. These will all be published successively in the paper, and the readers will decide by ballot to which production of each class the

prize shall be awarded. It is a stroke of splendid enterprise on the part of The Herald, and we be lieve that it will add some productions of permanent value to our literature. The idea of allowing the readers to act as judges and award the prizes is unique, and the result will doubtless

be satisfactory. In the old days our magazines and literary weeklies frequently offered prizes for the best stories and poems, but the New York paper's big offer is unprecedented.

EDITORIAL COMMENT. A novel whose object is the exploitation of the silver question is certainly a novel with a purpose, and Mr. R. S. Dement has had a rather hard task in his "Ronbar: A Counterfelt Presentment"-the counter feit presentment being the silver dollar-to satisfy the western and southern demand for free silver literature and the eastern demand for a story. On the whole he has done very well, for the reader hardly notices the preaching. It is very cleverly and very dexteriously wrought into the thread of the story.

The fact that a man down in Mississipp found \$00,000 in gold buried in a field the other day would seem to demand that another cabinet meeting be held at once to consider the financial situation.

The mercury in the thermometer and the gold reserve in the treasury are having very exciting race for low-tide honors.

Thomas Jofferson wrote: "The love of order and obedience to the laws, which so remarkably characterize the citizens of the United States, are sure pledges of internal tranquility, and the elective franchise, if guarded as the ark of our safety, will peaceably distincts all combinations." will peaceably dissipate all combinations to subvert a constitution dictated by the wisdom and resting on the will of the people."

A young woman has applied for the place of public executioner in Vienna. Some land in New York city has been

. The man who asks, "Is it cold enough for you?" might rub against sero every day and his cheeks would still be red-hot.

JUST FROM GRORGIA

Weather Observations. We air got a power o' weather. An' we're freezin' all together, You, Molly! wrap yer shawl aroun' yes

Jest think o' mountains freezin', When the prospec's wuz so pleasin', an' skatin' on the mill ponds o' the south!

Ain't seen no sich a ruction sence the days o' reconstruction. John, shovel that 'ere snow from roun

With the cattle all a special An' the milk an' butter freezin', An' the tax receiver l'arnin' how to skate

Don't know what they're contrivin'.

Bill Jones wuz froze up drivin', An' his widder's took with hardest kind chills; An' the major ain't so frisky Sence the ice froze all his whisky,

the moonlight wouldn't melt aroun the stills. It's cold, an' don't you doubt it: But thar's jest this much about it: If the weather freezes everybody right, An' the blizzard is a hummer, We will never sweat in summer,

Fer the old south is a-goin' out o' sight!

Scenes in the South. "What's that place over yander?"
"That's whar Bill Brown froze to death." "That's whar the Jinkins gais fell in the

'An' that ere place to the left?" "That's whar the preacher froze when he wuz a-preachin' o' Bill Brown' All sufferers from the cold in con

south should not neglect to bring their stoves and overcoats with them. We need assistance down here in the thawing out A Southern Valentine.

Here's a song o' sunshine! Let us all be merry! Here's a regular valentine Fourteenth February! Heart of mine, I love you-

Take, oh, take this violet— If it doesn't snow! Queenliest woman 'neath the sun, (When he's shining nice;) Come to me, divinest one, Through a wall of icel

Like a red rose is thy moutn; (Stick this partridge feather In your hat, and through the south Let us skate together!)

Georgia has been very quiet of late po itically. We haven't had a dozen elections since January. Augusta is going ahead in the chautau qua business and The Chronicle and the

rest of them are in their glory. A Compliment to Milton. palm off on us is from Milton's "Paradise

Editor-I know it. We'll write the whole thing up and then send Milton a marked copy of the paper!

It is rumored that Texas is to give us a new southern magazine. All right; we need one for every writer, and the more

The Exception to the Rule. "There's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip, colonel." the lip, colonel."
"Not for me, sir; I use a quart meas-

Think of it-a man arrested thirteen mes for making moonshine whisky, and still the stills go on! The Old Man's Idea of It.

"Dey's mo' chance fer niggers under dis ministration. "In what way?"

"Well, dey keeps on a-issuin' bonds, an' dat's des what a nigger needs when de jail gits him!"

#### IN GEORGIA SANCTUMS.

One of the best portraits published lately The Atlanta Financial Index is that of Mr. Peter C. Burum, a leading banker Augusta. Mr. Burum has served as preient of the Augusta Steamboat Company dent of the Augusta Steamboat Company and the Augusta exchange, and is now president of the Commercial bank, and senior member of the firm of Burum, Miller & Co. He stands in the front rank of southern financiers, and is a liberal and enterprising citizen. The Index is making a specialty of its portraits of distinguished financiers.

Editor Stovall of The Savannah Press makes this comment:
"Augusta reporters sometimes create their own diversions. A few months ago E. J. Faure accidentally shot himself with a pistol, and now Mr. J. J. Hyams takes laudanum instead of cough medicine. Jake Hyams is too bright a reporter to be shut out by a leap in the dark." nakes this comment: The editor of the Spring Place Jimple

cate makes this interesting announcement:

NVe have opened up a blind tiger and
have a full stock of jag juice. A convenient back door is kept for our local option
patrons and we insure them absolute privacy." akes this interesting announ Editor John F. Barnwell, of The Al

pharetta Enterprise, announces in his lass issue that he would suspend the publication of said paper and move the outfit to e he will begin the publication

Macon is to have a new afternoon paper Messrs. G. W.F. Price and J. T. Boifeuillet are interested in the new publication, which will appear about February 15th.

The Cedartown Standard disapproves a great question briefly, as follows: "They can argify about it, But w'en yer come ter sense, The biggest thing about the earth Is its circumference."

The Cochran Telegram shows many im

#### WILL BUILD THE HOME.

Grand Master Shannon Says the Masons Will Have an Orphanage. Hon. John P. Shannon, of Elberton, grand mister of the Masonic frateraity of Geor-gia, was in the city yesterday, and he re-ported progress in the work of securing a home for the orphans of the Masons of

nome for the splant the state.

"Our plan to buy the Soldiers' home here didn't work," said he, "but we have a good plan that we will shortly put before the principal cities of the state, and which we believe will result in bringing about what we want. The Masons are determined to have a home, and when we failed to make the arrangements we wanted to make with the representatives of the Soldiers' home we in mediately cast about for some other

we in mediately cast about for some other plan.

"What we will do now is to submit a proposition to build the home in the city which will after us the best inducements. That proposition will be made in a short while either through circulars or by a special committee appointed to visit the cities. Tes, the matter is being worked up, and we will succeed in establishing the institution yet."

From The Albany, Ga., Herald.

The Constitution's Sunday cartoon was a

TALK OF THE TOWN.

"Say, when are you going to send that coal out here?"
"What's lump coal worth today?"
"Send me out a haif ton of good coal

right away."
These and similar messages rattled into tire day. The Con stitution's telephone number is very sin ilar to that of a well known company when pro-nou ced. The telephone girls founded the two about half the time,

the sound was so

"I guess you are mistaken in the place," the coal were invariably told. The demand for was remarkably large yesterday and Constitution's telephone was kept ringing. "About \$7 a ton. I she

, what's good lump coal worth to-shouted one shivering individual. out \$7 a ton, I should say.". I told "What!!!"

"Worth every cent of it."
"You're guessing, ain't you?"
"Do you know how cold it is? Wh
you expect to get coal for, anyway?"
"Four dollars and a half would be

right."
"Well, how much do you want?"
"I don't want any, sir."
The telephone girl gently told him that
he was dallying with the wrong telephone, Queer things happen with telephones. The other morning the telephone in the office of a very

bright young Atlanman rang long 5 and vigorously. "Hello!" said the young man in his best business tone. "Say, what about

"Say, what and wag on?" shouted an excited voice. The man evidently thought he was conversing with the police station.
"Do you know," said the young man at the 'phone, "it's a funny thing about that turnout. Mule just run away down here turnout. Mule just run away down here on Wheat street and tore up everything in

"G-r-e-at J-e-h-osaphat! Is that so?" shrieked the voice. "Tear up the wagon?" "Tear it up? Just made kindling wood "Tear it up? Just out of it that's all."

"Jeminy! and the mule?"
"Oh, the mule, he's all right. Just dashed into Big Bethel church and Troke his hind leg. A policeman shot him."
"Well, I'll— Anything else?"
"No, policeman's looking for the man
that owned the team to make him pay
about \$40-damage caused by the runaway.

damage caused by the runawa There was a boud metallic bang at the telephone and a 'The holy Moses!"

Yesterday was a shivering day. clothing-even seemed but protection from the raging cold. "If it does not get warmer in the next

twenty-four I'll freeze to death, said a shivering citizen yesterday. can't keep just warm. I've got on the heaviest over-

been made and I but ton it up tight when I go out. The wind cuts through it like a knife. When I go indoors I can't eget warm, no matter how big a fire I have, It's perfectly fearful. What's a man to do? It looks barbarou for a man to freeze to death in this goodly

land, but it seems that some of us will if it does not get warmer."

This was the plant of a well-conditioned man, with plenty of good clothing and good fires. He was serious about his trou-bles and really seemed to fear that he would be frozen stiff before the cold spell left. What must have been the feelings of the poorer classes yesterday who were without either warm elothing or fuel? If the man who remained in doors all day complained of the co.d. what strong right had the hapless motormen and the All day long they had to face the gale that blew icily in their faces. Icicles hung from their beards and their limbs were numb with cold This for hours and hours.

Notwithstanding all of this among the loudest kickers were the men who were not obliged to leave their offices except to go home.

Washington street "was the scene at Mr. Jake Haas's resevery puff of the wind came against the cheeks of the fremen like a from knife blade. They ught the blaze as unmindful of the udful.

fought the blaze as fought the blaze as if unmindful of the peather. stream shot through the air and in the bright light glenmed like a damond rambow. The wind swept it away in gusts and it came raining down like sleet, freezing before it struck the

"The water poured from the roof and froze as it fell, leaving pretty icicles hang-ing all around the edges. The frozen wa-ter baptized the trees in the lawn and clung to their limbs like heavy sleet. They were completely coated with ice and is were completely coated with loe and in the strong light the ice-covered trees, the lawn and the house that looked like an ice palace on fire presented a weirdly beauti-ful scene. I have never seen anything to equal it. It was a sight that held the attention of many a spectator, although the wind and cold were almost unbearable."

CAPTAIN M. C. BLAINE HERE.

A First Cousin of the Late James G. Blaine in Atlanta for Recreation. Captain M. C. Biaine, of the United States army, stationed at Fort Buford, N. D., is at the Ballard house in this city and will spend several weeks here under ment for catarrh by Dr. A. W. Calh Captain Blaine is a first cousin to the late James G. Blaine, of Maine. He is a son of S. L. Blaine, of Kentucky, who was a

rother to the father of the late secretary

of state. Captain Elaine enjoys the rank of captain Captain Easine enjoys the rank of captain in the army by reason of his appointment about fifteen years ago as chapiain in the army. He is by virtue of this office superintendent of education of Fort Buford, which is a garrison of negro soldiers. He talks interestingly about his work there and says there are about ninety students under his direction three, it being the duty of the chapiain of a garrison to teach the of the chapiain of a garrison to teach the liliterate soldiers at the command. When asked how the negroes endure the cold out in North Dakota, Captain Biaine replied

in North Dakota, Captain Blaine replied that they do not seem to suffer from it any more than do the whites.

Captain Blaine was reared in Kentucky. His cousin, the late James G. Blaine, was reared in Pennsylvania, but after graduating from college went to Captain Blaine's father's home in Kentucky and spent about three years of his life there. In this way Captain Blaine and his distinguished cousin were thrown a great deal together in their younger days.

There are about thirty chaplains in the United States army and Captain Blaine, who estered the ministry after the war of the rebellion, was appointed one of these chaplains.

### INFIDEL INGERSOLL

He Talks About Various Topics. Life, and the South.

SAYS HE DOESN'T MIND OPPOSITION

Something About the Eloquent Lawren Who Is Now Traveling in Georgia.

There was a fat man with a round face, cleand shaved and beaming with quaint bu mor aboard the Georgia railroad train yesterday en route to Macon.

His ruddy complexion and bright eyes sparkled in contrast to his hoary ail white with the frosts of years, and the way in which he eyed every passenger that entered the car with a keen, cutting and inquiring glance made him conspicuous in the car.

He was Bob Ingersoll, the infidel. "Hello, colonel, how far are you going?" asked Conductor Perkins, as he came up to

collect tickets.

"Macon," said Colonel Ingersoll, smiling at the familiarity with which the conductor had greeted him. tor had greeted him.

There was soon a group of interested interests around the man who has no belief in the hereafter as laid down by orthodox

echings.
"You are traveling through the south on a lecturing tour are you not, Colonel Inger-scil?" asked one of the party. "Yes, you might call it that," said the

agnestic once more smiling in a very viva us manuer for one so old as he appeared. "Wl at do you think of the south so far?" "A d-n pror country so far as sold in concerned, but a very pleasant section to bury sure, otherwise. I trust you appreciate my cander. Look at that land out of the wis-

dow-why, it doesn't seem to be able to

rout a cowpea without the assistance

a sprouting machine, whatever that may be, I don't know whether all the land a like this or not, but it does certainly strike me that this is no particularly good farming He was told that he was in a narrow b. cality of barren sandy land not common throughout the south.
"I do hope so," said the world's champion

infidel.

"The people of the south don't go about farming in the right way," he resumed after a moment's hesitation. "The man who grows cotton is going to get poors." every year, while the man who rais thing to eat for sale, who raises cattle, hogs, fine stock and such things is going to grow rich. Cotton is a sorry crop, anhow. Why the people want to be raising it

When do you lecture in Atlanta?' asked "I think it's the 13th. I go to Macon and Columbus and several other places before i my visit to Atlanta with a great deal pleasure. I have heard a great deal of the thrift and industry that characterize is citizens. The exposition is certainly advertising Atlanta, or Atlanta is advertising the exposition, I don't know which, but

wherever you go you hear of the two together."
He was asked about what was said of him in Atlanta.
"You see that's an old story. I hear such things wherever I go. These preachers narrow creeds defame a man on account his convictions without knowledge of whi

they're talking. It's a case of evolution after all, and the baboon, from which man sprung, shows up ever and anon.

"They go about the world preaching etc-They go about the world preaching ele-nal punishment—all emotion, and hardy decent emotion at that. You find them ev-erywhere ready to light upon any man with has genuine desire to study out the que-tion of life. These sectarian collegewhy they are stormbeds of ignorance. The don't stop to study life as it is. They don't study that the corn stalk you see out the window there was years age more than a worthless weed, and that it has been cultivated and gradually turned to ever give the slightest consideration to the fact that the cabbage was once nothing more than a little marine plant with a head no larger than the end of my a worthless weed, and that by gradual cul-tivation it is now a commodity of market

and a giver of life.
"But it isn't worth while to talk about that. What I would like to see these preachers preach most of all is int

"And what's that?" asked a listener.
"Why, we are all the same family.
are all of the same tree. Let us be ha are all of the same tree. Let us be happy and see the bright side of life. Let us be broad minded. Let us not be angry with each other. We are here together, living un-der the same blue sky, with the same air to der the same blue sky, with the same air lobreathe, the same environments encircling us. Why should we not be happy and make the best of life? Why should these people flaunt into the faces of their congregations the idea of eternal pain and damnation? Why should they find it necessary to go to legislature and ask for laws to protect their Bible, to keep men from laughing at it? Why is it they have this to do? Why le it they don't have to ask the legislature to frame laws preventing people from laughing at Shakespeare's writings? Oh well, the preachers are getting gradually more liberal every year of the world. The are seeing things in a broader light and things are working out all right, it seems to me, for the dawning of the bright sun of higher education, advanced thought and betelectual hospitality among mankind—"But I leave you here. Good luck to year.

"But I leave you here. Good luck to you my friends!"
With this the big fat orator stepped from his train and boarded another th take him to Macon, where he was to lee

POSTPONED FOR THE TERM. The Trial of the Worley Case Will

Not Occur Next Week. The trial of the alleged conspirators, charged with the killing of Henry Worler, that was entered on the docket as the first case for next Monday morning will not be tried at the present term of the federal court. court. Colonel Joe James, the district attorner

Colonel Joe James, the district attorney, says: "It will be impossible for us to get some of our witnesses here in the Worler case and we do not think there is time enough to notify witnesses in the Blankh-ship case, hence they both will go over far the term."

The ablest lawyers in north Georgia, including Messra. B. H. and C. D. Hill, Colonel T. R. Jones, Colonel W. C. Glenn, He. A. S. Clay, Judge J. C. Fain and other have been employed to defend the parties

have been employed to defend indicted.

SKATING AT PONCE DE LESS.

Were on the Lake.

The cold wave provided amusement to a large number of people yesterday who have a fendness for ice skating.

The lake at Ponce de Leon was frusted and all day a crowd of skatars about the shining ice.

There are a number of expert skater is Atlanta who never miss an opportunity enjoy a few hours in the sport and the were in their giee yesterday.

were in their giee yesterday.

The lake has not been frozen so an uniber of years and the ice is the enough to support as many as can veniently skate on it.

A large party is organizing to go out day and pass he hours in the special party and pass he hours in the special party is organized.

Busy and Excit

SPAT BETWEEN But the Dove of P Over All as

ing Cross Examin Clear Stories o All testimony in the right, Locney and ne more chapter ren

At 3 o'clock Monda

Wright and Looney

THE DET

rgument. Three hou this purpose. Then of the board. The closing session itnessed.

It was a war of we and two lawyers class recharged in a conticitement. The air we at blood heat and for nent, but sober seco Solicitor Charley I charge which he und plied against him is Colonel W. C. Glenn had given Detective for bringing a num

room and vigorously Solicitor Hill was when the examination Mr. Monaghan and o the charge. Flushed Hul, in the midst of t rapidly to where Color tectives were sitting. whispered conversat that they had meant Mr. Hill was not quickly towards the eyes flashed fire and

"Mr. Chairman, and relaimed, in a loud, to say that if any me sinuates that I gar with any idea of incases to the superior infamous and so per that the prince of 16

The house was in the opinion of all that as Mr. Hill stood in re lips nervously and lo tain English, who v explanation of Mr. ing it with assured Mr. Hill the "It was so reported icitor, "and I want as denouncing such a "I told Mr. Hill," s nothing of the kind did Looney."

A few sharp words

the crowd applauded.

man English suid th

exhibition would sto ed to his seat and tness then on the The Solicitor When the witness Hill took the stand. He referred to a le ad been made durin tective Looney. T allowed to go in as er written by Looney to to helding up an indiction to court against a man we wable information to ing cases. It is under was the man referred of putting the letter is was to show by the shan had divul "I want to say," sa I attached no import

brought to the grand an attempt to show after it sot to my lutely false, and I de "And I want to say the two reasons that to carry the gamblic court. Their distillations are the same to the same to the same to the same to carry the gamblic court. court. Their dislike they say was caused

the grand jury invitounded. I know the thing detrimental to cept possibly in refer "Now, in regard to imposed: That was no the investigation by charges against the charges against the Now, except in sever given by Judge Cla ourt. He has received, and there have I

the letter. I paid no letter is not worth though, that it in no guilt or innocence. T "Now, in reference list," continued Mr. that it was mutilate

# INGERSOLL

rious Topics. Life, and South. .

MIND OPPOSITION the Eloquent Lawyer

aveling in Georgia.

man with a round face,

st to his hoary locks, frosts of years, and the ed every passenger that le him conspicuous i

ersoll, the infidel ow far are you going? rkins, as he came

ng through the south or te you not, Colonel Inger-d the party. smiling in a very viva

ery pleasant section to be trust you appreciate my that land out of the wian't seem to be able to out the assistance ne, whatever that may whether all the land is it it does certainly strike particularly good farming

he south don't go about ight way," he resumed hesitation. The man is going to get poorer he man who raises some-

18th. I go to Macon and t I am looking forward to ta with a great deal of heard a great deal of the try that characterize its on is certainly adve

about what was said of

an old story. I hear such I go. These preachers of fame a man on account of ithout knowledge of what It's a case of evolution he baboon, from which we up ever and anon, the world preaching eterall emotion, and hardly that. You find them evolution is the story of th that. You find them ev-light upon any man who e to study out the ques nese sectarian colleges— mbeds of ignorance. They y life as it is. They don't was years ago nothing d and gradually turned n, a useful thing for t n and beast. They do and that by gradual cul-

the same family. We tree. Let us be happy side of life. Let us be t us not be angry with here together, living un-sky, with the same air to environments encircling e not be happy and make Why should these people es of their congregations al pain and damnation? nake life a burden? Why nake life a burden? way to necessary to go to legfor laws to protect their meron laughing at it; as to ask the legislatures reventing people from espeare's writings? Ohes are getting gradually espeare's writings? On, s are getting gradually year of the world. They in a broader light and out all right, it seems to ng of the bright sun of vanced thought and in-

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FOR THE TERM. e Worley Case Will

ONCE DE LEON.

the Lake.

byided amusement for a pole yesterday who have kating. to de Leon was frozen crowd of skaters akim-

er of expert skaters in the sport and the

Testimony in the Detectives Trial Brought to an End.

a Busy and Exciting Day Before the

SPAT BETWEEN HILL AND GLENN

But the Dove of Peace Soon Hovered Over All as Per Custom.

ALL THE DETECTIVES TESTIFY

Wright and Looney Subjected to Searching Cross Exam nation-They Told

Clear Stories of Their Actions

All testimony in the trial of Detectives Wright, Locney and Cason is finished. Only

one more chapter remains. At 2 o'cleck Monday afternoon the board of police commissioners will meet to hear argument. Three hours will be allowed for this purpose. Then will come the decision

The closing session yesterday afternoon was climaxed by the stormiest scene yet

It was a war of words-of bitter wordsand two lawyers clashed steel, charged and echarged in a contest of breathiess excitement. The air was lurid. Feeling was at blood heat and for a while it looked as if a serious personal difficulty was imini nent, but sober second thought prevailed and a shaking of hands followed the shak-

Solicitor Charley Hill, infuriated by a charge which he understood had been im plied against him in the questioning of Colonel W. C. Glenn to the effect that he had given Detective Looney an overcoat for bringing a number of gaming cases to the superior court, appeared in the court room and vigorously denounced the charge. Solicitor Hill was not in the chamb when the examination of Looney was in progress. When he entered Mr. Rucker, Monaghan and others informed him of the charge. Flushed with anger Soliciton Hill, in the midst of the proceedings, strode rapidly to where Colonel Glenn and the dectives were sitting. There was a short whispered conversation in which Colone Glenn and Detective Looney disclaimed that they had meant anything of the kind Mr. Hill was not pacified. He turned eyes flashed fire and his body swayed with

"Mr. Chairman, and commissioners," he exclaimed, in a loud, strong tone, "I want insinuates that I gave Looney a present with any idea of indusing him to bring cases to the superior court, he tells a lie so infamous and so perfect in all its parts that the prince of liars would be jealous

The house was in confusion and it was as Mr. Hill stood in reach of Colonel Glenn. lips nervously and looking directly at Captain English, who was making a hurried explanation of Mr. Glenn's position and punctuating it with loud gavel taps. He red Mr. Hill that it was his opinion that nothing of the kind had been charged. "It was so reported to me," answered the olicitor, "and I wanted to be put on record

thing of the kind was intended, and so

A few sharp words were exchanged and the crowd applauded.

man English suid that he hoped such an exhibition would stop. Solicitor Hill walked to his seat and the examination of a witness then on the stand proceeded.

The Solicitor as a Witness. When the witness was dismissed Solicitor Hill took the stand.

He referred to a letter to which referen been made during the examination of Detective Looney. The letter had not been allowed to go in as evidence. It was a note written by Looney to Mr. Hill in reference holding up an indictment in the superior court against a man who had furnished valtable information to the detectives in gamates. It is understood that Bill Brown was the man referred to. The real purpose was to show by the defense that Mr. John

"I want to say," said the solicitor, "that attached no importance in the world to the letter. I paid no attention to it. This etter is not worth consideration. I'll say, though, that it in no way affects Looney's nocence. There's nothing in it. Now, in reference to that mutilated ontinued Mr. Hill, "I want to say

that it was mutilated before it was ever brought to the grand jury. There has been attempt to show that it wa mutilated

itely false, and I denounce it.
"And I want to say another thing about the two reasons that induced the detectives to carry the gambling cases to the city irt. Their dislike to Monaghan, which they say was caused by his action during the grand jury investigation, was un ded. I know that he never said any-

thing detrimental to the detectives except possibly in reference to that letter. "Now, in regard to the amount of fine cosed: That was not agitated until after stigation by the grand jury of the charges against the detectives for bribery.

Now, except in several instances, the fines
given by Judge Clark to gamblers were Just as heavy as those put on in the city art. He has recently fined McElveen \$600, and there have been other heavy fines. Judge Clark is a man who never does any-thing that is wrong. He knows how to Clark is a man who never does any-that is wrong. He knows how to man. During the first year of his ser-

temper mercy with justice. He'll do what is right. If any member of this commis-sion should go to him and tell him that this man was bad and deserved to be fined so much, he would consider the reques and carry out the law to the fullest extent That's the kind of man Richard H. Clark

A burst of applause followed this which lasted several minutes. Another Tilt of Words.

Mr. Hill continued, talking rapidly: "I want to say further that it was no until the summer of 1894 that any mention was made to me about the ill feeling of the detectives for Monaghan. Then Loo ney told me he was mad be cause of the way Monaghan had treated him about that letter.' The soncitor was interrupted by Mr

"You said that Mr. Monaghan had never

"It is both sir John Monaghan is not man to divuige any secret. ries otherwise. Hess a cann and you'd never and aim telling anything."

Mr. clean. "I desire you to answer the direction offect. Day you say that Mona-ghan aid not divurge offece Secrets?" Mr. Hill: "I beneve-it."

Mr. Glenn: "An, tnat's Letter. 'I believe . I believe it.' unen it is a faith. Now tory to earth."

Air. Hun: "I'm glad to please you, Mr. Glenn,"

Mr. Glenn: "And I'm equally glad to Please you, sir."
The soliciter turned to the commissioners.
"Tm very glad to see he's pleased, for I know he knows very little about either of a-

tory or earth. The saily called for a laugh from the Mr. Glenn asked Solicitor Hill a questica

relating to the city court affairs. Chairman English was of the opinion that was irrelevant.
"This matter's gone far enough," he said; let's get down to business.'

Mr. Glenn Makes a Personal Plea. The objection fired Mr. Glenn, "Allow me to say that I have some personal right in this matter. I demand the right, a per-senal right, to go into this affair. As a citizen of Atlanta I demand the right." Captain English insisted that it had no relevancy.

"it's a personal matter to me. I want to go into hese court affairs. It has al-ready been inserted in the testimony and I The commissioners ducked their heads together and a hurried consultation ensued.
An exclamation of impatience escaped
Clairman English.
Mr. Glenn jumped up. "Do I understand

you to say, Mr. Chairman, that you are you to say, Mr. Chairman, that you are personally opposed to my going into this?" Captain English denied it.
"Well, I'll not go int it. I'll submit to the personal pleasure of one chairman." Explanations Follow.

Solicitor Hill explained that the reason he denounced the implication against himself so vigorously was due to information given

oim after he entered the hall. im after he entered the hall.
"My Brother Hill knows very well that I
m the last man to go out of the way to
effect on him. He came to me about that
verccat business and to Looney, too. We told him that no such charge had been made. And what right," he continued, "had Mr. Hill to assume to think that I had a right to go out of the way to reflect

"I was perfectly satisfied," replied the "But I wanted it to be known that I denounced any such ins.

A Monopoly of Theatricals. wanted to go through his little theatricals.' Solicitor Hill turned quickly in his chair. "Mr. Glenn, this getting up and going through theatrical performances belongs entirely to you, and I'll not be responsible." Chairman English nipped the dialogue and after a few more questions put by the members of the board Solicitor Hill left the

Later in the afternoon there were explan-ations and hand-shaking between him and

Mr. Glenn.

Captain John A. Thompson was the first witness called yesterday afternoon. He corroborated the testimony of Dan Hall, the afternoon before, about his visit for the purpose of getting rid of the men who had

S. T. Siskronk is the special detective on the Central railroad. He said that he was an old officer, and had a lot of experience. Questioned by Colonel Glenn he said that tigation, and that Moss had said that it was no use in going on with the investiga-tion; that the detectives were guilty and he didn't see why they didn't stop the case. necessary for detectives to get in with crim inals and stand in with people of the lower class. As to the National hotel he said that he knew that it used to be the resort for men of the criminal class.

Swamp Fox Shows Up. A very picturesque witness was Swamp Fox Jones, the well known detective. He appeared with a week's growth of rugged beard, a flannel shirt and high boots pulled

over his trousers.
"I have been in all predicaments," said Swamp Fox, "to get on to criminals. I have worked as a convict in the Dade coal mines. I have held up trains with robbers and I have done a little of everything to catch men and its eleven hundred I've caught, counting in this month, during the

twenty-two years of my service."

His testimony touched on Monaghan somewhat. Years ago he said he was chief of the Atlanta detectives. "One night," he said, "Monaghan and some other men made forty-nine charges against me. I was exonorated and the next day Mona-ghan and Nig Simpson were turned off." He was questioned by Judge Anderson and stated that Monaghan was dismissed for talking to a citizen. "He's a friend of mine now, and I'm glad he's doing so Swamp Fox testified to the effi-

ciency of the detectives on trial. Chairman English as a Witness. Captain English divested himself of his official garb and put on the robe of a wit-

He said that he had frequently heard from the gambling element that Looney was not straight, and that preceding the investigation by the grand jury he had a watch placed over him. He employed mer to get information against him and told Captain Wright to watch him.

"I had heard various things against Loo-ney," he continued, "I had heard that they had furnished his son with a horse and buggy. "Learning all these facts I thought it

best to send the detectives before the grand jury. This was done and they were exon-erated."

Chairman English said that he knew that the detectives had shown shrewduess beyond the average man in detecting gamblers. They had, he understood beer especially assigned to that class of work, and that Looney had been the most ac-

"I'll take occasion right here," he said

Looney Makes His Statement. Captain English was dismissed and De-tective Dave Looney appeared to make his statement. His defense was emphatic and forcible, He covered all the points in the He stated that he had been on the force

vice Captain Couch was the chief of detectives. In the first part of his statement the detective fold about the National hotel. At that time his relations with G. W. Hell were friendly. This part of his tes timony was the same as during the Paket

investigation.

Looney told about the numerous gangs that used to frequent the National hotel. He was the man assigned by Couch to look after the place, and finally, with the assistance of the state o

About Solicitor Hill and the Overcont.

Just here broke in the testimony which angered Solicitor Hill.
"I believe," asked Mr. Glenn, "that some one gave you a present. How was that?"
The hint of the question was evidently misinterpreted by Looney. It is possible that Mr. Glenn referred to some other transaction.

Looney, "after fifty or sixty true bills had been found in the superior court. Then I got the overcoat from Solicitor Hill and I'll state that it was after the much mutiated list business, and after I had falled to prosecute Harp and after I had failed to say anything about Cunningham, and all

As to the Greene Robbery. Referring to the Greene robbery, Looney identified the receipt, signed by Greene, showing that the witness gave Captain Couch the money. Greene's pistol he gave to Will Hall. Hall had given him informa

Leoney said he took some glasses of beel in the National. "This was necessary for me to do in order to stand in with Half and get informa-tion about criminals."
"What knowledge did you have of any blind tigers?" asked colonel Gienn.

"None in the world. I caught one that was

run by a negro whom Hall told me about, but I had no idea that a blind tiger or any-thing of that kind was there." Looney denied emphatically that he had ever given Hall knowledge of raids.
"I've had one purpose all my life to be honest and I know I have never been unto my oath. detective denied altogether that he

new anything about the Armstrong case

As to the Pafford Matter. Looney gave the details of the Pafford nark to Captain Moss about Pafford being satisfied with half of the money, he could have heard it. Cason said nothing of the kind. He told about receiving the rings from Carrie Clarke and said they were taken with no intention of bribes or any-thing of that kind. He took the ring no proven the source of valuable information o the detective department.

He acknowledged that he borrowed money from Seltzer. He was in the habit of bor-rewing from Colonel Kontz and one day the latter referred him to Seltzer as a good man to borrow from.

"About that Harp account," he explained "I was talking to Cason and Harp came up and heard me say that I owed Seltzer. He told me that he had an open account against him. I asked him if it was good. He said it was and swore to it. I gave him \$25 for the account, but I didn't pay it until the matter came up in the justice's court and I found that it could set off the amount owed Seitzer."
Looney said that he knew nothing about

tharp gaming at the Kimball. In regard to the Aragon gambling case, Harp said noth-ing about being connected with it. McEl-veen was arrested on Harp's information. Touched on Solicitor Hill Again.

Touching on the overcoat question again coney said: "I must say that I don't mow a man that I admire more than Char. ley Hill. He used to keep after me, the about taking cases to the ty court. Every time he met he he sad something about us making Lewis Thomas rich. I told him that it was Monaghan that caused all the ases to go to the other court and the other reason was that heavier fines

Looney was carried through a searching examination by Mr. Rucker and Colone

Here the letter which caused quite a stir was brought in. The letter was shown to the commissioners but not allowed in evidence. The purpose of the introduction was to show that it was a secret in the office of Solicitor Hill revealed afterwards

by Monaghan.

Looney was called from the stand after t was decided that the letter should no go in evidence and Charley Howard was brought to the stand. He told about the National hotel. Colonel Glenn offered the estimony of J. S. Hogan, Sam O. Vaughn, V. N. Sheridan, Dr. W. E. Foute and J. S. Griffin, given during the Baker trial, in

A Damaging Witness.

After the defense had rested Bob Lamp-kin was introduced. "I know Looney well," he said. "We used to talk about the gamillar places. One day we were walking along by Josh Tye's and Looney looked up to where the clubrooms were. Doing pretty well?' he said. 'Jes' tol-able. says I. Looney then says, Got any money on you? I told him I had \$10 and he said give me half. I gave it over to him." In reference to Patrolman Charley Martin the witness said that when he was at to protect the gamblers. He was positive of the fact. He said that Martin had recently made a proposition to him to open a gambling room and assured him that he would be protected.

Mr. John Monaghan was introduced

again and made various corrections with regard to the city court affairs. About coney and the overcoat he said that for a ask Hill for an overcoat.

went to Mr. Hill and he told me oney a cheap one. That's how he got Mr. G. W. Hall caffed again denied that he had assisted Big Dutch to escape and in reply to Dan Hall said that any state-

them money was absolutely false. Detective Looney got up again and denied all of Lampkin's testim The commissioners adjourned after de-ciding to meet at 3 o'clock Monday after-noon to bear argument. The speeches of the lawyers were limited to an hour and a

Dan Hall desires it stated that he and

Bill Hall are not cousins. He says that their wives are related. THE MORNING SESSION.

Testimony at the Trial of the Detec-Mr. Jeff Harbin was put on the stand as the first witness yesterday morning.

He denied that he had ever paid money to the city detectives. He had been prosecuted for gaming by Mr. Looney.

Ed Cason on the Stand. Mr. Ed Cason was the first one of the de-ectives on trial to be put through the ordeal

stified that he had been on the police "Where were you when Mr. Green was said to have been robbed?" "I was on the detective force. Mr. Looney as employed in the case. As I remember,

Fred Cooper was arrested. I believe I ar-LADIES CHOCOLATE MATCH Ladies and gentlemen please call and

Try our Checo Cake receipts presented to visitors. Cake receipts presented to visitors.

At H1GH's, whitehall street.

FREE—Be quick or you'll miss it.—FREE rested Dan Falvey. Captain Couch was the chief of detectives at that time. I had very little to do with the investigation."
"Did you make any agreement not to

orosecute the guilty parties?"
"I did not. Captain Couch made the final adjustment of the matter."
"Did you over take money from Arm-

trong?"
"I did not, nor from any other About Charley Seltzer. "What do you know of the Seltzer trans

"I know that Looney owed Seltzer a small debt and that Harp wanted to trade for it, as Seltzer owed him."
"Did you try to hound Seltzer down?"
"I did not."

The witness testified that Seltzer's father as a rich man and left him a large estate He was a wild young fellow and lived with a woman who was not his wife. Mr. Koniz came to him as Seltzer's friend and asked him to restrain Seltzer and to keep him rom spending his money. Witness secured a dollar for this work. He Looney had not tried to persecute Seltzer but to bring about his reformation.

"How much money went into your possession from the Pafford transaction?"

"About \$1.50."

"Is that all?" "That is everything." Carrie Clark's Ring.

"How long has Carrie Clark been living "I have known her for fifteen years, I suppose. She has lived in Atlanta for qlite while."

"Has she ever been prosecuted?"

The witness explained that it is necessary for the detectives to be friendly with this class of women, as they are in possession of mportant information and know of crimes that have been committed. It is necessary to cultivate these women in order to carry on the detective business. He has frequenty employed them to locate dens of iniquity. Carrie Clark has rendered the detectives important service and several thousand dol-lars have been recovered through her help. He cited two or three cases in which the services of Carrie Clark had been employed, one of them being a theft committed at Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.'s. "Did Carrie ever give you a present?"

"I did notr emember at the last investiga-on, but I now recall that she gave me a small ring among a lot of presents that she had bought for her friends. "Did she give it to you in order to get

"She did not." Had to Consort with Bad People The witness explained that he had to do lot of things that did not look right to church-going people. The detectives never had time to go to church. He explained his connection with the hobe community as being essential to carry out his plans for the capture of certain criminals. He testified as to the character of the place at which Amos Eaker worked at the National hotel. It was not a very stylish saloon and a gang of unruly and disorderly men frequented it. The saloon was a constant obgeen the saloun was a constant of ject of suspicion to Captain Couch when he was on the detective force and Mr. Looney was specially detailed to look after the National hotel. If Mr. Looney's protection had been secured the saloun would still have been in danger from the rest of the The witness admitted that Mr. Hall had fooled him. He always thought he was a good citizen shid he used to give the detectives information. Hall worked his game shrewdly and intimated that if a blind

tiger was in the hotel it was not run by "Do you know anything about Captain Loyd's asking to have certain cases dis-"I do not. Mr. Looney had a misunder-

standing with Captain Loyd. Shortly after this Ernest Looney was dismissed." The Cunningham Game. The witness told of the Cunningham transaction and the loss of \$1,800 by him in the Aragon hotel. He knew nothing of Harp's gambling room in the Kimball house. Cunningnam gave the detectives a

mall consideration for their services. He assisted on giving it, as he lived outside of the city and the department was under no obligation to serve him. The charge against the detective force started after they commenced to make a crusade against the gambiers. Captain Wright issued the order, at the direction of the board, and detailed Looney and the witness to break up the gambling business in the city. The detectives received no con-sideration from Lewis Thomas as a bribe to secure the gambling cases. The witness testified as to the list of gamblers furnished to the grand ujry. He made out the lis himself and the names were correctly taken from the station house books. The witness knew absolutely nothing of the mulliation of the list. He did not agree to protect anybody. The witness testined as to a conversation with Mr. Park Woodward in re-gard to the discharge of Ernest Looney. Detective Looney had received a letter from Mr. Woodward and asked the witness to se his influence to have Ernest retained Looney and the witness called to see Mr Woodward. Looney wanted to know i

witness testified solemnly that he had never received hush money or bribes of any kind in the discharge of his official duty. Cross-Examined by Judge Anderson. On the cross-examination Judge Anderson asked the witness if Captain Couch did not enter Mr. Lewis Thomas's employ just af-ter leaving the detective force. He replied

Captain Loyd's hand was in the affair. The

that he did. He considered Captain Couch one of the best men that ever lived. The witness was not dissatished with the pending investigation. The charges against nim had been made since he commenced his crusade against the gamblers, but the present trial was conducted at his request in order to put an end to his uneasiness. He gave the jury the names of the men that Looney had employed to play with gamblers in order to secure their convicjury. He considered Captain Moss an efficient officer, but Captain Moss had stated that he, Looney and Wright were guilty and that Colonel Glenn was a fool for trying to get them acquitted. The witness judged from this that Captain Moss had been working against him. So far as the witness himself was concerned he was

Questions by Captain English. A number of questions were put to the detective by Captain English. The failure against the detectives in the opinion of the witnesses. Captain English asked the detective as to the instructions received from the board in regard to gambling. The witness testified that, as a rule, the saloon-

Captain Bonnell on the Stand.

Captain W. A. Bonnell, the station house keeper, next testified. He testified that Captain Moss had received a \$40 check from a woman that was turned over to Detective Cason. He never charged Captain Moss with doing anything wrong. Captain Moss married anything wrong. Capta Captain Bonnell's sister.

witness stand. Mr. Kontz testified that Charley Seltzer was a son of Henry Seltzer, who left him about \$53,000 in cash. The witness was appointed administrator of the estate. His rpose in securing the aid of the detec tives was to prevent Charley Seltzer from tives was to prevent Charley Seltzer from squandering his money. He had been liv-ing a very immoral life and had left his wife to live with a bad woman. He helped him out of a difficulty in order to get him to reform and turn over a new leaf. The motives of the witness were purely for his good. Seltzer had since lost all his prop-

As soon as Mr. Konts left the stand

Chief of Detectives Wright was put up.
Captain Wright testified that he had been on the police force since 1879. He served as a patrolman for one year. He was then station house keeper and afterwards captain of police. After the resignation of Captain Couch he was made chief of detectives. In regard to the Armstrong affair he never received a cent of woney fair he never received a cent of money from any one. No money was ever paid to him that did not first go through the office. He did not remember how many cases were made by the detectives during the year. As to the Pafford transaction, Mr. Looney came into his office and turned over to fiim \$40. This was subsequently turned over to Mr. Pafford, who gave Mr. Looney S. We directed him to turn it over to Chief Connolly under the new rule of the board. He first heard of the game at the Aragon hotel through Mr. Looney. Cunningham said that Thompson and Mc-Elveen had robbed him of a large sum of money. A part of the money was subse-quently recovered and a reward of \$100 was paid by Cunningham.

The Mutilated List.

furnished to the grand jury the witness testified that he gave instructions to Mr. Cason to make a list from the station house books. The list was subsequently type-written. Witness had received information that certain parties had not been fined or that evidence to convict them was lacking and took out his knife and cut the names. If he had thought he was doing anything wrong he would have made out a new list instead of clipping the name furnished to the jury. The witness made no other list for any one. The charges against the detectives were inspired by the gamblers, in Captain Wright's opinion. The board instructed the detectives to give just after it was decided that the city of Atlanta had no jurisdiction. The board was very anxious to break up gambling and they frequently mentioned the matter to the department. Captain Wright, in order to have the criminals fined and to break up gambling, went to see Judge Westmoreland. Judge Westmoreland, as an officer of the court, gave the detective to understand that he was anxious to break up gambling and would rigidly en-force the law. The witness testified as to a coldness between himself and John Moneghan, the bailiff of the superior court, but that did not have a bearing upon the

The Defense of Looney.

Looney, said Captain Wright, had been the most diligent man in the service in the prosecution of the gamblers. He had not withheld evidence against a single man. It was Mr. Looney who was instrumental in was Mr. Looney who was instructional horeaking up the holo gang at the National hotel. This was a notorious gang and was known from Maine to Mexico. Hundreds of robberies had been compitted by the gang that had never been reported. The witness had never been able to discover the state of the second to the sec anything wrong about Looney. His ser-vices were such as to cause the deep enmity of criminals.

He Watched Looney. Some one had asked him to watch Looney and he had made a careful investigation of the detective, but he had not been able to find anything that affected his integrity. Captain English stated that he was the man who asked Captain Wright to watch Looney. Certain rumors had come to him and that was his reason for calling Cap-

On the cross-examination Judge Ander asked the witness a number tions. He denied any agreement between himself and Pafford as to compensation. A discussion opened up at this point as o where the witness derived his information as to Moneghan's having revealed a

professional secret.

The board was divided, Dr. Spalding holding it justice to Mr. Moneghan that Captain Wright should give his information. Captain Wright testified that no one outside the police force had given him the information and that he attached so weet hemographic to the Captain Wright the information and that he attac great importance to it. Capcain great importance testified that his opposition to Amos Baker did not spring from any special friendship for Loodey. He knew that young Looney ald not be retained, in his opi Questioned by Dr. Spalding in regard to the National hotel saloon the witness

thought the gamblers were so well orga-nized that Detective Looney was success-Perfect results attend the use of Dr.

absolutely pure.

IN THE LOCAL FIELD. —By special request Colonel Henry D. Capers will address the literary societies of Emory college at Oxford today (Saturday). Subject, "Possunt Quia Posse Yiden-tur." Colonel Capers is a man of genius and one of the most eloquent orators in the

south.

—United States Senator Augustus

—Was in the city yester Baccn, of Macon, was in the city yesterday.
The senator is looking well, and was quite
busy looking after some legal matters that
have been occupying his attention for some —G W. Savage, Cutch Sanford and Kichard Pless were arraigned in the United

States district court yesterday charged with working in a still. All three of them plead lty to the charge and were sentenced to month each in Hall and Fulton county jails, Savide going to Hall, and Sanford and Pless to Fulton.

and Pless to Fulton.

—The whist party which was to have been given in the rooms of the Kimball by Mrs. E. L. Tyler for the exposition has been postponed on account of the weather. —Sult was filed yesterday morning by the executors of the Joseph E. Brown es-tate against the heirs of the estate. The property involved amounts to about \$200. 000. The suit is a friendly one and is in-stituted in order that a cloud may be removed from the title to the property men tioned. It appears that Senator Brown during his lifetime, made a deed of certain properties to his children but it was nev turned over to them. It will be record and canceled and the properties sold for the benefit of the heirs.

—Suit for \$10,000 damages was filed yesterday against the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Company by Miss Fannie Dunlap. She alleges that there was about to be a collision and the conductor yelled, "Jump for your lives." She Jumped and was badly hurt. was badly hurt.

—E. I., Maxwell filed a suit yesterday against Seaborn P. Fambrough for \$5,000. Maxwell claims that Fambrough removed a grating in front of his store and that

the plaintiff walked into it and was in jured. Hence the suit.

—The case of Owens against the Atlanta Consolidated was given to the jury yesterday and a sealed verdict ordered, —The building inspectors have reported the old engine house—No. 1—unsafe in its present condition and it is probable that Mayor King will order that it be torn down today. The outer wall was expected

to fall yesterday. A meeting of the staff and advertising committee of the woman's edition of The fournal is called for this afternoon, February 9th, at 3:30 o'clock sharp. It is very important that every member be present

MRS. JOSEPH THOMPSON,

tacks the lungs. Brown's Bronchial Troches give sure and immediate relief. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents Dr. Hathaway & Co. are the leading ope-latists in all diseases peculiar to men and women. 22% South Broad street.

A Slight Cold, if neglected, often at

PERSONAL

Highest of all in Leavening Power.- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALL

Mayor King Names the Committee from

the Board.

Referring to the mutilated list that was WHAT MR. MAYSON SAYS ABOUT IT

> He Will Not Prosecute the Case, but Will Turn His Papers Over to the Committee if They Are Wanted.

> A veto with a large V was written across the application of John Williams to vend the juicy festive weiner at the corner of Peachtree and Marietta streets by Mayor King yesterday morning.

The application was granted by the coun cil Monday. It went to the mayor yesterday for his signature. John was waiting to is favorite trading point and anticipating big exposition trade when his hopes wer rudely and unexpectedly blasted by the ac-

tion of the mayor.

The mayor gave as his reason for vetoing the grant the law on the subject, which he says does not allow the vending of weinerwursts in so public a place. To Investigate Jumbo.

The Jumbo Hunter investigation is 'h next thing on the municipal programme.

Mayor King yesterday named the committee and it is supposed that the inquisition into the charges that have been uttered against the city warden will begin in a few

vestigation is composed of Messrs. Hirsch, Dodge, Harralson, Miller and Harman. In approving Alderman Hirsch's resolu-tion, passed at the last meeting of the council, and which provides for a full investigation of the charges against War-den Hunter, Mayor King wrote across the

den Hunter, Mayor King wrote across the back of the paper:
"I approve of the action of the general council in adopting the within resolution and appoint the following committee as thereby provided for, viz: Aldermen Hirsch and Harman, who will investigate the report as required by said resolution."

This coeps up the fight, and now the This opens up the fight, and now the people who have been talking about the warden will have an opportunity to tel

what they know.
Councilman Mayson, who was said to have been the originator of the Hunter charges, was asked what attitude he would sume toward the investigation. He stat-that he was not prosecuting Hunter in y sense of the word. "I know of nothing of my own knowledge

WE ARE UP-TO-DATE IN

DIAMONDS, SILVERWARE NOVELTIES. WATCHES, CLOCKS. AND ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY. STILSON-COLLINS JEWELRY CO.

as to the committee," said he: "I have some written charges which I can submit to the investigating committee if they are wanted. I have accepted nothing that was not in writing. My position in the matter was not that of prosecutor. A great deal has been said about it, and the public seems to have got the idea that I was pushing these charges. I am not. I only took charge of the papers as they came to me. I shall not go before the committee in the

Jumbo is understood to be in readiness for the investigation to proceed. He has maintained a deep silence since the charges against him were first made public. He wrote to the council last Monday, asking for the investigation. He is quietly confi-dent of vindication. He has little to say, but it is understood that he will present some strong and irrefutable evidence.

Their Golden Wedding.

Rev. W. J. Cotter and wife celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage February 2, at Asbury church and parsonage in Atlanta, Mr Cotter baptized two of his grandchildren in the church and then a short thanksgiving service was conducted by Dr. W. F. Glenn. About twenty-five children and grandchildren conducted by Dr. W. F. Glenn. About twenty-five children and grandchildren gathered around the old couple with affectionate greetings, making a most impressive scene, which touched and mellowed every heart. Many friends were in the church to join in the congratulations. The family then went to the parsonage where dinner was prepared and was enjoyed. Mr. Cotten is esteemed very highly and with tender regard by his new congregation at Asbury.

It May Be Had Today if You Burn Kentucky Jellico Conj. Kentucky Jellico Conj.

Yesterday was said to be the coldest day of the year. In fact the oldest inhabitant said he had never seen anything like it in Georgia. It was real Massachusotts weather. There was many a soul made happy, however, notwithstanding the very severe cold. The fact that so many people are now using the Kentucky Jellico coal is in a great measure the cause of so much happiness just at present. Well may a person count himself fortunate if he has in store an abundant supply of this coal. Mr. George P. Howard yesterday said that his telephone was ringing all day and that he had to hire extra wagons to fill his orders. Mr. Howard is up to date, attends to business, and all you have to do is to send him your order this morning and he will send you the best coal you ever burned in your life.

main & Berkel

DIAMONDS.

JEWELRY.

Cut Glass and Sterling Silver Wore. 31 WHITEHALL ST.

WATCHES.

and 1025.

COAL. Prompt delivery, all grades, cheap as cheapest. R. O. Campbell, 36 N. Broad st. Telephones 394



Dull times would indeed be strangers here. If we were struggling to sell of old stock or galvanize bad purchases by advertising this reason or that, we might be fuming and panting for cus-

tomers, and deservedly so. Instead of that, happy buyers are sending others for lots of new, freshcut-priced things to be found in all parts of the store. To make more room and conveniences the carpenters

are busy as you see. Our customers deserve the best we

Business bringing Bargains, Men's Black and Blue Clay Diagonal, Cheviot and Fancy Fabrics

IN CUTAWAY, SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS AT ASTOUNDING PRICES. . . . . . . . . \$12.50 SUITS Marked Down to \$ 6.25 \$13.50 SUITS Marked Down to \$ 6.75 \$15.00 SUITS Marked Down to \$7.50 \$18.00 SUITS Marked Down to \$ 9.00 \$20.00 SUITS Marked Down to \$10.00

# Dollar-Saving Items.

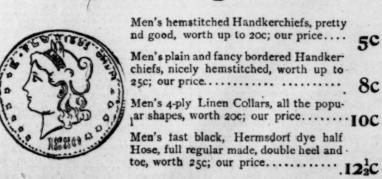
Men's hemstitched Handkerchiefs, pretty nd good, worth up to 20c; our price.... Men's plain and fancy bordered Handker

Men's 4-ply Linen Collars, all the popuar shapes, worth 20c; our price.....10C Men's tast black, Hermsdorf dye half

Men's handsome Teck and Flowing-End Scarfs, rich colors and de-

Men's fine Suspenders, strong buckles and best web elastic, worth oc; our price......25C

C. J. Daniel, wat paper, window shaden brother and room moulding. S Mariette EISEMAN BROS.



#### THE BONDS ISSUED

#### Following Which There Was a General Tumble in Stock Quotations.

#### COTTON AND WHEAT ALSO CLOSE LOWER

Wall Street Brokers Are Disappointed at the Amount of Bonds Issued and the High Rate of Interest.

New York, February 8 .- Pending the announcement of the new government loan the stock market was stupid and neglected. When the official announcement finally came business improved, but the activity fas at the expense of values. It is not too much to say that the street was disap-pointed both as to the amount of the ise and the high rate of interest that the sue and the high rate of interest that the government will have to pay. It should be stated, however, that this is the opinion prevailing among stock brokers. On the other hand, bankers are disposed to look on the matter more favorably, and claim that the deal just concluded by the government with the banking syndicate practically means that the administration has a call on the bankers for all the gold it requires to keep up the reserve to the \$100,000,000 mark.

Still, the active traders ignored this, and vere disposed to sell in the late dealings. were disposed to sell in the late dealings. The loss in prices ranged from \(\frac{1}{402}\) per cent. Jersey Central sold down 2 to 86\(\frac{1}{4}\); Sugar, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 91\(\frac{1}{6}\); Burlington, 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) to 71\(\frac{1}{6}\); Chicago Gas, 1\(\frac{1}{6}\) to 57\(\frac{1}{6}\); Rock Island, 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) to 62\(\frac{1}{6}\); General Electric, \(\frac{1}{4}\) to 25\(\frac{1}{6}\); Long Island Traction, 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) to 87\(\frac{1}{6}\); Louisville and Nashville, 1\(\frac{1}{6}\) to 52\(\frac{1}{6}\); Lead, 1\(\frac{1}{6}\) to 29\(\frac{1}{6}\); Omaha, 1\(\frac{1}{6}\) to 31\(\frac{1}{6}\); Cordage, guaranteed, 1 to 15\(\frac{1}{6}\); Western Union, 1\(\frac{1}{4}\) to 87\(\frac{1}{6}\); Manhafitan, 1 to 107\(\frac{1}{6}\); Southern Railway, 1\(\frac{1}{6}\) to 31. Lead was 1071/2; Southern Railway, 11/4 to 31. Lead was depressed on the revival of the report that the directors at their meeting this morning the directors at their meeting this morning will decide to suspend dividends for the time being. London was a seller of its specialties and the prominent local bear op-erators put out fresh short lines in the Grangers. The storm, it is expected, will play havoc with the earnings this week. The St. Paul earnings due on Sunday, for the first week of February, compare with \$520,087 in 1894, and \$503,538 in 1893. The storm affected the attendance at the board, which were appreciable light. The seals were which was unusually light. The sales were only 122,815 shares. Net changes show losses of \( \frac{4019}{6} \) per cent for the day. The bond market was dull and firmer.

The sales of listed stocks aggregated 95,000 shares, and of unlisted, 24,000 shares. Treasury balances: Coin, \$67,880,000; cur-

rency, \$78,502,000.

Money on call has been active at 1½@3½; last loan at 1½, closing offered at 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per

cent.
Bar silver, 59% Mexican dollars, 48%.
Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.85%.04.87 for sixty days, and \$4.85%.48% for demand; posted rates, \$4.87%.04.89; commercial bills, 04.85%.04.86%.
Government bonds active.
State bonds dull.
Bailrand bonds firm.

Railroad bonds firm Silver at the board, 60%@60% London, February 8.—Bar silver, 27%.
Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes 103
francs, 30 centimes for the account.

Ed. Gen. Electric 284 Gl. pref.

11ls. Central 854 T. C. I.

Lake Erie & West. 15k do. pref.

do. pref. 70 Texas Pac.

#### Early Morning Gossip.

Dow, Jones News Company, by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager: The presicontinued anxiety at the lack of congres sional action, the treasury must issue bonds. He recommends \$62,400,000 to be sold bonds. He recommends \$62,460,000 to be sold to yield 3% per cent. Half of the issue has been taken abroad. The message says that notwithstanding opinions held elsewhere the people who take the bonds of the government must be consulted; that all bonds of the government have heretofore been paid in gold on demand and that they must continue to be so paid.

The operations in General Electric led to the belief that interests which have been hammering the price were accumulating

the belief that interests which have been hammering the price were accumulating stock. Mr. Well has usually been quite ready to sell in any quantity, but yesterday he was disposed to offer the stock liberally without seiling much. Bean & Son were the principal sellers. The stock has failen from 44 to 28 with only one rally, and that insufficient. On this theory General Electric around 29 is a better purchase than seller.

New York News Bureau: The syndicate that has taken \$62,400,000 bonds has agreed to take further amounts from time to time to meet the needs of the treasury. It is understood that the administration has comto take further amounts from time to time to meet the needs of the treasury. It is understood that the administration has committed itself to the issue of 4 per cent bonds from time to time and sell them to the same syndicate at private sale. None of the bonds will be sent abroad, but the amount taken by foreign Ankers will be deposited here and receipts issued against them will be placed in Europe for gold. This arrangement is made under an old act, passed in 1862, authorizing the government to procure gold by sale of bonds. The syndicate is managed by Messrs. Belmont & Morgan, and consists of several local and the largest banks in New York. It is agreed on the part of the syndicate that none of the gold paid into the treasury for bonds shall be withdrawn by its members by any subterfuge whatever, and if necessary the syndicate will import gold on a merchandise basis against certificates placed abroad. These considerations account for the seemingly high rate of interest paid, namely 3% per cent, as the bonds are unlike any outstanding issue, being a 4 per cent, thirty-year bond in the syndicate will practically control the market for the issue as long as the government is compelled to resort to borrowing to maintain gold reserve or to meet current expenses. The right is reserved by the government for ten days to substitute other bonds at 3 per cent in gold at a saving of interest in case congress grants the authority to sell bonds specifically payable in gold.

J. P. Morgan and others have been closetted with Secretary Carlisle since 10 o'clock this morning, arranging for the bond sale. The result of the final arrangements will be submitted to the cabmet at noon and an annoutcement of \$100,000,000 sale is expected when Carlisle returns from the treasury to the white house.

The stock market opened dull and listless. It duplicated the course of London speculation in receiving the news of the death of the Springer gold bill with apathy. Traders are still disposed to suspend operations until definite details are

showed a decline of % per cent, with few exceptions.

A renewal of the professional attack appeared to be contemplated on General Electric, which was the most active stock in the early dealings.

The tone of the market is now growing heavy under traders' sales.

We understand that the selling of Lead common and preferred for the Stone estate brought out some long stock weakly held, but in no way disturbed the large boldings of the stock. We further understand that the annual report, due next week, will be a very satisfactory one and that dividend on the common stock will

Closing Stock Review. New York, February 8.—New York News Bureau by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager: The early stock was almost lifeless, pending the announcement of the new government bond issue. In the afternoon after the official statement was made there was a general selling movement which carried all classes of stock down 1 per cent and over. The bearish sectiment was created by a misunderstanding of the significance and terms of the transaction with the syndicate, the high rate of interest, 3%, being used as an argument for depression. The fact that the deal assures a maintenance of the treasury reserve was ignored. The market closed weak and active.

DESCRIPTION.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's Closing bids.	Yesterday's Closing bids.
Delaware & Lack				1591	1594
Northwestern	97	97	9514	9536	97
Tenn. Coal & Iron				1432	1114
Southern Railway New York & N. E	1049	10%	10%	10%	10%
Lake Shore	30 %	3032	29%	2934	30%
Western Union	001	won.		137 %	137%
Missouri Pacific	88%	88-4	8744	8750	88%
Union Pacific	213	213	21 4	21 4	2136
Dist. & Cattle Feed Co.	934	936	914	950	95
Atchison.	43.	434	456	414	43
Reading	956	93	924	914	95
Louisville & Nash	534	5836	52%	5234	533
North. Pacific pref	164	165	1510	15%	163
St. Paul	564	5636	55%	55%	565
Rock Island	63	6336	625	6214	633
Chicago Gas	73	75	74%	74%	7534
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	72	724	71	71%	72%
Ame'n Sugar Refinery	93 %	931/2	913	91%	90%
Erie	1014	10%	10%	10 %	10%
Am'n Cotton Oll	19%	19%	19%	19%	19%
General Electric	28%	284	28	18%	28.56

		on decimine.	
Thefollowing are b	id an	dasked quotations	
		CITY BONDS.	
New Ga, 3428, 27 to 30 years99 New Ga, 3428, 25	100	Atlanta 41.28105 Augusta 7s, L. D. 113 Macon 6s	
10 40 years99 New Ga. 4458	100	Rome graded100	102
1915	116	Waterworks 5s100 Rome 5s90	
A lanta 88,1902.117	119	South Car. 4428. 99 Newnan 68 L. D. 102	100%
Atlanta 78, 18041134	114	Chattanooga ås	.04
Atlanta 7s, 1899.106 Atlanta 6s, L. D. 112	107	1921	
Atlanta 6s, S.D. 100		3s & 4s, 1910 68	70
Atlanta 58, L. D. 102		Ala., Class A101	10+
RAI	LROA	D BONDS.	
Georgia6s,1397, 99 Georgia6s,1910.107	101	C. C.& A. 1st 5s, 1909	
Georgia6s, 1922, 110 Central7s, 1893, 116 Ga. Pac. c't'fs110	113	do.,2d 78, 1910.105 do. con. 6s 82	10
Ga. Pactic 2d 52 A. P.& L., 18178 95		Aug. & Knox. 1st7s, 1900101 Atl'nta & Chac.	
Mari'ta & N.G.	82	1st 7s. 19 7 do, income de	1
	-	1900	
RAI	LROA	D STOCKS.	
Georgia 157 Southwestern 74	160	Aug. & Sav 32	90
Central 17 Cen. deben 26	20 28	do. deben 93	95

mentsand sto	-	-	-		omeon	-
	RECE	APIS	SHIP	M TS	STOCI	AS.
	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894
Saturday	128	270	-	200	25385	8887
Monday	462	155	100	213	25847	8829
Tuesday	192	431	410	200	25629	9060
Wednesday	174	610	808	483	25000	9187
Thursday	255	257	302	.37	24953	9107
Friday	376	215	106	775	25223	8544
Total	1587	1935	1721	2211		

RECEIPTS EXPORTS. STOCKS.

1895 1894 1895 1894 1895 1894 22797 14247 52489 40748 968777 1049223 31435 24384 26902 11465 968418 1064502 23013 2215 1744 28199 978199 1064502 23083 6746 1147 11129 97789 1048429 13197 13548 31487 12545 302710 1048429 26786 21783 22774 23390 958734 1023471

Comparative Cotton Statement.

	NEW TORK, Pedruary 3- The following	g 18 the
	comparative cotton statement for the week	ending
	Not receipt at all Walted States and	
	Net receipts at all United States ports	146,211
	Same time last year	100 959
	Showing an increase	45,252
	Total receipts	6,299 132
	Same time last year	4,959,059
	Showing an increase	1,340,073
	Exports for the week	161.923
	Same time last year	144 742
	Showing an increase	17,181
н	Total exports to date	4.880,915
	Same time last year	3.684.997
П	Showing an increase	1.09811.8
Н	Stock at United States ports	953.734
	Same time last year	1 023 475
	Showing a decrease	69,741
Н	Stock at interior towns	191 585
И	Same time last year	197.554
	Showing a decrease.	5,999
П	Stock at Liverpool	1.809.000
	Same time last year	1.673.000
	Showing a decrease	64 000
	American cotton afloat for Great Britain	400,000
	Same time last year	196,000
	Ch	100,000

Total Receipts at the Ports. NEW YORK, February 8—The following are the lotal net receipts of cotton at all United States portulates expressions september 1, 1894:

Newport News. Philadelphia .... West Point.....

Total..... New Orleans Crop Stagement.

New Orleans, La., February 8.—New Orleans cotton exchange statement: Crop statement, September 1st, to February 8th, Inclusive—Fort receipts, 6,343,330 against 4,880,741 last year, 4,098,803 year before last and 5,527,233 for the same time in 1892. Overland to mills 933,957 against 659,759, 654,646 and 843,358. Interior stocks of September 1st, 289,412 against 302,543, 319,959 and 495,522. Southern mill takings, net, 425,115 against 428,774, 499,702 and 373,770. Brought into sight during 161 days to against 6,371,827, 6,483,110 and 7,439,905. Brought into sight for week 157,586 against 108,056 for seven days ending February 8th, last year 107,412 and 193,680. Brought into sight first eight days of February 182,777 against 117,655, 126,908 and 231,489.

Comparisons in these reports are made up to corresponding date last year ver be.

sight first eight days of February 182,777
against 117,655, 126,908 and 231,490.
Comparisons in these reports are made up to corresponding date last year, year before last and in 1882, and not to close of correnponding week. Comparisons by weeks would take in 162 days of season last year, 163 year before last and 165 in 1892, against only 161 days this year.

The Texas crop and movements from gulf and Atlantic states: Actual deliveries from the state of Texas for the first five months of this season to January 31st, 2,714,967 against 1,708,119 for the same time last season. Net increase 1,006,848 bales. The deliveries at Texas seaboard showing 521,414; shipments via Cairo and St. Louis of 122,086, while shipments across the Mississippl river north of St. Louis have decreased 12-086; deliveries from the state of Texas from and after February 1st last year were 350,941 bales, the commercial crop of Texas last year having been 2,068,941 bales.

Mr. Hester has issued a statement giving an analysis of the movement of cotton integration, viz. First, Texas and Indian Territory; second other gulf states, embracing Arkansas, Louisana, Mississippl and Tennessee; third, Atlantic states, embracing forth Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama. This analysis shows the amount brought into sight for the first five months of the season to January 31st,

inclusive: Texas, 2,756,417 against 1,731,414 in 1894, 1,756,604 in 1893; other gulf states, 2,222.048, against 1,811,533 in 1894 and 1,336,603 in 1893; Atlantic states 2,923,982 against 2,711,-225 in 1894 and 2,206,000 in 1895.

The statement does not divide Texas and other gulf states for 1892, the 9,035,000 cropyear, as there were no separate monthly figures made up for Texas in that year, but it gives the following comparisons between this year and 1892: Texas and other gulf states together this year, 4, 973,465 against 4,342,839 in 1892; Texas and other gulf states together this year, 4, 973,465 against 4,342,839 in 1892; Atlantic states this year 2,935,982, against 2,865,586 in 1892; excess compared with 1892 in Texas and other gulf states, 635,626; excess compared with 1892 in Atlantic states, 70,386. The difference in the Texas crop is given above, and Texas in sight consists of the fact that the Texas crop embraces only cotton actually shipped out of the state to January 31st, whereas in sight includes also stocks at counted interior towns on January 31st, in excess of Septen ber 1st. An important feature in Mr. Hester's reports is the showing of deliveries from different groups after January 31st in the past three years. They were: From Texas, 327,646 in 1891; 371,919 in 1893; other gulf states 404,739 in 1894; 512,756 in 1893; 734,793 in 1892.

New York, February 8.—Summary Hubbard, Price & Co.'s cotton letter: The improvement in Liverpool today was fully equal to the expectations of the trade here. In consequence our market advanced some i points from the closing prices of yesteria, although the movement at the interior town has been heavier than antiquested and will not tend to encourage these expected that the cold spout the south would have the curtailing the receipts. It must be everlooked, however, that the weather will probably have more effect upon the movement for the coming week and the recent advance has caused many to withdraw from the market until they can judge what the effect of this decrease in the movement will be upon prices. At the advance the market was supplied with cotton by commission houses who apparently had orders to sell at every point advance, and after the local short interest had covered the supply was greater than the market could absord and it closed easy, losing the advance at 1 to 2 points below last night.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter,

Riordan & Co.'s Cotion Letter.

New York, February S.—(Special.)—
Liverpool cables were disappointing to the
bulls this morning and our market opened
only 12 points higher, May selling on the
first call at 5.58. After the opening the
market was stimulated by large buying
orders from New Orleans and Liverpool
and May advanced to 5.61. Advices from
New Orleans say that Liverpool was a
large buyer in the market and predict that
the interior receipts next week will be
very light. Under the influence of various
raiding by the bear element and the selling
by local traders who had been free buyers
in the morning the entire advance was lost
this afternoon and a net decline of 1 point
recorded for the day. May closed at 5.58
with the tone of the market easy. The
crop movement turned out larger than expected again this week and the raders here
continue bearish.

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

out a merican 4,0.000.

Liverpool, February 8 -4:00 p. m. -Uplands low middling clause February delivery 2 62-64, value; February and March delivery 2 62-64, value; March and April delivery 2 63-64, a), and a middling clause February and March delivery 2 63-64, a), and a middling and a pril delivery 3 63-64, a), and a middling and a m

4,12; forwarded 15.500, sales 450; to spinners 50; Galveston. February 8 - Cotton steady; middling 5\s; net receipts 1,610 bales; gross 1,610; sales 425; stock 155,8698. Weekly-Net receipts 19.885; gross 19.885; sales 6,589; to spinners 229; exports to Great Britain 14,592, to continent 5,255; coastwise 7,172. 14,092, to continent 5,255; coastwise 7,172. Worlds February 8.-Cotton firm; middling 5%; net receipts 2,043 bales; gross 2,043; sales 507; stock 44,853; exports coastwise 441. Weekly — Net receipts 6,631; gross 6,631; sales 5,659.

Wilmington
5; net receipts 259 bales; gross 260,
stock 11,975.
Weekly—Net receipts 914; gross 914; gales none;
exports to continent 3,987; coastwise 370.
Philadelphia, February 8—Cotton firm; middling
5 15-16; net receipts 434 bales; gross 434; sales none;
stock 11,997; exports to continent 434.
Weekly—Netreceipts 1,516; gross 1,516; sales none;
exports to Great Britain 534.

exports to Great Britain 553;
Savannab, February 8.— Cotton quiet and steady;
middling 5; netreceipts 3,171 bales; gross 3,171; sales
75; stock 75,730; exports coastwise 4,195.
Weekly—Net receipts 15,160; gross 15,160; sales
2,500; toephners—; exports to continent 25,765;
coastwise 10,517. coastwise 10.517.

New Orleans, February 8—Cotton firm; midding 51.16; net receipts 5.426 bales; gross 5.467; sales 4.200; stock 355.036; exports to France 7.684; to continent 147; coastwise 44.

Weekly—Net receipts 59.920; gross 62,997; sales 29,000; exports to Great Britain 36,139; to France 14,434; to continent 21,288; coastwise 22,087; sales

14,434; to continent 21,200; conserved and 14,434; to continent 21,200; consistent 25 met recepts 259 bales; gross 259; sales 2,000; stock 42,788. Weekly—Net recepts 6,014; gross 6,714; sales 5,000; to spinners—; exportsconstwise 4,357. Memphis. February 8-Cotton steady; middling 51-16; net recepts 6,79 bales; shipments 1,083; sales 2,400; stock 12,851. Weekly—Net recepts 6,184; shipments—12,827; sales 12,000; to spinners—. Augusta, February 8—Cotton firm; middling 5¼; het receipts 669 bales; shipments 162; sales 418; net receipts 669 bales; shipments 162; saies 418; stock 31,322.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,585; shipments 4,516; sales 2,747. 2,747.
Charleston February S—Cotton steady; middling 5%; net receipts 1,953 baies; gross 1,953; sales none; stock 57,158; exports to continent 4,457.
Weekly-Net receipts 7,262; gross 7,252; sales 700; to spinners —; exports to continent 6,157; coastwise 710.

Thouston, February 8—Cotton steady; middling fl<sub>3</sub>; net receipts 2,852 onles; sl. p.nents 3,244; sales 134; stock 45.577. Weekly-Net receipts 24,883; shipments 29,482; sales 1,626. Montgomery, February 8—Cotton, net receipts of the week 900 bales; shipments 3,943; sales 3,043; stock of 1895, 13,961; 1894, 14,243. Macon, February 8—Cotton, net receipts of the week 524 bales; shipments 754; sales —; stock of 1895, 6,249; 1894, 6,708. Columbus, February 8—Cotton, net receipts of the Columbus, February 8—Cotton, net receipts of the

1895, 6,249; 1894, 6,708. Columbus, February 8—Cotton, net receipts of the yeek (746 bales; shipments 946; sales 2,200; to spin-ners—; stock of 1895, 11.816; 1894, 10,802. ners — stock of 1895, 11.816; 1894, 10.802.

Nashville, February 8—Cotton, net receipts of the week 1/25 bates; shipments 1,104; sales 1,065; to spinners 1,011; stock of 1895, 1,004; 1894, 1,911.

Schna, February 8—Cotton, net receipts of the week 379 bates; shipments 854; stock of 1895, 3,782; 1894, 10,114. Rome, February 8 - Cotton, net receipts for the reck 651 bales; sulpments 695; stock 5.273.

#### THE CHICAGO MARKET. The Speculative Articles All Closed

Lower Yesterday.

Chicago, Ill., February 8.—Foreign and New Yorkers came to the support of wheat this morning, the former buying freely at New York, presumably because of the cold weather, which was prevailing abroad, as well as on this side of the Atlantic, and the latter in turn buying in this market, witnout having any clear conception of why they were doing so. The local crowd sold considerable wheat yesterday at the close, and fluding the inclination of prices at the opening this morning were upward instead of downward, likewise changed front. Partridge was the best seller, his offerings and those of his followers making little impression at first, but finally winning out. May wheat opened at 54c, sold between 54%,654%, and 53%,60—closing at 53%,63%,c—a shade under yesterday. Cash wheat was duil. Secause of the light arrivals and offerings. Prices were nominally unchanged.

Corn—The cold weather continued to impart firmness to corn, and the shorts were correspondingly uncomforfable during the morning, but were enabled to assert them selves before the close, the decline in wheat serving to modify the strength to a marked extent, and the offerings eventually forcing prices below yesterday. Cash corn was dull and unchanged.

Oats were almost neglected. They were governed in their triffing changes by the action of the larger markets, the opening be-Lower Yesterday.

ing firm and the close easy. May oats closed unchanged from yesterday. No change Provisions—was reported in the cash market, where the trade was exceedingly light. Provisions—The packers were on the selling side of the product today, and the market in consequence thereof declined notwithstanding good reports from the yards as to the hog trade. The opening was fairly firm, but the later action was not in line with the start. At the close, May pork was 22½ under yesterday; May lard 7½c under and May ribs 10c lower. Domestic markets were quiet and easier.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago:

WHEAT-	)pen.	1	High.		Low.	(	lose
February	51		514		501/2		5014
	54		5436		531/2		535
	54%		551/8		541/2		5414
February	4234		4334		42%		4236
May	45%		457/4		44 m		45
DATS-	4514		451/2		44%		417/8
February	2734		28		275		278
May	2914		2314		201	16	2014
Juue Pork-	29%		291/2		291/8		2518
May 10	45	10	45	10	171/4	10	1749
May 6	80		80	6	70	6	70
May 5	4234	5	421/2	. 5	30-	5	30

CONSTITUTION OFFICE

ATLANTA, GA., February S. 1895. ATLANTA, GA., February S. PSUA.

Flour. Grain and Menl.

Atlanta, February S. PFlour. first patent \$3,85; second patent \$1,25; straight \$2,90; fancy \$2,70; extra family \$2,50. Corp. white 56c; mixed 55c. Oats. rust proof 52c; white 46c; mixed 43c. Rye, Georgia 76c. Barley, Georgia raised 85e. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales 90c; small bales, 85c; No. 2 timothy, large bales 90c; small bales, 85c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal, plain 56c; boited 54c. Wheat bran, large sacks, 90; small saccis 92½, Grits \$3,30. New York. February 8.—Southern flour dull but steady; good to choice \$2,80@3,25; common to fair extra \$1,190@2,75. Wheat, spot dull but steady; No. 2 red winter in storeand elevator 57½; affoat 58½; options opened firm and advanced %c, fell %c on the issue of bonds and following thewest with the cose weak at yesterday 's prices and a moderate trade; No. 2 February 51; March 57%; May 58½, Corn, spot dull but firm: No. 2 in elevator 48½; affoat 44½; options advanced, but closed weak at yesterdule with a did frade framer; — and y \$40 dully \$40,000 dully \$134; March 57%; May 38½; spot 86. \$2,60 fancy \$2,00@2,10; choice \$1,80@1.90. Wheat higher; No. 2 ref February 51; May 52½; July 52½, Corn higher: No. 2 February 40½; May 42½; July 52½, Corn higher: No. 2 February 40½; May 42½; July 43. Oats higher; No. 2 February 31½; May 42½; July 43. Oats higher; No. 2 February 31½; May 42½; July 43. Oats higher; No. 2 February 31½; May 42½; July 43. Oats higher; No. 2 February 31½; May 42½; July 43. Oats higher; No. 2 February 31½; May 42½; July 32½. Chicago, February 8.— Flour quiet; winter patents \$2,26@3,50; whiter straights \$2,75@3,10; No.; 2. Flour. Grain and Ment. 48. Oats bigher, No. 2 February 31½; May 20½, Chicago, February 8 = Flour quiet: winter patent \$43.25@3.50; winter straights \$2.75@3.10; No. 2 red 50½, No. 2 cora 42½, No. 2 sasting —; No. 2 red 50½, No. 2 cora 42½, Chicago 42½, So. 2 cora in fair demand and firm; No. 2 mixed 44½, Oats quiet but firm; No. 2 mixed 44½, Oats quiet but firm; No. 2 mixed 31½@32,

Atlanta, February 8.--Roasted coffee 22,60 \$ 100 b cases. Green—Choice 20c; fair 19c; prime 18c. Sugar—Standard granulated 4 \$c; off granulated 4c; New Orleans white \$3\psi\_0.00\$, yellow \$3\psi\_0.33\psi\_0.00\$ Syrup—New Orleans open kettle 25\psi\_0.30\cc; mixed 12\psi\_0.00\$ 20c; sugarhouse 20\psi\_0.35\cdot Treas—Black 30\psi\_0.65\cdot green 20\psi\_0.00\$ Rice—Head 6c; choice 5\psi\_0.00\$ Salt—Soxes \$1.40; do blist \$2.25; ice cream \$1.00; common 70c. Cheese—Full cream 12\psi\_0.00\$ Matches—65\psi\_0.00\$ \$1.30\psi\_0.00\$ \$1.30\p

Atlanta February 8—Clear rib sides, coxed 6½c; cc-cured bellies 8½c. Sugar-cured hams 10@12½c; Californa 8c. Breakfast bacon 10½, Lard—Best qua-ty 7½c; second quality 7½c; compound 62. 8; Louis, February 8—Pork, standard mess \$10.25, Lard, prime steam 6.50. Dry salt meats, shoulders 4.25; long clear 6.35; clear ribs 5.25; short clear 5.40. Bacon, boxed shoulders 5.00; long clear 6.00; clear ribs 6.00; short clear 6.12½. New York, February 8—Pork dull but steady; old mess \$11.25@12 00. Middles nominal; short clear

mess \$11.25.\(\pmu\)1.25.\(\pmu

Savannah, February 8 – Spirits turpentine closed firm at 28 for regulars, an advance of ica gallon, sales 318 casks; receipts 100 casks. Actual court of spirits shows stock to be 8,635 casks. The amount of spirits shows stock to be 8,635 casks. firm at 28 for regulars, an advance of 1c a gallon; sales 318 casks; receipts 100 casks. Actual count of spirits shows stock to be 8,635 casks. The amount not accounted for was credited to repacking on account of the stock of

Fruits and Confectionaries.

Fruits and Confectionaries.

Atlanta. February 8.—Apples.—\$3.500±4.00 % bbl. Lamons.—Messips \$3.000±5.00; Florida \$2.00@2.25 % box; Sicily \$2.00 @2.50. Oranges—Good stock quoted at \$2.00@2.50. Dox. Frost-touched 75c @1.00. Coccanuts 3@35c. Pineapples—Crates of 2 dox, \$2.00@2.50; 4 dozen \$4.00@4.50. Bananas—Straignis \$1.00@1.50; culls 75c@41.00. Figs 11% 11%c. Raisins—New California \$1.75 % boxes 65@75c. Currants 04@67c. Leghorn citron 20@ 25c. Nuts—Almonds 15@15c, currants 04@04c. Raisins—New California \$1.75 % boxes 65@75c. Currants 04@07c. Leghorn citron 20@ 25c. Nuts—Almonds 15@15c, pecans 84@04c; Brazil 74@88c; filberts 114c; wainus 10@11c; mixed nuts 10 @11c. Feanuts—Virginia electric light 5c; fancy handpicked 34@04c; North Carolina 34@04c; Georgia 3@24ga

#### Country Produce.

Atharts. February 8 – Eggs 18@20c Butter—Westerucreamery 224,@25: fancy Tennessee 15@18. choice 124; Georgia 10@124;c. Live pout try – Turkeys 8@104 \$\pi\$ b: hens 224,@25: spring chickens. large 16@185 medium 124,@15c: small \$\pi\$ (200) \$\pi\$ consistent \$\pi\$ (200) \$\pi bu Tennessee bu. 66@70c. Sweet potatoes buc \$\text{\$\text{bu}\$. Honey—strained \$\text{\$\texit{\$\text{\$\texitt{\$\exitit{\$\tex{\$\texi\\$}}}\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\texitt{\$\tex

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#### Saves You Money.

pounds Standard Granulated 10 pound can Best Lenf Lard . . . 90 1 pound Arbuckle's Coffee .. .. .23 10 cans Tip Top Milk .. .. .. .. \$1.00 8 cans Pure Jam .. .. .. .. .. .. \$1.00 6 cans California Standard 6 cans California Standard Peas \$1.00 6 cans California Apricots.. .. \$1.00 6 cans California Blackberries.\$1.00 1 bottle L. & P. Worcester

50 pounds Penchtree Patent Flour......\$1.00 quart jar Home-Made Pre-8 cans Best Maine Corn. . . . . . . . . . Broad st. Telephones 394 12 cans New York State Corn. . \$1.00 1 found French Prunes.. .. .. .10

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#### RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

From Hapeville 6 45 a From Savannah and Jacksonville 7 45 a From Hapeville 8 15 a	m and Jacksonville 7 30 am To Hapeville 8 30 am To Hapeville 12 15 pm
sFrom Savannah and Jacksonville 7 45 a From Hapeville 8 16 a From Hapeville 9 46 a From Macon and Albany 11 30 a	To Hapeville 6 50 am  \$To Savannah and Jacksonville 7 30 am To Hapeville 6 30 am To Hapeville 12 15 pm
and Jacksonville 7 45 a From Hapeville 8 15 a From Hapeville 9 45 a From Macon and Albany 11 30 m	m STo Savannah and Jacksonville 7 30 and To Hapeville 8 30 and To Hapeville 12 15 pm
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Thorn Honordlie 0 00 -	
From Hapeville 2 00 p	
From Hapeville 4 16 p	m STo Macon
	m and Albany 4 25 pm
From Hapevile 6 05 p	m To Hapeviile 445 pr
From Hapeville 7 20 p	m To Hapeville 610 pr
From Savannah	To Savannah
and Jacksonville 8 05 p	m and Jacksonville 6 55 pm
Following Trains Sur	
day only	day only:
From Hapeville. 10 40 at	m l'o Hapsville 9 00 am
From Hapeville 2 45p	to Hapeville 12 50 pm
WESTERN AND A'	TLANTIC RAILROAD.
From Nashville., 7 06 as	m STo Nashville 8 05 an
From Marietta 8 30 at	m &To Chattanooga. 2 00 ou
From Rome10 50 a 1	m To Rome 4 00 p r
From Chatt'n'ga 12 25pt	n To Marietta 6 30 pm
From Nashville 6 25 pr	misTo Nashville 8 20 p :
ATLANTA AN WES	ST POINT RAILROAD.
From Montg'm'y 6 40a:	n STo Montgomery 8 35 an
From Newnan 8 20 as	m To Manchester 8 35 an
From Manchester 10 30 at	m To Palmetto 11 55 an
From Selma11 40 at	m \$To Montgomery 1 30 pm
From Palmetto 2 20 pr	m To Manchester 3 15 pu
From Manchester, 5 30 p	m \$To Selma 4 20 pm
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GEORGIA	RAILROAD.
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From Covington 7 45	m \$To Augusta 3 05 pm
From Augusta 12 16 no	n To Covington 6 10 pm
From Angusta 6 00 p	n STo Augusta 10 45 pm

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY From Washigton 5 20 am FTo Richmoad..... 8 30 am From Cernella... 8 30 am FTo Washington... 12 00 m From Washington 3 55 pm | To Cornelia... 4 35 pm From Richmond. 9 30 pm FTo Washington... 9 00 pm SOUTHERN RAILWAY (WESTERN SYSTEM,

From Columbus...11 39 am To Columbus . . . . 7 39 am From Columbus... 8 05 pm To Celumbus . . . . . 4 25 pm MIDDLE GEORGIA ÁND ATLANTIC. (VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD TO COVINGTON.) From Milledgeville 12 15 pm To Milledgeville 1 45 an From Milledgeville, 6 00pm To Milledgeville 3 06 pm

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No. 38. No. 401. Central Time No. 403 Dally Daily. Daily and Sunday Lat y No. 41 8 15 pm 12 60 m Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 5 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 6 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 6 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 6 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 6 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 6 15 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 6 15 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 7 23 nm 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 7 23 nm 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 7 23 nm 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 7 23 nm 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 7 23 nm 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm am am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm 20 nm am Ly Atlanta c.ti Ar 4 68 pm 8 20 nm 2 1025 am 9 45pm Ar. Charlotte ... Lv 5 50 am 7 55 pm 7 4s pm 8 4s pm Ar. Wadesboro Lv 8 37 am 8 11 pm 8 30 am 10 20 pm Ar. Rockaghm Lv 8 30 am 7 11 pm 8 40 am 10 30 pm Ar.... Hamlet....Lv 7 54 am 7 30 pm 230 pm 7 51 a.a Ac Wilminet'n Lv 7 30 pm 346 pm 5 60 pm 7 36 am Ar. Nor olk ... Lv 9 00 pm 9 15 am 
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 2 40 am

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10-r., Linden avenue, 50x120.
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4-r., Linden avenue, 50x120.
1.750
12-r., Whitehall street, large lot. 7.500
0ne store, 30x100, Whitehall street. 20,000
5-r., and store, will exchange. 2,000
9-r., Washington street, 50x200, new and inodern.
5-r. and store, Chapel street, rents \$30
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1-r and store, East Hunter a street, rents \$25 a month.
2,000
9-r. Crew street, 50x200, close in and modern.
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ISAAC LIEBMAN. Real Estate, Renting and Loans Agent,

#### 28 Peachtree Street

\$3,100 buys new 5-rcom house, all conven-iences, lot 50x150 to alley, on Boulevard. iences, lot 50x150 to alley, on Boulevard. Terms\_reasonable. \$12.000 buys 14-room house, lot 100x100 to alley, on Church street: one-third cash, balance easy. balance easy. \$1,500 cash buys 6-room house, lot 62x100, on \$1,500 cash buys 6-room house, lot 62x100, on Yanga street; cost \$2,000 six months ago. \$1.500 cash buys 6-room house, lot 62x100, on Yonge street; cost \$2,000 six months ago. \$1,000 buys 4-room house, lot 50x120, on Balley street, near Fair street. \$2,500 buys new 6-room house, corner lot, 8s.1-3x200 to 20-foot alley, on Madison st., tronting Grant park; one-half cash, 1, 2 and 3 years. Reduced from \$3,000. \$900 buys 4-room house, lot 46x100, on Boaz street, near Edgewood avenue; rents \$10 per month.

Cheap piece of central property on Decatur street. \$500 buys 2-room house, lot 65x150, on Flat Shoals and Fair street. \$1,500, on easy terms, buys 4-room house, lot lies well, on Georgia avenue, near Capitol avenue
Cheap lots on Rankin and Edith streets and Angler avenue.

50x120, corner, on Forest avenue.

\$500 buys 20x200, corner, on Thurmond street. Cheap. \$3,000 buys 200,200, corner, on Intermond street. Cheap. \$2,250 buys corner lot, 100x230, on Elizabeth street, in Inman Park \$50 buys corner, 100x100, on McMillan st. Local money to loan on Atlanta real es-tate. No delay. ISAAC LIEBMAN, 28 Peachtree Street.

#### SAM'L W. GOODE. J. A. REYNOLDS, SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.'S

Real Estate Offers. Real Estate Offers.

71 acres seven miles from Atlanta union depot, twenty-five acres open, balance woodland; three very bold springs and other small ones; land rolling; fronts Howell's mill road and Pace's ferry road; three miles west of Buckhead; two and a half miles from Bolton on W. and A. railroad; \$3,600, on easy terms.

50 acres one mile north of depot at Boston, Thomas county, Georgia; 25 acres cultivated, balance pine timber; all lies well; 500 LecConte pear trees; fine place for melons, scuppernong grapes truck and general field crops; only \$1,257; easy payments, will exchange for Atlanta property.

West End, Lee street, new, 2-story, 8-room residence on lot 45x200 feet to alley, with a 4-room house fronting the alley and renting at \$6 per month, for \$4,500, or will exchange for a place of equal value or less near Oakland cemetery.

Brick residence, 7 rooms, 2 stories, paved street and walks, water, gas, bath, first-class neighborhood, one block from West Peachtree and car line; very handsomely finished residence, in fine condition; \$4,000; will exchange for unincumbered farm.

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#### ANSLEY BROS. Real Estate and Loans,

6,750 for the cheapest home on north side of city. In splendid neighborhood. \$6,750 for the cheapest home on north side of city. In splendid neighborhood.

\$4,300—Elegant home, 6 rooms and fine corner lot. Reduced from \$4,750.

Beautiful corner lot, 50x150, on one of choicest streets on north side, worth fully \$3,000, but compelled to be sold.

\$3,500—Beautiful Inman Park lot, 100 feet-\$4,000 has been refused for it.

\$13,000—Alabama street store, renting now for \$70 per month.

\$2,000—Beautiful Capitol avenue lot.

\$300 per acre for 5 acres at Decatur.

Money to loan at reasonable rates on good city property. Office 12 East Alabams street; 'phone 363.

#### T. H. NORTHEN. WALKER DUNSON. NORTHEN & DUNSON, Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable

We have \$8,000 to loan on Atlanta prop-THINK OF IT-\$3,500 buys 550 acres of THINK OF IT—\$3,500 buys 550 acres of fertile land one mile of Appling, county site of Columbia county, 25 miles of Augusta, Ga., 8 miles from railroad, with 18-room, 5-story frame residence, 2 barns, 4 doubs, 2 single frame tenement houses, hothous, dairies, ginhouse, 5-acre orchard, apples and peaches; also admirably adapted for fine stock farm, with 200 acres of bermuda grass bottoms, 4 springs, branch and cree improvements alone cost more than 13,50, and only \$3,500 buys land and all improvements. ments.
EXCHANGE—Two houses, new, renting
for \$420 per annum, for \$4,000, and will take
other property or farm in part payment.
NORTHEN & DUNSON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell streets and branch store at 201 Peters street, in addition to his large and varied stock is now receiving his usual supply of spring seeds, such as clover, orchard, blue and reand Peters streets.

The usual supply of fine wines, ales, been, porters, brandles, gins, rums and whiskies of the very best grade, for medicinal and beservage purposes are to be found at his Whitehall street store.

A perfect variety store at each place. All porders, accompanied with the cash, filled promptly and at reasonable prices, hand a good lot of arctic and rubber overshoes and rubber boots for the cold and had weather. Terms cash.

shoes and rubber boots for bad weather. Terms cash.



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S. W. BEACH, Secretary and Treasure.

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"WANT OUNMANLINESS: The WHAT and pressed in nutshell who answers: "DAl the eternal woman would be fought
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The thousands of
Constitution should
by this lucid insight

NEW Y She has evidently facts on what the pely to be "a most im that intimately cone Mark! MANLINESS with her-nothing f

PATTERN FAM

in Atlanta and vicini spact and see what have our magnificent trations and prices ou we want every artist. din this line in the names and addresses them one.

Windsor and Newton ora. Reynolds tubes or them. Ora. Reynolds tubes ora. Reynolds co. Moser & Co. tubes, E. T. Reynolds oranyas, pazeis, craykinds. Everything is Prices low, send in yo Call and see us. We asw at re on the Forfeb 5-6m. F. J. C.

Buy yo from R. bell, 36 l street. Pr livery. 'P

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THE C. J. KAMPER 300 and 392 Peachtres TO FIGHT AGAINST VICE.

It Takes Strong Nerves and Clear

Brain These Days.

The Rev. I. P. Quimby, of the Broadway Church,

REV. I. P. QUIMBY.

Well.

Boston, Says it is His Duty to Recommend

Paine's Celery Compound --- It Makes People

SOAP) IT FLOATS = her Sack

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home on north side

did neighborhood.
e, 6 rooms and fine corfrom \$4,750.
t, 56x150, on one of choloorth side, worth fully
led to be sold.
man Park lot, 100 feetfused for it.
reet store, renting now

at reasonable rates on
Office 12 East Alabams

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Loans, 409 Equitable iliding. to loan on Atlanta prop-

-\$3,500 buys 550 acres of

8,500 buys 550 acres of of Argusta, of Appling, country site of Augusta, allroad, with 18-room, 2-nce, 2 barns, 4 double, ement houses, hothouse, 5-acre orchard, apples admirably adapted for the 200 acres of bermudarings, branch and creek. e cost more than 13,500, s land and all improve-

wo houses, new, renting to 14,000, and will take farm in part payment. ORTHEN & DUNSON.

ISHED IN 1857.

RLYNCH

7 Mitchell streets, and at 201 Peters street, large and varied stock, is usual supply of spring ser, orchard, blue and red German millet, easternoes, onion sets; all kinds ad cantaloupe seeds, and all kind; gardening tools re; guns and pistols, carmition of all kinds, and goods, too numerous to keeps up the old style to find anything, be sure lace and you will be very lof the above varieties this stores on Whitehall s.

Y BROS.

BEST FOR SHIRTS.

### A Conundrum

The WHAT and WHY is glowingly expressed in nutshell fashion by Miss R., who answers: "DARE-DEVILITRY is what the eternal wofnan in us likes best. We would be fought for still—and MASwould be fought for still—and MAS-TERED."
The thousands of men readers of The Constitution should DIGEST and PROFIT by this lucid insight of the

She has evidently reached the bottom facts on what the paper declares (and truly) to be "a most important question"—one that intimately concern human happiness. Mark! MANLINESS is THE ESSENTIAL with her—nothing feminine or epicene. MANLINESS, as Webster defines it, "is having the qualities of a MAN!" and these qualities—VIRILITY. BRAVERY and mental and moral SOUNDNESS—are based on perfect health of BODY AND MIND.

BODY AND MIND. But the dissipations of youth's mature manhood exhaust the citadel of LIFE as surely as the inroads of AGE. Yet a man-so called-young, middle aged or old, impotent and helpless in body and mind, a barebones; in short, a PATTERN FAMILY SKELETON!

PATTERN FAMILY SKELETON!
can by a brief course of home treatment
be radically cured of
NERVOUS DEBILITY
and restored to HEALTH, STRENGTH
and a SECOND YOUTH, his shortcomings FORGOTTEN and his future happiness and well-being assured.
A course of scientific treatment by those
expert specialists, Dr. Hathaway & Co.,
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says: "Few people know how to be
young." Read our book of 64 pages and
learn how to be a perfect man or a perfect woman. Sent free by mentioning The
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names and addresses so that we can mail them one.
Windsor and Newton tubes and water colors. Reynolds tubes made by F. W. DeVoe & C. Reynolds Co., of New York; Chas. Moser & Co. tubes, English and American canvas, paatels, crayons, brushes of all kinds. Everything is new, no old stock. Prices low, send in your name immediately. Call and see us. We are in our own big aew stee on the Forsyth street bridge. feb \$4m. F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.

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# A SUDDEN ENDING.

Trial in the Federal Court Results in an Unexpected Acquittal.

THERE WAS AN ERROR IN THE BILL

And the Attorneys Discovered It, and the Murray County Men Went Free on a Technicality.

All of the Murray county men who were placed on trial in the United States district court Thursday morning charged with having brutally whipped Robert Hooker, of that county, on the night of April 14th, 1894, were given a verdict of not guilty yesterday.

They were Green Treadwell, Sam Brown, Frank Kligere, Marion Bishop, Alfred Whitener Sylvester Kligere, J. F. Grider and Robert Weaver.

Frank Kligore, Marion Bishop, Alfred Whitener Sylvester Kligore, J. F. Grider and Robert Weaver.

The sudden termination of the case was brought about in a most sensational manier and created a great deal of comment about the custom house.

The verdict of not guilty was ordered by Judge Newman, on motion of counsel for the defendants, and was made on a mere technical law point.

The technicality consisted of the discovery by the defense that a clerical error in the matter of dates had been made in drawing the bill of indictment on which the men were being tried.

The indictment alleged that the men on trial had formed a conspiracy against Robert Hooker, of Murray county, by reason of his having appeared before United States Commissioner H. C. Hamilton, at Daiton, on April 1, 1884, and there testifying against Sylvester Kilgore, charged with violating the United States revenue laws. Shortly after the court opened yesterday morning United States Instrict Attorney James offered the official records of the Daiton commissioner as evidence to prove that there had been such a case as cited in the bill of indictment, and that the piaintiff, Robert Hooker, had testified as stated.

The records of the commissioner showed that Sylvester Kilgore had been arraigned before the commissioner on the above charge but that it was on March 28, 1884, instead of April 1, 1884, as alleged in the bill of indictment, which bill was supposed to have been found on an occurrence of that date, must be identical with the date on which the occurrence actually did happen, which, as the records of the commissioner Hamilton were demanded by Mr. B. H. Hill, of counsel for the defense, it having been discovered that April 1, 1884, was Sunday, which showed that there had been an error either in the drawing of the bill of indictment, which bill was supposed to have been found on an occurrence of that date, must be identical with the date on which the occurrence actually did happen, which, as the records of the commissioner showed that there had bee

asked for a vertice.

The point was combatted at great length by both the attorneys for the defense and the government and a number of able arguments on the law point were made by

people and advise them to abide by the law.

"The foreman of the jury will sign a verdict of not guilty in this case," said Judge Newman in conclusion.

Mr. A. S. Taliy, foreman of the jury, then read the following verdict: "We the jury, find the defendants, Frank Kilgore, Green Treadwell, Sam Brown Marion Bishop, Alfred Whitener, Sylvester Kilgore, J. F. Grider and Robert Weaver, not guilty."

gore, J. F. Grider and Robert Weaver, not guilty."

It seems that the error which resulted in the discharge of the alleged whitecappers happened in the district attorney's office.

Colonel James was asked about it after court had adjourned and he said that the error was made by Mr. George Bell, chief clerk in his office, and an assistant district attorney.

"Mr. Bell, in drawing the indictment, made the date April 1st on the statement of Commissioner Hamilton," said the district attorney. "It was simply a clerical one, which, of course, we deeply regret. The original records which came to our office had been misplaced and Mr. Bell asked Mr. Hamilton what the date was and he replied April 1st. Mr. Bell has always been very efficient indrawing bills and never before have we lost a case under like circumstances.

B. H. & C. D. Hill and Maddox & Starr represented Treadwell, Brown and Kilgore. Glenn & Maddox appeared for Weaver and Sylvester Kilgore, and Colonel Thomas F. Greer and Oscar Parker represented the other defendants.

Strength.

The modern minister must keep up his enthusiasm, his hopefulness and his genuine love of his work. He must feel strongguments on the law point were made by them.

Mr. Hill opened the argument and was ly, think deeply and have confidence in his labor and in himself. But all this taxes heart and brain to followed by the assistant district attorney, finney Rucker, and C. D. Maddox and District Attorney James in the order named, Mr. Hill making another argument at the conclusion. outlay of nervous energy seven days in the week and 355 every year. Many clergy-men break down utterly under the nervous

Rev. I. P. Quimby, the well-known Boston preacher, has been saved from nervous prostration. In a publication of hts Sunday school he has recently published the following open letter:

Mr. Hill making another argument at the conclusion.

The attorneys for the defense took the ground that it was absolutely essential for the proper conduct of the case that their clients have notice of the date on which their alleged conspiracy was formed, claiming that they could not be held to answer for the result of an occurrence alleged to have taken place on April 1st, when it had been proven that no such occurrence did take place on that date.

"We hold that this variance in dates is fatal to the government's case," said Mr. Hill in conclusion, "and we ask for a verdict of not guilty at this point."

Mr. Rucker replied to the argument of Mr. Flill, taking the ground that it was not necessary for the bill of indictment to show the date on which the testimony was delivered, the mere fact that it had been delivered before a commissioner, and by its having been delivered, and that a conspiracy was formed against the witness, was sufficient to hold the defendants for trial for that conspiracy.

Mr. Rucker and Colonel James contested the point made by Mr. Hill and his asso-"Boston, November 20, 1894.—Never in my life have I commended any proprietary medicine, but I would be derelict in duty if I failed to let the public known what a great boon to humanity I believe Paine's celery compound to be. With a family of seven I have not paid a dollar for a doctor trial for that conspiracy.

Mr. Rucker and Colonel James contested the point made by Mr. Hill and his associates at considerable length and quoted a number of decisions and points of law to sustain their position, but the court decided against them.

Judge Newman said that the point had been considered and decided by him before and that according to the rules of law the point made by the attorneys for the defense would have to be sustained.

"The rule is that the allegation, in its essential parts," said the court, "must be proved, and the date on which the testimony in question was made seems to be essential. The offense here is a charge that a conspiracy was formed to injure Robert Hooker because he testified according to the indictment, in a case of the government against Sylvester Kilgore on April 1, 1894. The records of the commissioner before whom that case was tried show that the testimony of Hooker was delivered on March 29, 1894. The variance in the dates of the record and the indictment is too clear to justify me in admitting the evidence. It is necessary for the government to prove the time the testimony was given, and it must be proven as alleged. The direction of the case is apparent. It is my duty to reject the records as evidence and order a verdict of not guilty."

they intend.

elery compound, restored to our wonted nergy of mind and vigor of body. Our sons, who are young pharmacists, tell us they sell more of Paine's celery compound than any two proprietary medicines, not excepting the sarsaparillas. Yours for Paine's celery compound, "REV. I. P. QUIMBY."

"Pastor of Broadway Church, Boston, Mass."

reduced to the verge of nervous prostra-tion, and as often, by the use of Paine's

From a state of depression, exhaustion and lifelessness the nerves grow strong, active and perfectly nourished by means of Paine's celery compound, the great modern nerve and blood remedy that makes people well. And with the strengthening and regulating of the nerves the disorders that depend on the faulty nutrition of thes tissues disappear. Such are rheumatism, neuralgia, heart weakness, headaches, low spirits, lack of strength and that general poor health that is so impossible to define. Sound nerves, healthy blood and an all round, vigorous constitution of the body is the invariable effect of taking Paine's celery compound. This great modern rein ten years, and I owe it to the fact that I always keep Paine's celery compound on hand, and when any of us are 'out of sorts' administer it.

"Both wife and I, in our arduous church"

"Both wife and I of the our arduous church"

"Both wi

EDUCATIONAL

sound nerves to accomplish all the good

they intend.

It isn't merely the fact of preaching once a week that makes the life of the minister of today so wearing on nerves and brain.

Their every-day labor is a round of exact-

ing duties that tax heavily their nervous



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guilty."

Before ordering the jury to find the verdet the court took occasion to comment on the situation and he did so in language that was strong and unmistakable. He said that a miserable and cowardly assault had been made on Robert Hooker, whether by these defendants or not he did not know because he had testified against an alleged violator of the law.

"It is a miserable condition of things when a man can be taken from his home and beat and whipped." said Judge Newman, "because he sees fit to exercise his privilege and right as a citizen to testify against a violator of the law, and I want to say right here that these crimes will not go unpunished in the future. Witnesses will have the protection of this court, and it is not a pleasure of the court to have to let cases like this go off on a technicality. This whitecapping business is going to be broken up, and I hope that you gentiemen from Murray and other counties where it has been going on will let this determination be known among the people and advise them to abide by the "The foreman of the jury will sign a ver-LYCETT'S. 831/2 Whitehall Street. Lessons in China and Oil Painting. Art Materials for sale. White China for Decora-tion a specialty.

THE HOTEL MARLBOROUGH

NEW YORK CITY. Covers the entire block on Broadway,

with 400 rooms and 200 bathrooms. The leading Southern Hotel of the metropolis. First-class accommo-dations at fair prices on either the LOUIS L. TODD. Proprietor.



GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.-To the superior Court of Said County: The petition of Joseph Hirsch, M. L. Bickart and J. F. inson, shows:
That they desire for themselves and
associates to be incorporated under
name of the ATLANTA ATHLETIC

their associates to be incorporated under the name of the ATLANTA ATHLETIC CLUB.

2. The object of said corporation is to provide for the amusement of the public, to promote athletic and field sports of all kinds, such as riding, boxing, wrestling, baseball, football, polo, got and athletic games generally, by giving public and private exhibitions, and for such other purposes as may not be inconsistent with the laws of Georgia, with the object of pecuniary gain to its stockholders.

3. The amount of capital to be employed will be fifteen hundred (\$1,500) dollars, divided into shares of twenty-five (\$25) dollars each, 10 per cent of which has been fully puld in.

4. They desire the privilege of increasing their capital stock to five thousand (\$5,000) dollars.

5. Said corporation desires the power to hold property by deed, lease or gift, to make deeds and mortgages, to issue bonds and secure the same by mortgage, to issue its notes and other obligations, and to mortgage or hypothecate any of the property to secure such obligations.

6. The principal office of said corporation shall be in the city of Atlanta, in said state and order be passed by the court incorporating.

shall be in the city of Atlanta, in said state and county.

7. Wherefore, petitioners pray that an order be passed by the court incorporating them under the name of the ATLANTA ATHLETIC CLUB: that they, their associates and successors be incorporated for the period of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of that time, with the right to sue and be sued to have and use a seal, to make by-laws binding on their members to purchase, hold and have such property, both real and personal, as may be necessary for the purposes of the organization and with all the rights, powers and privileges herein set out, or that may be lawfully exercised by such corporations under the laws of Georgia.

GLENN, SLATON & PHILLIPS, Filed in office this 25th day of January.

Filed in office this 25th day of January.

1895.

Georgia, Fulton County.—I. G. H. Tanner, clerk of the superior court of said county, certify that the foregoing is a correct copy of the application for charter for the Atlanta Athletic Club, filed in this office.

Witness my official signature and the seal of this court, this, 25th day of January, 1835.

G. H. TANNER, Clerk.

#### COAL.

Prompt Delivery. All grades, cheap as cheapest. R. O. Campbell, 36 N. Broad st. Telephones 394 and 1025.

NOTICE.

All creditors of Mrs. Kate E. Stephens, late deceased, of Fulton county, are hereby notified to render in an account of their demands to the undersigned.

MARY E. FITZGERALD,

SARAH J. FITZGERALD,

Brecutrix\*s. fant2.14.98-feb3-9-16-23

#### YOU KNOW

We show reliable, fresh and stylish Clothing each season.

#### WE BELIEVE

It's wiser to close out stock at the end of a season at cost, or even be-low, than to carry it from season to season. If we must lose

The First Loss Is the Best Upon entering our store, and after

seeing the large piles of SUITS, OVERCOATS and ODD PANTS,

You Will See and Believe That We Need Room

For our spring stock (and it's going to be a dandy), which will soon be here. We know of but one way to get that room-viz: To turn out

**Every Garment in the House** For What It Will Bring.

Come in; short pocketbooks go

#### EISEMAN & WEIL The Popular Outfitters.

3 WHITEHALL ST.

Sheriff's Sales for March, 1805.

Sheriff's Sales for March, 1875.

WILL BE SOLD before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in March, next, 1895, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, towit:

All last tract of parcel of land situate, lying and being in the county of Fulton and stute of Georgia in land for No. II7 in the idea district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, described as follows: Commencing on the north side of Sells average. We shad, at a point 225 feet east of the northeast coarser of Abbott street and Sells average. We shad, at a point 225 feet east of the northeast coarser of Abbott street and Sells average. We shad, at a point 225 feet east of the northeast coarser of Abbott street and Sells average. We wantly of the county and sells average of the coarser of Abbott street and Sells average of the coarse agoing lot, 200 feet, thence east so feet, inence west asong Sells average before to esgamming point. Levieu upon a the property of M. C. Vandiver to satisfy a h. fa. issued from the city court of Affanta, Ga., in favor of George Hope, administrator of Ellen B. Drake, deceased, vs. the said M. C. Vandiver.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to wit. An that fract of parcel of isaid lying and being at the city of Atlanta, Futton county, Georgia, and being part of isaid lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Futton county, Georgia, and fronting on said from street sixty (co) feet, and fronting on said from street sixty (co) feet, and fronting of reet on the west safe of Foundry street, and fronting of reet on the west safe of Future fronting of reet on the west safe of Future for street, and extending west same wind as front along the sound sade of Future are street, and extending west same wind as front along the sound sade of Future for street, and feet, part of man sade of Future for street, and feet, part of man sade of Future for street, and extending west same wind as front along the sound sade of Future for

part, or parts of this project, to see expension states are the division of divisions to be announced at the time of sale.

Also, at the same time and place, the following property, 10-wit, described as follows: Four (4) vecant tots situated on west side of bora street between Greensferry and Larkin streets, fronting one hudred and sixty-seven (167) feet on Dora street and extending back one hundred (169) feet, being lots 21, 22, 23 and 24 of the Reynolds subdivision. Levied upon as the property of Leah F. Bidgood to satisfy two (2) it. fas. issued from the J. P. court 1026th district, G. M. In favor of Exchange bank vs. the said Leah F. Bidgood. Levy made by J. W. Harper, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlants, part of land lot 84, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing on the northwest corper of Haynes and Markham streets, running thence north on west side of Haynes street forty-five (45) feet and running west on north side of Markham street innet v. 60 feet. Levied on

on west side of Haynes street forty-five (a) feet and running west on north side of Markham street ninety (90) feet. Levied on as the property of William Randall to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the J. P. court 1028th district, G. M., in favor of C. L. Brooks vs. the said William Randall. Levy made by F. I. McDonald, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, described as follows: Fronting on the east side of Windsor street seventy-six (78) feet and running back east one hundred and thirty-six (136) feet same width as front, known as street number 210. Levied upon as the property of Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Melton to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the J. P. court 1028th district, G. M., in favor of W. C. Henderson vs. the said Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Melton. Levy made by J. W. Harper, L. C. Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: Seven (7) acres of land with improvements thereon situated in land lot 148, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, about three (3) miles from the city of Atlanta, on the Green and Howell road, and Mr. Fishback, said place known as the Blacker, place and 8 more particularly described in the copy of deed from C. B. Blacker to Lillian A. Blacker. Levied upon as the property of C. B. Blacker to satisfy a fl. fa. issued from the Fulton superior court in favor of Mary W. Blacker, et al., vs. the said C. B. Blacker. Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: One oak pedroom eet, consisting of one bedstend and one dresser, one oak sideboard, one oak hatrack, one sofa, two chairs, one zoiden chair, two willow rockers, two plush chairs. Levied upon as the property of W. J. McCaslan to satisfy a mortuage fl. fa. issued from the Fulton superior court in favor of M. Rich & Bros. and by them transferred to F. J. Stilson vs. the said W. J. McCaslan to satisfy a mortuage fl. fa. issued f feet and running west on north side of Markham street ninety (90) feet. Levied or as the property of William Randall to sat

In re Richard Johnson, administrator cum testamento, annexo of Joshua B. Clark. Petition for construction of will, distribution of estate, direction, etc. In Jones superior court.

To the relatives of Joshua B. Clark, formerly of Charles City county, Virginia, and of his wife, Lucretta Clark, formerly Ellis, both deceased and residents at the time of their death in the county of Jones, state of Georgia, and of Fielding Ellis, Thomas N. Ellis, Austin Ellis, John Ellis, Mrs. Louise Stubbs, Mrs Morris and Mrs. Mary Furdue:

Take notice that Richard Johnson, administrator, has instituted in the superior court of Jones county. Georgia, a proceeding for the construction of the will of said Joshua B. Clark, and for the distribution of the estate therein conveyed, and you are hereby notified and conveyed, and you are hereby notified and required to show cause at the next term of Jones superior court why said will should not be constructed and said estate administered, and also to make yourselves parties to said petition and set up your claims, if any, to said estate.

Witness my hand and seal officially this Ith day of October.

17th day of October.

W. W. BARRON.

Clerk of Jones Superior Court, Clinton Ga.
STEED & WIMBERLY, Attorneys, Macon,
Ga.
janio-feblo



#### WARM AND WOOLLY

That's the pleasantest kind of sensation these chilly days. It is a question of \$2 between you and a cold. substantial Scotch Wool Underwear. For \$3 you can have very good Merino. Other grades, of course-some higher, some lower. If you have more dollars to spend you can have your choice of the very best markets the world affords. Money spent in Underwear is health-Health is money saved-better than money.

#### GLOVES.

A variety of very desirable and stylish Gloves that are meeting with strong recognition.

The best make-Most exclusive

style-Most perfect fit-and the lowest prices-That's our Clothes precisely-We have no fear of pleasing the most

#### GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO.

Clothiers, Hatters, Furnishers, A 38 Whitehall St.

DEGIVER THE GRAND.

TONIGHT

"MONBARS,"

The Parisians.

Bonaparte at School, THE NEW MAGDALEN

Wednesday evening, February 13th,

LECTURE BY ROBERT G.

INGERSOLL.

'Shakespeare.'

ONE NIGHT ONLY. Thursday, February 14th,

MISS ELLEN BEACH

The highest ranged soprano recorded by history.

-Assisted by-MR. MAXIMILIAN DICK, Violin Virtuoso.

MISS GEORGIELLA LAY, Prices, 50c to \$1.50. Seats at Grand box office, feb 9-6t.

D'GIVES OPERA HOUSE.

ONE SOLID WEEK Beginning Monday, February 11th.

THE DAINTY COMEDIENNE Carrie Lamont

Monday and Tuesday nights. THE BUCKEYE. Change of bill every two days.

Popular prices—15c., 25c., 35c. and 50c. Seats at Miller's book store.

Ladies admitted free Monday night when accompanied by a paid 50c ticket, fri-td.

In Two Grand Concerts. THE

ARIEL LADIES SEXTETTE THE PANOUS SMITH SISTERS

At Y. M. C. A. Music Hall

cents; members of Young Men's Christian

Art Goods.



Cups and Saucers

and decorations, 25c to \$3.00.

Dinner Sets

Grand variety, sold on the

Tea Sets

Immense outspread of dalaty effects and prices lower than

Dobbs, Wey & Co., 61 Peachtree St.

RECEIVER'S SALE. By order of the Hon. J. H. Lampkin. judge of the superior court of Fulton county, in the case of Riley-Grant Co. et al., vs. Colwell Manufacturing Co., the undersigned will received sealed bids for the the Colwell Manufacturing Company, consisting of stoves, ranges, tinware, material for furnaces, and all such articles as are be made fer said stock in parcels or lots. Said bids to be in writing, sealed and delivered to the undersigned not later than 9:30 o'clock a. m., on Saturday, the 9th day of February, 1895. A complete inventory of the assets may be seen, or an examination of the goods had, by applying to the rebert & Hughes, attorneys, Inman building

ROBERT L. SAWYER. Receiver,
feb 1-10t

81 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

All bids to be made subject to approval or

rejection by the court. Terms cash.

Art At Hard-Time Prices. For one month I offer all my pictures at half price. On sale or on order. JAMES P. FIELD. 88 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., Southern

# MARDI GRAS

NEW ORLEANS.

On account of the Mardi Gras fee lants and West Point railroad and sell round trip tickets on February 15 days from date of sale, at the low rate of ONE FARE.

For sleeping car reservations and JNO. A. GEE, G. W. ALLEN, Gen. Pass. Agent. Trav. Pass. Ag't.

Atlanta, Ga.

Remember this is the only line runfling extra through sleepers to New Orleans from Atlanta.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE AT teb B-tr. THIS OFFICE. - 20c- HUNDRED

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RGICAL INSTITUTE

Secretary and Treasures.

PLUMBING COMPANY

TENDENCY OF THE TIME.

One All-Important Branch of Medicine Arangely Neglected Until Independent Discoveries Made Great Strides-Millions Have Been 1 - 4 - 1 3 4 4 1

"My physician goes hand in hand with

This remark was made by the late J. G. Holland, himself a doctor, and it was true. The work done by the medical profession of America is vast and valuable. So vast indeed that few physicians are able to cover the entire field of practice, but select special departments in which to become proficient. It is perhaps strange that so few doctors have made a specialty of studying or treating the most important organs of the body, which are the kidneys, but such nevertheless is a fact. It is probably because those organs are so wonderfully delicate and uncertain, have so few recognizable symptoms when they are deranged, and in fact, assume the symptoms that are also the cause of most other toms that are also the cause of most other diseases. It was left to independent discovery to produce a remedy especially adapted for the kidneys, liver and other organs, and so efficient has this discovery been during the past twenty years that it is unhesitatingly acknowledged by the medical profession and scientists generally, as a sovereign remedy for these troubles. It is needless to say that it is Warner's Safe Cure.
While millions of people have been rescued from sickness and are kept in health by the use of this great remedy, compara-

cued from sickness and are kept in health by the use of this great remedy, comparatively few realize how great is its purity and power. It soothes all inflammation, fevers, irregularity or similar troubles of these and adjacent organs and leads the sufferer back to health and away from misery. If you, therefore, are a sufferer from any of these troubles, while you may have your regular physician, it is not necessary that you should call upon him, for you have a means of restoring your health within easy reach. Every intelligent man or woman who stops to reflect realizes this, and in time of trouble should act upon it.



Large assortment; new designs. J. P Stevens & Bro., Jewelers, 47 Whitehall st.

## spots on the sun

ess" in poor whisky-take a

"old charter rye," "four aces rye" are all right-on sale at all first-class

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big whisky house

# ACME Pure Old Rye Whisky

It is the product of one of the best distilleries of the world, and its purity is abso-

Leading physicians recommend it for its efficacious medicinal qualities. It should be upon every home side-board and in every family medicine chest.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO

7-13 DECATUR ST.





KELLAM & MOORE, SCIENTIFIC

## MUST WORK TO KEEP UP MEETINGS NEXT WEEK

Speculation as to the Coming Conventions of Railroad Men.

WILL THE ASSOCIATION SURVIVER

The Representatives of All the Lines Ar Keeping Extremely Quiet-What Is Said About the Situation.

Just now there is considerable specula tion as to what will be done at the three meetings that are to be held next week to decide the fate of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. These meet ings, which will begin on next Tuesday, may or may not be final ones.

So far there has been no intimation on the part of any of the railroads as to what they intend doing. The officials of the as-sociation claim to be absolutely in the dark so for as any knowledge of what these three meetings may result in, is concerned. They

say that in no way have any of the officials of the roads in the association given them any idea of what to expect.

When the time for these meetings was set it was expected that the members of the association would be fully prepared to say exactly what they would do when the time arrived. There seems now to be con-siderable doubt even on this point. That ail of the roads are keeping their own

council is a plainly apparent fact.

This means one of two things, but which one is what the employes of the association would like to know. The silence of the roads may be an indication that they are satisfied, and are taking no particular in-terest in the approaching meetings. On the other hand, it may be entirely different, for they may have had some agreement as to what they think best to be done, and are keeping quiet until the day of meet-

"There is a bare possibility," said a rail-road official last night, "that some of the roads have agreed. Such a thing has been known, as two or three railroals agreeing and, in this instance, they may have done so. If this is the case they will not say anything until they get ready to speak out in the meeting. One thing is certain, there is little, if anything, known about what will be done outside of the offices of the men who are in the combination." At the last meeting of the association,

which was held here, it was hought that everything would be known before the day for the meeting, and that the work would be plain sailing when the officials come

together.
There are some who doubt that there will be enough members of the associa-tion here when the meeting is called to transact business and that there will be nother delay. This seems to be about the most serious thing that some of the officials of the association expect. There is no con-cealing the fact that many of the clerks in the employ of the association are exceedingly anxious as what the future will bring

The Norfolk and Western. The placing of the Norfolk and Western road in the hands of a receiver was a surprise in railroad circles here. This read was considered one of the very strongest in the country. Its coal business on the freight line was unusually heavy, and its earnings from this department alone were very large.
Its failure is considered here to have been

caused by the building of several branch lines. About three years ago it began the building of a considerable number of miles of branch lines. The money invested in this effort to increase mileage was considerable, and is thought to have resulted in the serious crippling of the road.

San Francisco's able chemist, Dr. W. T. Wenzell, declares Dr. Price's Baking Powder absolutely pure.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA. October Term. 1804-Number of Case

Remaining Undisposed Of. 

Northern. ... ið Ocmulgee. ... 10 Western. ... 8 Chattahoochee. 20 Northeastern. ... 13 Pataula. ... 5 Blue Ridge. ... 7 Southwestern. ... 12 

Now Is the Time.

The benefit to be derived from a good medicine in early spring is undoubted, but many people neglect taking any until the approach of warmer weather, when they wilt like a tender flower in a hot sun. Something must be done to purify the blood, overcome that tired feeling and give necessary strength. Vacation is earnestly longed for, but many weeks, perhaps months, must elapse before rest can be indulged in. To impart strength, and to give a feeling of health and vigor throughout the system, there is nothing equal to 'Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seems perfectly adapted to overcome that prostration caused by change of season, climate or life, and while it tones and sustains the system it purifies and renovates the blood. Now Is the Time.

IT IS INTERESTING

And Educative in Its Character-Don't Fail to See It.

Fail to See It.

No one can understand or even appreciate the kinetoscope, Edison's latest and most valuable invention, unless they see in it the pictures which are as lifelike as the place from which they were taken. There is no more wonderful invention of this century than the kinetoscope. Scenes are reproduced with lifelike and exact likeness. The handsome parlors in the Norcross building are warm and comfortable and open day and night.

Ladles and children generally invited. Ladies and children specially invited.

"Now, let good digestion wait on appe-tite and health on both," is a favorite toast after taking Angostura Bitters. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, M'frs.

Ellen Beach Yaw. Ellen Beach Yaw.

Concerning this talented artiste, who appears at the Grand on Thursday, February 14th, The Cincinnati Enquirer says:

"Nearly three thousand becopie were gathered in Music hall yesterday afternoon to enjoy the third concert of "Pops" season. The soloist, Mies Ellen Beach Yaw, the ligh soprano, who made her initial bow before a Cincinnati audience, bounded at once into popular favor. She reached E and F above the staff with ease, and in the highest range possible to sligers was not hampered above the staff with ease, and in the highest range possible to singers was not hampered in the execution of staccato passages and other elaborate embellishments. Her numbers were Proch's air and variations and the 'Swiss Echo Song.' The latter was applauded into a decapo and the former given an encore, 'Sunshine,' by Grieg. Miss Yaw sings wi'nout affection and her vocalism is of the penuine, natural kind, without a touch of artificiality. \* • Miss Ellen Beach Yav was re-engaged for next Sun-day's concert when Music hall is likely to be crowded to its utmost capacity." feb 9—7t, sat, mon, wed, fri.

Dry Goods Stock for Sale.

Nice stock of seasonable merchandise consisting of dry goods and notions of about \$1^000. Will be sold at a low price in bulk. A. W. VESS, Assignee for W. P. Vonderau & Co., sat sun Athens, Ga. If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth,

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Southing Syrup for children teething. It southes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

#### "HELP!"

A WOMAN'S DESPAIRING CRY. It is Heard. A Prominent Actress Escapes Great Danger.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY BEADERS.] How startling is a woman's cry for

help!
"What can I do? Where shall knows not. This colar from every cry goes out today from every city, town, and hamlet in this country. It comes from women who are suffering tortures of body and mind from some form of female complaint. Many, through natu-

ral modesty, do not consult physicians, for many dread their examinations. They know not where to seek for help.

This alarming condition of things is simply wrong. The peculiar ailments of women are curable, and in most cases very speedily. Lydia E. Pinkham's genius and liberality have given to every woman a sure and consistent means of relief.

No woman should

suffer when she can obtain free advice.

She can state her case fully to Mrs. Pinkham, woman to wo-man, without reserve, and the answer will come from one of her own sex. Be one of the vast army of women who write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and preserve your health. "Only a woman can understand a woman's ills." A prominent actress, in a letter to

Mrs. Pinkham, says:—

"... You cannot imagine the fearful condition I was in when I first wrote to you. I was simply of no use to myself or any one else. 1 had worked hard, and my nervous system was shat-



ishing. . . . I'm all right now, and am gaining flesh daily. I follow your advice faithfully in everything. Thank you ten and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com



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NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD BONDS.

NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD BONDS.

STATE OF GEORGIA, Executive Department, Atlanta, Ga., January 5, 1385.—
To the holders of the bonds of the Northeastern Railroad Company endorsed by the state of Georgia in accordance with the provisions of an act approved October 27, 1870:

The governor of Georgia is authorized and directed by an act of the general assembly approved December 18, 1894, to make to the above named bondholders the following proposition, to-wit: "Said bondholders shall deposit their bonds with the treasurer of this state on or before the 1st day of March, 1895, for the purpose of exchanging said bonds for new bonds of the state, or receiving the principal and interest thereon in cash, as they may prefer; that so soon as three-fourths of said bonds have been so deposited the treasurer be authorized to exchange at par new bonds of the state of Georgia bearing 3½ per state of Georgia bearing 3½ per state of Georgia bearing 3½ per state of the state of the principal of said Northeastern bonds so endorsed by the state and to pay in cash the accrued interest due on said bonds at the time such exchange is made.

"Provided, however, that in case it should appear at the same time when such exchange is offered that the treasurer can negotiate and sell the bonds of the state of Georgia herein before referred to a same greater than the par value thread same from the proceeds arising from said bonds of the state of Georgia and from the proceeds arising from such exchange the same at par, but shall sell the said bonds of the state of Georgia and from the proceeds arising from such exchange or to pay such Northeastern bonds endorsed by the endorsement of the state of Georgia on same. The treasurer of the state shall continue to exchange or to pay such Northeastern bonds endorsed by the endorsement of the state of Georgia on same. The treasurer of the state was a terminate of the said northeastern bond endorsed by the such sale pay the principal and interest was a servin required, until the entire amount of the issue

jan-18-30t Notice to Railroad Contractors. Fifty miles of heavy work, including grading bridging and masonry on the line of Texarkanna and Fort mith railroad will be let by the undersigned on and after February 12th, at Texarkana, Ark.

MONROE, STRANG, LEE & CO., feb5-7t

15 Wall Street, New York,

Several extra choice lots. That they are stuff-right and style-right goes without saying-some of the richest, and without exception,

the newest things we have of the kinds. No matter what else the makers thought, they

hadn't a dream that one of these Coats would ever sell for anything like as little as

# \$15, \$20 and \$25.

Those were our original retail prices.

You may take choice today at one-third less-Suits and Underwear on the same basis.



# LITHIA WATER AND BATHS

CURE

Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Insomnia and Gout. SWEETWATER PARK HOTEL, Lithia Springs, Ga.

H. T. BLAKE, Proprietor, - Late of Pass Christian, Miss., Massage, Electric, Vapor, Needle, Shower, Steam and Mineral baths: modern, 200-room hotel, dry climate, altitude 1,200 feet. Rates, \$14 to \$25 per week, 10 per cent discount by the month. Rooms with private bath, tollet, hot and cold running water, steam heat. Glass enclosed porches and sun pariors. Six trains daily to Atlanta, forty-five-minute ride; also telephone communication. Office opposite Aragon hotel. Open February 1st. Stop on your way home from Fiorida and get the malaria out of your system.

#### A PERFECT LAND SLIDE,

It Was the Late Election. This Is S mail Compared to the Big 30-Day Cut Sale Lieberman & Kaufma nn Are Making on Trunks and Vallses. Why Just Think of It.

and thirteen tray carry	
	\$5.50; go now for \$3.50
Our XX Zinc Saratoga Trunks that were	\$8.00; go now for \$5.00
Cur Steel Flat Top Trunks that were	\$8.50; go now for \$5.00
Our X Steel Flat Top Trunks that were	\$10.00; go now for \$6.50
Our Leather Bound Flat Top Trunks that were	\$15.00; go now for \$9.00
our Bridal Trunks that were	\$25.00; go now for \$15.00
Ladies' Leather Club Bags that were	\$ 1.75 to go at \$1.00
Ladies' X Leather Club Bags that were	\$2.50 to go at \$ 1.50
Gents' Leather Valise sold before at	3 3.00 to go at \$ 1.98
Gents' X Leather Valise sold before at	3 4.50 to go at \$ 3.00
Gents X Leather value sold before at	the state of the s
This cut sale is on for thirty days only. Now is	your time to secure pargains.

#### ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY.

LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN, 92 Whi tehall. WILLIAM C.HALE, President. D. H LIVERMORE, Vice-Prest. J. C. DAYTON, Cashing

#### STATE SAVINGS BANK, Torner Peachtree and Mari etta Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

CAPITATA \$100,000. Accounts of individuals, firms, corporations, and banks received on favorable terms.

Correspondence solicited. sep30-dtf

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. H. M. ATKINSON, Vice President.

JOSEPH A. McCORD, Cashier. T. C. ERWIN, Asst. Cashier.

#### THE ATLANTA TRUST AND BANKING GO Corner Alabama and Broad Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

Accounts of firms, corporations and individuals solicited on terms constent with legitimate banking.

DIRE CTORS. J. CARROL PAYNE, EUGEN E C. SPALDING, H. M. A TKINSON.

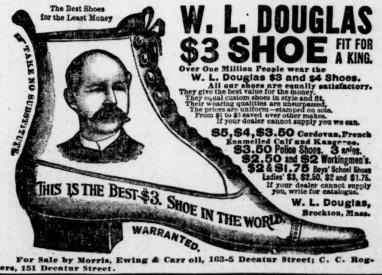


Wrought Iron Pipe care Constitution.
YOUNG MAN with good business experience wants position as bookkeeper or dry FITTINGS BRASSGOODS

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Of every description for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Oil Mills, Saw and Planing Mills, Railroads, Quarries. Machine Shops, etc. Send for list of new and second-hand Machinery.

ATLANTA GA





Notice---Sale of Bonds.

Until 12 o'clock m. of March 4, 1895, sealed Until 12 o'clock m. of March 4, 1895, sealed bids will be received for bonds of the town of Abbeville, Ga. Abbeville has 1,500 inhabitants, taxable property \$175,000; \$9,000 of the bonds will be used in erecting academy and \$1,000 for artesian well. Ten bonds will be sold of the denomination of \$1,000, falling due thirty years from date, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. Form of bond to be dictated by purchaser. Address clerk town council, Abbeville, Ga. feb 7-to mar I

# COAL SCIPLE SONS

\$1.50 \$5.00 PERTON

NO. 8 LOYD ST. 'PHONE 203.

A. H. BENNING, SELLS ONLY THE

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Phone 356.

FOR THE CURE OF LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE, COCAINE, TOBACCO and CIGARETTE HABITS. on address Keely Institute.

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Edgewood Avenue and Tvy Street, ATLANTA, GA.

BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS, Journals, Cash Books, Binding

ELECTROTYPING. The Franklin Printing and Publishing Company, ATLANTA, GA. GEO. W. HARRISON, Manager, (State Printer.)

Consult them before placing your orders. The

HELP WANTED-Male.

WANTED—A first-class typewriter repairer one who can repair all makes of machines; prefer man of good address and able to assist in canvassing when necessary and go on road when required; answer with full particulars, stating amount of salary expected; nothing but expert loyal work put up with. Lock Box No. 321, city.

32l, city.

WANTED—Six first-class salesmen on high class work; subscription edition Webster's International Dictionary; sold on payments of \$2 per month; commission paid in full on delivery; must bring or send references. Southwestern Publishing House, No. 208 North College street, Nashville, Tenn. Street, Nashville, Tenn. Sat, Sun, WANTED—Men who will work for \$75 a month salary or large commission, selling staple goods by sample to dealers; experience unnecessary; write us; we will explain. Household Specialty Co. (44), Cincinnati, O.

chnat, O. oct 27-101-sat.

SALESMEN OR AGENTS make money easy selling suits to order, \$13.50; pants, \$3; shirts, \$1; mackintoshes, \$5. Hunter Talloring Company, Chneimati, O. decl-4m-sun tues thur sat

WANTED-SALESMEN-Ability, not experience required. Live men paid big money selling our #4 pants made to measure. Full particulars on request. Address the makers of more pants to measure than any tailoring establishment in America. Faultless Custom Pants Co., Chicago, Ill. feb 3-8t-sun tu thur sat feb 3-St-sun tu thur sat

SALESMEN—We send samples, allow liberal salary and expenses or commission to
proper applicants. Staple seller; three
stores out of five will order. Address with
stamp Lock Box 429, New York City.

WANTED—Oil salesmen or traveling men to carry our samples as a side line on com-mission. The A. R. Timmins Oil Company, Cleveland, O. feb 6—7t

NEW FACES—All about changing the features and renovating blemishes in 150-page book for a stamp. John H. Woodbury, 127 W. 42d street, New York. Inventor of woodbury's Facial Soap. \*\*Reparty WANTED - Reliable salesman, already traveling, to carry our lubricants as a side line. Manufacturers Oil Company, Cleveland, O. sept25- m

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male. DESIRES TO HANDLE Corn Whisky, direct from distillers preferred; now travel-ing for first class rye whiskies and wines with established trade. Address, stating terms, "Corn," care Constitution. terms, "Corn," care constitution.

TO HANDLE CIGARS and Tobacco-Prefer to deal direct with well established manufacturers; now traveling for first class whisky house with established trade. Address, stating terms, "Tobacco," care Constitution.

PERSONAL. MRS. E. C CLAFLIN has moved from 9 North Forsyth street to rooms 717 and 718 the Grand. feb 8-fri su. the Grand. feb 8-fri su.

NOTICE—If you want to save money give J. B. Bowen your plumbing work to do.

As I carry my tools and vise in the wagon to do general repair work to save time. No running back to the shop. 45 East Hunter street. Phone 521.

feb 7-4t

OPIUM SMOKING and morphine habits cured at home for \$10. "No cure, no pay." Correspondence confidential. Acme Opium Cure Company, P. A. Stewart, Ph. G., secretary and manager, 207 Norcross building, Atlanta, Ga. ASH paid for old gold and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., jeweiers, 57 Whitenall.

FOR RENT OR LEASE—A blacksmith shop on Alabama street. Apply to W. A. Hemphill, business office Constitution. jan 30-10t.

WANTED—To buy out or start a bakery in Atlanta. Address, with full particu-lars, Business, Constitution office.

WANTED—Two boarders for large pleasant nicely furnished room, excellent table, Moderate rates, north side, private family. Address Reasonable, this paper. BOARDERS WANTED—Several young men can get excellent board very reasonable at 60 West Harris street. feb5-7t

AGENTS WANTED, or salesmen desiring side line to take orders by sample; staple seller, easily carried. We pay expenses and salary or commission and furnish samples on application, Address Lock Box 125, New York city.

July 5-312t July 5-312t

AGENTS WANTED—To handle aluminum
novelities; sell at sight; \$25 per week easily
made; send 10c for sample; circulars free,
Novelty Introduction Company, 209 State
street, Chicago, Ill. wed-sat WANTED—A few first-class building and loan agents, large territory and good commissions. Address J. H. Rhodes, manager of agencies Rome Mutual Loan Association, 325 Broad street, Rome, Ga. feb 7-15t AGENTS IN EVERY state on salary and commission. Agents making \$25 to \$50 weekly. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

LOST—Sleeve button, large, square polished Abalona shell; gold setting; engraved E. H. L.; reward if returned to Lee H. Holmes 3½ Whitehall street.

STRAYED—From Stone Mountain farm, one fawn colored Jersey cow in milk; one yearling Jersey helfer; a liberal reward for return of same, Venable Bros.

LOST—1½ carat diamond stud. Finder will be liberally rewarded 4t 6 N. Broad street.

HELP WANTED-Female.

WANTED-Ladies to do writing at home; good wages; inclose stamp for particu-lars. Cream City Tollet Co., Milwaukee LADIES-To do fancy work at home; #6 to \$10; steady work; no canvassing; sent stamp. Delray Needlework Co., Delray Mich. Feb2 7t

6, 7 AND 8 PER CENT CITY LOANS. Georgia farms 8 per cent. W. C. Davis, attorney. Room 43 Gate City bank build-ing. ON DIAMONDS, ETC.—Responsible, Ilb-eral, confidential. N. Kaiser & Co., Il Decatur St., Kimball house. jan17-8m

LOANS UPON REAL ESTATE in or near Atlanta promptly negotiated by S. Bar-nett, Equitable building. oct 14-5m. WE LEND our own money on real estate in this city. Atlanta Savings Bank, Gould building. decl-tf

building. decl-tr decl-tr with the control of the c WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, are prepared to place loans on business property at 5 per cent; on resi-dence property at 7 per cent. novi if

7, 7½ AND 8 PER CENT loans made on improved Atlanta real estate, two to five years, interest payable semi-annually; no commissions charged borrower; no delay. Apply in person to the Scottish-American Mortgage Co., office with W. T. Crenshaw, No. 13 East Alabams street, jan 19—1m. FOR FARM loans within 50 miles of Atlanta come to the Georgia Farm Loan Co, rooms 10 and 12, 373, Whitehall street, nov 2-5m.

nov 2-5m.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handing liers loans. 28 South Broad street, jan 12-15 MONEY TO LOAN-\$1,000 to \$50,000, Atlanta real estate security; one to five years time. D. H. Livermore, State Savings bank. jan-6-im LOANS on Atlanta real estate promptly negotiated; no delay. M. & J. Hirsch, is North Pryor street. LOANS FOR ANY amount made quickly at 6 per cent, repayable monthly; to charges whatever until loan is made. Interstate Building and Loan Co., &T Equitable building.

WANTED-Miscellaneous.

WANTED-To buy stock in Equitable Loan and Security Co. Stock, Drawer D. WANTED—About 25 feet of office ralling. Apply at 24 Marietta. Capital City Loan Co.

WANTED-Second-hand steam pump, et M. Brewer, Heflin, Ala. BUILDING AND LOAN stock wanted; epecially delinquent stock; also purchasmoney and other good notes. R. H.
Jones, 45 Marietta street. frisal.
LARGE LOT first-class Elberta and other
peachtrees at 4c by the hundred
and over. W. W. Thompson, Smithville,
Ga.

CASH PAID for old gold. A. L. Delkin Co. 69 Whitehall street. jan-23-6n FOR SALE-Miscellaneous. FOR SALE—A complete steam candy plant all ready for manufacturing fancy, stick candy and penny goods, cheap. Call quick on J. W. Phillips, No. 4 S. Broad street feb-6-3t

FOR SALE CHEAP—One second-hand thorse power gas engine. Address Charles J. Brede, Spartanburg, S. C. feb 7-3 FOR SALE-Horses, Carriages, Etc. FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.

SPEED, SPEED—I have the following road
horses for sale: 2 pacers, can
road a mile from 2:14½ to 23,
6 trotters, can road a mile from 2:18 to 23,
1 pair mares, can beat 2:25 to the pole;
work single or double. One combination
horse, has all the Kentucky gaits. They
are well broken and pleasant drivers for
lady or gentleman. Address G. W. Foster, Berkshire, Elm street, Cincinnat, O.
fri. 50.

FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Etc. FOR RENT-Furnished house on north side; 8 rooms, hot and cold water, two servants' rooms, stable and garden. Address P. W. H., care of this paper. feb 8-31.

FOR RENT-Furnished Rooms.
NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS at 11 Construct, one block from postoffice; hot and cold bath; everything new.

WANTED-Board. WANTED BOARD—For couple in cul-tured private home; must be in suburbs; state price location and number in the

## FOR RENT

By John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 48 North Broad.

h., 61 Forest avenue..... h., 274 Courtland ....... h., 115 Courtland avenue..

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\$15

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COLORED DRESS GOODS.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

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